

Trust
ERNEST BOREL
THE
RELIABLE
SWISS WATCHES
SINCE 1859
Sold At
Basic Prices

CHINA MAIL

ESTABLISHED FOR MORE THAN 100 YEARS

No. 34541.

HONG KONG, TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 1950.

Price: 20 Cents.

"SKANDEX"
FIRE-PROOF
CARD-INDEX STEEL CABINET
Swedish made
High Quality — Low Price
Ask for a Demonstration At—
Hong Kong Typewriter Exchange
9, D'Aguilar St. Tel. 21433

TSINAN REPORT UNTRUE

The report in our issue of yesterday that C.N. Co's ss. Tsinan, now bound for Inchon from Hong Kong is carrying CNAC and C.A.T.C. aeroplane engines and parts is entirely untrue and we regret its publication.

The vessel's manifest, certified by the Marine Department, showed her cargo to consist solely of ordinary commercial goods, chiefly paper, chemicals and medicines.

Lawyer held after riots in Saigon

Paris, March 20. Saigon police have arrested a Vietnamese lawyer, accused of inciting yesterday's Saigon riots in which four people were killed and 41 injured, an Agence France Presse report said today.

The arrest was made under an order issued by the Vietnamese Prime Minister, Nguyen Phan Long, last night. About 4,000 Vietnamese students favouring the Vietminh Nationalist insurgent organization set fire to street stalls and motor cars during the riots, which were staged to protest against American aid for Vietnam.

U.S. warships leave

Two United States destroyers left today on schedule, after being the target of the anti-American riot, adds Associated Press.

Newspapers refused to publish today in protest against an official order to print only official statements on the riot. The French-supported Vietnamese authorities applied for a suspension of the newspapers for two weeks.

Students, in the meantime, have decided on a general strike, following the death of one of their comrades during Sunday's riots. Reuter and Associated Press.

WARNING STRIKE IN BELGIUM

Brussels, March 20. Dockers and white-collar workers at Antwerp docks struck today for 24 hours as a warning to provisionally elected King Leopold not to return to the Belgian throne.

Armed police stood guard over men who reported for work. This is the first time the "Stop Leopold" unofficial strikes have affected to any extent the Flemish provinces, where 72 per cent of the population voted last week to bring Leopold home.—Reuter.

REDS BAN RADIO TRANSMITTERS

San Francisco, March 20. The Communist news agency said today the Chinese Communist Government had banned all foreign radio transmitters from operating in China. All equipment must be surrendered within seven days.

It was believed here the order was directed mainly against American consulates which, however, are being closed by the State Department.—United Press.

The Weather

At 0600 GMT (2 p.m. HKST) the anticyclone continues to dominate China and the adjacent seas. Pressure being highest over the lower Yangtze. The complex depression is moving into the Pacific to the NE of Japan. Moderate, occasionally fresh E winds, cloudy with drizzle patches early, partial clearance during the day.

Yesterday's Weather:
Maximum: 65.0 deg. Fah.
Minimum: 51.5 deg. Fah.
Rainfall: 0.8 inch.
Sunshine: 11.4 hours.
Average of 1949: max. 63.0, min. 49.0, rain 1.2, sun 11.4.

Readings at:
10 a.m. 6 p.m.
10 a.m. 10.5 deg. max.
10 p.m. 56.0 deg. min.
10 a.m. 56.0 deg. max.
10 p.m. 56.0 deg. min.

Wind Direction: E
Wind Force: 1-2
If heavy: 3-4

COMMUNISTS DELAY S'HAII EVACUATION

Officials refuse to allow LST's to enter port

GORDON DELAYS SAILING

Shanghai Communist officials have refused to allow American LST craft to enter Shanghai for the evacuation of more than 1,600 foreign nationals from that city, the "China Mail" learned last night.

This has caused the fourth consecutive postponement of the American President Lines' ss. General Gordon, which is now tentatively due to leave for Shanghai at 8 p.m. today.

Hong Kong was full of rumours yesterday, which stated that the Shanghai officials had refused to grant exit visas to hundreds of foreign nationals, but the rumours could not be confirmed in Hong Kong.

The General Gordon, which had intended to anchor in international waters off the mouth of the Yangtze river, is now in Hong Kong's Harbour awaiting further Shanghai developments.

It is understood that the American President Lines will not allow the General Gordon to leave for the Yangtze until they receive definite verification that the Communist officials will allow the LST craft, which the American Government is sending from Japan, to carry out their evacuation jobs.

Most of the 163 passengers who have booked Shanghai passages on the General Gordon, are living on the liner.

The three American LST craft left Japan for the Yangtze early yesterday morning. The evacuation plan called for the LST's to take the 163 Shanghai passengers from the General's Yangtze anchorage, and to ferry the 1,600 evacuees down the Yangtze to the General.

No reason given

No reason was given last night for the Communist officials' refusal to allow the American craft to enter Shanghai.

The diplomatic negotiations for the evacuation are being handled by the American Embassy in Manila, the local American Consulate said yesterday.

An official of the Consulate confirmed that he had heard reports of "an unusual delay in the General's trip," but he added that the American Consulate still had hopes that an agreement could be reached with the Shanghai authorities.

He added: "We are keeping our fingers crossed."

More than 400 Americans and 100 Britons were reported to have booked passage on the General Gordon.

"Disappearance" of U.S. atom scientists

London, March 20. The "Daily Graphic" said today that "two top-level United States-born atomic scientists disappeared suddenly from Britain." The paper said "they are believed to have gone to the United States and the Federal Bureau of Investigation has been asked to find them."

The "Graphic" said Scotland Yard's Special Branch was working hard to find out the reason for their disappearance and want to know more about their relationship with Dr. Klaus Fuchs, German-born atomic spy for Russia.

The Conservative newspaper said the two scientists were "in the highest category of atomic research and have been in Britain for some months and had access to much of the secret work carried out at Harwell, Britain's atomic research station."

The paper said: "A long code message about them went from Britain to the United States security headquarters in Washington on Monday. It contained a statement of all their activities since they came to Britain. A highly placed informant said arrests on both sides of the Atlantic might be expected within two or three days."

The "Graphic" said one of the missing scientists was "believed

In addition, some 400 International Refugee Organisation charges were due to leave on the ship.

An official of the Organisation said yesterday that the last information they had was that all arrangements for the evacuation of their charges had been completed.

He could neither confirm nor deny a report that the Communist officials had made it "virtually impossible" for several hundred stateless persons to get valid exit visas.

The "China Mail" could not confirm this report in Hong Kong. It is expected that immediate diplomatic reaction will be forthcoming if the Shanghai officials persist in their refusal to allow the evacuation to take place.

Sing Hing has narrow escape

The British blockade runner Sing Hing's narrow escape from Nationalist raiders at Swatow, according to some of the personnel who returned to Hong Kong yesterday.

The Communist port was raided in the afternoon of March 18 with a death toll of about five and more than 10 casualties. Several small river craft in the harbour were heavily strafed and damaged. A number of dwellings along the waterfront were also hit.

The Sing Hing arrived at Swatow at about 10 p.m. Personnel of the British steamer said that they noticed a lone plane flying in the direction of Swatow at about 2 p.m. that day. They learned of the attack on their arrival at Swatow.

There was no outbreak of fire, they added.

The British steamer was not molested on route.

Soviet troops in Nanking?

Taipei, March 20. Four thousand Soviet troops arrived at Nanking on February 20 and after two days' rest there, were dispersed to rail towns between Nanking and Shanghai, the China News Service alleged today.

It quoted an arrival on Chusan Island for the story, which of course there is no way of confirming here.

The suggestion was that these troops had come as anti-aircraft crews.

Other arrivals on Chusan were quoted as saying that from May 1949 to the end of the year, 854,000 tons of food were shipped from China to Siberia via Manchuria.

The same source alleged that 300,000 tons of food were shipped in the first two months of the current year.

Koreans clash with police in Tokyo

Tokyo, March 20. More than 200 Koreans and 119 Tokyo police were injured in a clash at dawn today in Tokyo's "Coney Island" suburb of Asakusa.

Two thousand police reserves were alerted by mid-day as police quarters had received warnings that Koreans from Tokyo suburbs and surrounding districts were flocking to support the 1,000 Koreans defeated in the two-hour struggle to prevent their eviction from a two-story building.

Though the American military police took no part in driving back the Koreans, nearly 30 American police and security officers mingled with the Japanese police around the building where the clash took place.

Another dozen occupation officials stood by at the Kurama police station when it was feared that the gathering Koreans might try storming tactics to liberate their 130 arrested compatriots.

A Japanese private clinic near the scene of the riot had treated more than 200 Korean men, women and children for wounds inflicted by police batons by 2 p.m.

More than a dozen rioters were seriously injured by trampling during the attempt to retake the building from the police. By 3 p.m. the police had thrown up barbed wire blockades on four streets leading to the building.

NO DELAY IN NEGOTIATIONS

London, March 20. The Foreign Office spokesman denied today reports that the Chinese Communist Government was delaying negotiations with the British on the exchange of diplomats.

He said the British Charge d'Affaires in Peking, Mr. J. C. Hutchinson, had called on the Chinese Foreign Office officials on March 17 for the second time since Britain announced recognition of the Communist Government.

Monarchs meet in S. France



King Gustav of Sweden is pictured with King Leopold of the Belgians in King Gustav's hotel in Nice, South France. The 91-year-old Swedish ruler is taking a spring holiday in the French resort.—AP photo

Nationalists foil another landing attempt on Hainan

Taipei, March 20. The Nationalists have foiled still another small-scale Communist attempt to land on Hainan, despatches from the 13,500-square-mile island off South China claimed.

Ten troop-laden motorised junks tried to make the North West coast of Hainan on Friday night but were intercepted by Nationalist warships, the reports said.

After an hour-long exchange of gunfire, in which one of the invading junks was sunk, the other nine turned tail and fled, making their escape in the darkness, the despatches added.

Like previous attempts of this nature, the latest was probably intended to land supplies for

U.S. B-29's taking off for Britain

Washington, March 20.

The first batch of about 75 American B-29's take off for Britain today under the \$1,000,000,000 arms aid programme to strengthen Western Europe's defences.

Four of the reconditioned bombers, manned by American crews, leave nearby Andrews Field this afternoon bound for a British air base.

The seven-year-old planes, once the heaviest the American Air Force could send aloft, now are classed as "medium bombers."

The giant B-36 is alone in the heavy bomber class now.

But the B-29's 2,000-mile combat range and 10-ton bomb load are expected to add considerably to the power of the Royal Air Force, the British, in line with Allied defence plans, have concentrated on building speedy jet fighters, leaving bomber production to the United States.

The Secretary of Defence, Mr. Louis Johnson, and the British Ambassador, Sir Oliver Franks, were to be on hand at the airport for the ceremony formally turning the planes over to the British.

First handed over.

The four-engine planes, now powered by modernised motors, are the first American arms to be handed over to the British under the arms programme approved by Congress last October. They will also be the first to reach their European destination.

Forty-eight American helicopter fighters and helicopter bombers were loaded aboard the French aircraft carrier "Dismuke" at Norfolk, Virginia, on March 8. These were the first American weapons actually given to an Atlantic Pact nation, but they are not expected at Bizerte, French naval base in North Africa, for some time.

Additional cargoes of American military equipment are now piling up at East coast ports for shipment to other Western European nations aboard regular commercial vessels.—Associated Press

Sungmen raid

The Nationalist commando raid on Sungmen, on the Chekiang coast, was not the first raid on the mainland, nor will it be the last, adds Reuter.

A few similar raids were staged previously without publicity. According to military observers here, the raids are for the following purposes:

1. An international and domestic publicity stunt;

2. To reinforce guerilla forces near the coast; and

3. To boost morale in Taiwan and on the Red-held mainland for an eventual come-back.

The Nationalists with their present strength are unlikely to attempt any large-scale operation on the mainland for sometime to come, but it is thought that by staging off and on raids at different places the Communist position would be weakened and more defections would take place.

Constant raids of this nature would also hamper Communist preparations for a landing on Taiwan.

Inauguration of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Committee is believed to have been primarily "to prepare for an eventual invasion of the mainland.—Associated Press and Reuter.

On Other Pages

Page 2: HK Country Club planned.
Page 3: Merchants oppose taxation.
Page 4: Barclay's Bridge.
Page 5: Yugoslavia hit by Cominform blockade.
Page 6: Wartime plan to divide Yugoslavia.
Page 7: Wallons threaten secession.
Page 8: Riots in Saigon.
Page 9: HKLCO annual meeting.
Page 10: Finance and Commerce.
Page 11: Air shipping movements.
Page 12: Sports.

Strachey's statement on Hong Kong

London, March 20. The War Minister, Mr. John Strachey, told Parliament today that Britain did not want to retain large forces permanently in Hong Kong—but the Far East situation made it impossible to forecast when any troops could be withdrawn.

Making his first speech as War Minister, Mr. Strachey said that the gravest problem in the Far East remained the campaign in Malaya against organised terrorism, economic sabotage and murder.

Mr. Strachey said he would give the closest attention to the well-being of the troops engaged in the Malayan campaign.—Reuter.

Jessup answers McCarthy

Washington, March 20. Dr. Philip C. Jessup, President Truman's roving Ambassador, declared today that Senator Joseph McCarthy showed a "shocking disregard for the interests of his country," in accusing him of Communist sympathies.

In a sweeping denial of any such sympathies, Dr. Jessup told the investigating Committee that it was a matter of the utmost gravity when an American envoy is "held up before the eyes of the world as a liar and traitor."

He said that during his absence, his integrity had been attacked by only two sources—McCarthy and the Moscow newspaper "Izvestia."

"Anyone who believes in the concept of guilt by association might draw some startling conclusions from this fact."

"However, I don't believe that this concept is correct, as more than I believe that anyone who, without adequate proof, levels a charge of conscious or ignorant support of Communism at the expense of other public officials."

Commerce Department officials today used a letter of commendation from the Chinese Nationalist air force to dispose of Congressmen's questions about the loyalty of Mr. Michael S. Lee, chief of its International Trade Fair East branch, adds United Press.

The letter signed by Colonel V. S. Hsiang thanked Mr. Lee for what he had done to get export licences for high-octane petrol needed by the Nationalists.

House Appropriations subcommittee members asked about press reports demanding a check on Mr. Lee's loyalty. Commerce officials replied that Mr. Lee was complimented by General Douglas MacArthur, and called attention to Colonel Hsiang's telling Mr. Lee: "I want you particularly to know how deeply we value your assistance in the past and how heavily we will rely upon you in the days to come."—Associated Press and United Press.

Dodge

Smooths out any Road!

DODGE MOTORS LTD.

100, QUEEN'S AVENUE, HONG KONG

SALES, SERVICE, REPAIRS

A CENTURY of QUALITY and SERVICE
1850-1950

IN TIME FOR EASTER



HOT X BUNS
and
SIMNEL CAKES

Place Your Orders EARLY !!

LANE, CRAWFORD LIMITED.

THE COLONY'S BAKERS

ROXY BROADWAY

OPENS THURSDAY

More fun than you've had in a month of Sundays!

Chicken Every Sunday

20c

DAN DAILEY • CELESTE HOLM COLLEEN TOWNSEND ALAN YOUNG

Directed by GEORGE SEATON • Produced by WILLIAM PERLBERG.

BOOKINGS NOW OPEN!

TOMORROW AT THE LIBERTY

THE GREATEST STORY EVER TOLD!

"MONSIEUR VINCENT"

THE LIFE OF ST. VINCENT DE PAUL

- AWARDED THE GRAND PRIX INTERNATIONAL, 1947.
- THE BEST FILM OF FRANCE, 1947.
- WINNER OF ACADEMY AWARD FOR BEST FOREIGN FILM, 1948.

Starting **PIERRE FRESNAY**

AWARDED THE GRAND PRIX INTERNATIONAL FOR BEST ACTOR AS

"MONSIEUR VINCENT"
WITH ENGLISH SUBTITLES

Personalia

Messrs. K. Myers, H. G. McDavid, and W. Crump were among the arrivals from Manila by CPA on Sunday.

Week-end departures from the Peninsula Hotel included Mrs. U. H. Barrington, C. Hutt, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Myers, Mr. and Mrs. S. Martin, Captain and Mrs. D. E. Tecters, Miss King Fong-wah, Mr. and Mrs. G. Peterson, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Dawe, Mr. and Mrs. T. Waller, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. White, Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Costello, Messrs. R. C. M. Comfort, F. A. Alfonso, M. S. Beeler, A. Parry, K. H. Richard, S. Crawford, E. S. Bush, N. F. Webb, P. Potok, R. C. Vine, and Lieutenant Colonel J. H. G. Cooper.

Among the new week-end arrivals at the Peninsula Hotel were Captain and Mrs. M. Cut-burth, Mr. and Mrs. Wu Park-chao, Messrs. A. E. Sulzer, G. Graham, W. Dunn, A. Lipman, F. Cathie, E. Pascual, and F. Topolski.

Mr. W. J. Keswick, Managing Director of Jardine, Matheson and Company Limited, arrived from London by British Overseas Airways yesterday.

Lady Gascoigne, wife of Sir Alvery Gascoigne, Head of British Liaison Mission in Japan, arrived from Bangkok by British Overseas Airways yesterday. Lady Gascoigne who is on her way to Tokyo is leaving for Japan this morning by BOAC.

Dr. Raymond Mayer, Chief of China Division, Economic Co-operative Administration and member of the U.S. economic mission headed by Mr. Robert Allen Griffin left for Taipei by Civil Air Transport yesterday.

Dr. P. H. Teng, Port Health Officer, is leaving the Colony by the mv. Glenearn today for the United Kingdom to study the Port Health system operating in the various ports.

Ex-soldiers get prison for arms possession

Two refugee soldiers of the Nationalist Army who brought along arms and ammunition with them when they fled here from China pleaded guilty to their possession, on arraignment yesterday at the Criminal Sessions.

In both cases, the Acting Chief Justice, Mr. E. H. Williams, said he was satisfied the guns were not intended for committing robbery, and imposed a term of two and a half years on the prisoners.

Mr. A. Langdale, Crown Counsel, prosecuted. The arms and ammunition were ordered confiscated.

MANILA YACHT IN DISTRESS

Taipei, March 20. The Chinese naval authorities and the United States attaches were waiting today for a report from the Chinese Navy LSM which dashed from Keelung to answer a distress call from a craft identifying itself as Miranda from Manila which was in danger 45 miles East North East of Keelung.

It was believed the Miranda was the former 100-foot PT converted into a yacht owned by the late Charles Murray, slain in Manila.

Confirmation and identification as well as details of what happened to the ship were awaited. The return of the LSM was expected momentarily.

The position of the Miranda was given as 25° 14' N. 122° 30' E.—United Press.

Old cannon found



A large cannon believed to be more than 60 years old was unearthed at an abandoned fort near the junction of Halton, Conduit and Kowloon Roads recently. The cannon was discovered by workmen while levelling a site for the new University building. A relic of the Victorian Era, the 20½ foot long cannon weighs several tons. On the barrel of the cannon a crest with the letters "VR" were stamped. Photo shows the cannon after being unearthed.—("China Mail" Photo).

Easter fashion parade in aid of HKSPC

Hong Kong's first large-scale Easter fashion parade will be held on March 31 at 1 p.m. at the Skyroom Ballroom, it was officially announced yesterday.

The show will be held in aid of the Hong Kong Society for the Protection of Children.

Described as a lavish affair, it will include exhibits by Ying Tai, Bond Street, Vogue, Madame Kereb, Josephine C. Gantner and Koreb, all of which are well-known local houses of fashion.

Each of these houses will display particular creations. Ying Tai will concentrate on Chinese house-coats, while Bond Street will feature lines. Vogue will show some afternoon cocktail frocks. Madame Kereb street furs, Josephine C evening gowns and Koreb bathing suits and playthings.

Many leaders of local society have volunteered to model these creations. They include Mrs. Claude Burgess, Mrs. Martin Hansen, Mrs. Fote-Hunt, Mrs. Erik Huttmeier, Mrs. M. S. von Oven, Mrs. James Reynolds, Madame Robert, Mrs. Dhun Rut-tong, Misses Shauwa and Heather Anderson, Miss Patricia Foster-Jill, Miss Bridget Holt, Miss Rita Langston, Miss Judy Rowell, Miss Luba Skwartzow, Miss Norma Stevens, Misses Jane and Susan Strellett.

Lunch with music
The fashion parade will take place during lunch, which will be served from one o'clock. Music for the occasion will be provided by the Skyroom orchestra, by permission of Mr. Al Richardson, general manager of the Luna Park.

Tickets are priced at \$10 each, which includes lunch. As only 500 tickets are being sold, the Committee advises early booking. This may be done at the counter of the Hong Kong Hotel.

According to Mrs. T. J. Gould, chairman of the parade committee, the function is being held to raise money for the Society for the Protection of Children, which needs about \$5,000 a month in order to carry on.

Mrs. Gould said yesterday that this parade's success will determine whether or not future luncheon-fashion shows will be held. From preliminary response, she believes that the show will be well attended.

A feature of the affair will consist of original creations de-

signed by Ying Tai, Bond Street and Madame Lebon especially for the parade. Other houses are showing off the latest importations.

Following are members of the Committee in addition to Mrs. Gould: Mrs. Y. K. Mok, Mrs. A. K. Harrold, Mrs. George Kwok, Mr. P. Leach, Mrs. M. C. O'Connor, Mrs. Von Oven, Mrs. P. H. Pearson, Mrs. R. Pronk and Mrs. M. M. Watson.

This parade is one of many functions planned by the Women's Auxiliary of the HKSPC to raise money for its work among destitute children in the Colony.

A dance has been tentatively planned for April 28.

Italian Reds hold protest strikes

Rome, March 20.

A series of Communist-led unofficial strikes broke out in Italy today as a protest against restrictions on political meetings imposed by M. Mario Scelba, Christian—Democrat Minister of the Interior.

Workers downed tools and left their factories in Milan, Turin, Bologna, Florence, Genoa and Terni.

In protest meetings they denounced Scelba's "curtailment of the workers' right to liberty of action." His decision to re-enforce a law prohibiting factory meetings without the consent of the proprietors and prior warning to the police was taken at a Cabinet meeting last Saturday.

He has also authorised local prefects to ban political demonstrations for two to three months in areas where clashes have been reported.

This decision followed the rapidly increasing series of Communist-neo-Fascist street battles throughout the country. Italy's police force, decreased after the general elections in April, 1948, are to be brought to their original strength of 70,000.—Reuter.

International Country Club for Hong Kong planned

A Working Committee has been formed to organise a Hong Kong Country Club. The Committee includes Mr. Leo d'Almada e Castro, KC, Mr. J. R. Jones, Mr. J. H. Waring, Mr. D. Ruttonjee, and T. N. Chau and Mr. R. C. Lee.

The object is to provide a resort where residents of all nationalities and races may meet on a basis of common social interest without national or racial discrimination.

It is proposed to raise funds for the major part of the initial cost by the issue of debentures and from entrance fees. The balance is to be raised by a loan for repayment out of revenue.

The maximum number of debentures which it is proposed to issue is 250 of \$5,000 each, producing \$1,250,000.

The entrance fee, both for men (married or single) and women members, has provisionally been set at \$300. A further 1,000 members (additional to the debenture holders) will then provide \$300,000 leaving \$150,000 to be raised by loan secured on the Club premises.

Subscription

The monthly subscription has been provisionally set at \$30 both for men (married or single) and women members. This will entitle members to make use of the standard facilities of the Club-house. It is proposed to make an additional monthly or seasonal charge for those members who avail themselves of the principal recreational facilities with a view to making them self-supporting.

The child of a member on attaining the age of 21 would no longer enjoy the privileges of membership unless he or she becomes a member in his or her own right.

The debentures will be non-interest bearing.

The debentures are being offered in the first place to companies and large organisations who may be expected to subscribe to several debentures. Since some companies may wish to refer to head offices abroad, this offer will be kept open for six weeks, after which the lists will be opened to individual subscribers.

Government support

Government has shown its strong and active support of the proposal to form a Club of this character by offering a piece of land, measuring about seven and a half acres, on the West side of Deep Water Bay at an annual rental of \$7,200. The lease is without premium and is for a period of 21 years with the option of renewal for a further period of 21 years.

The facilities envisaged at the inception of the Club, and on which estimates have been based, include lounge and dance floor, with verandah and terrace, dining room, bar, card room, reading room and library, mah jong room, ladies' sitting room, swimming pool, twelve hard tennis courts and the usual offices.

The buildings will be designed to accommodate a normal maximum of 1,200 members, but it would permit of a larger number than this on special occasions without uncomfortable overcrowding.

The estimated cost of erection of buildings, etc. to provide the whole of the Club-house and outside recreational facilities described above, together with the cost of furnishing, and including preparation of land, is \$7,700,000.

It is proposed that the Club shall be an Association limited by guarantee.

All members will have voting rights, but debenture holders will have special privileges as described hereunder until such time as the Debentures shall be redeemed.

It is the view of the Working Committee that a minimum of \$1,000,000 must be promised by prospective debenture-holders before plans for the establishment of the Club can safely be proceeded with. When, therefore, a minimum of 200 applications have been received, a meeting of prospective debenture-holders will be called for the purpose of electing a new General Committee, which will function for the first year and will proceed with the legal formation of the Club, and will take the necessary steps for the formal leasing of the site and for proceeding with building plans.

Further information may be obtained from the following:—Tel. No. 20055 Mr. H. J. Collar, C. B. E., Imperial Chemical Ind. (China) Ltd.

31040 Mr. T. N. Chau, Chau and Lee, Chung Tin Bldg.

25745 Mr. H. A. de Silva, Colonial Trading Co., Stock Exchange Bldg.

30221 Mr. D. C. Davis, Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corp.

20333 Hon. Leo d'Almada e Castro, K. C., Prince's Building.

22506 Mr. S. de Champaur, Bank of China, 17 Indo-China, Queen's Rd. C.

20280 Mr. H. Johansen, William and Co. Ltd., Hong Kong Bank Bldg.

30221 Mr. J. H. Jones, Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corp.

20081 Mr. H. C. Lee, C. B. E., Leo Yuen Estate Co., Ltd., Alexandra Bldg.

21651 and 21652 Mr. J. H. Lee, 3 Beach Road, Repulse Bay.

24123 Mr. Leung Yew, Wang Kee

New squatters' village



The Kowloon City Fire Rehabilitation Contribution Committee is now building a new squatters' village behind a hill near Kowloon City. The new village is expected to be completed by April 15. Yesterday Mr. J. C. McDouall, Social Welfare Officer, laid the foundation stone for the new squatters' village. The foundation stone for the new squatters' village.—("China Mail" photo).

Milne's appeal against conviction dismissed

Andrew Milne, 23-year-old RASC driver, who was given four years and nine months on January 13 for raping the wife of an earth cooler, brought an appeal before the Full Court of Appeal yesterday.

The appeal against conviction was, however, dismissed when the prisoner announced that his lawyer, Mr. A. J. Clifford, was out of the Colony and that, not being one, he did not know how to conduct his case.

The Full Court was composed of the Senior Puisne Judge, Mr. Justice Gould, and the Acting Puisne Judge, Mr. Justice Scholes.

Milne, who was sentenced at the Criminal Sessions by Mr. E. H. Williams, now Acting Chief Justice, had lodged the appeal on grounds that Mr. Williams misdirected the jury and that the verdict was against the weight of evidence.

At the prisoner's trial, he had been defended by Mr. A. J. Clifford on the instructions of the Hong Kong Bar Council. The latter, however, has gone to England.

On being informed of this by Milne Mr. Gould said he understood the Army was not employing any counsel, and asked if the prisoner had any reason to say that the trial was unfair.

Milne replied that he did not know as he was not a lawyer.

Nothing wrong

Mr. Gould then stated that the Full Court had read the record of the trial and the summing-up, and had found nothing wrong. As Milne himself could see nothing and having no counsel acting for him, Mr. Gould added, the Court could not grant the appeal against conviction.

Asked as to what he had to say regarding the sentence, Milne asked the Court to take into account the fact that he had been at the Victoria Remand Prison all this time.

Giving the decision, Mr. Gould declared that the Court had understood there would be a counsel acting on Milne's behalf. It would take this into consideration, and order that the sentence of four years and nine months hard labour imposed on January 13 commence on the day of sentence.

Mr. A. Hooton, Crown Counsel, was for the Crown. Major Miles of the Army Legal Department was present as an observer.

FIRING EXERCISES

The Defence (Firing Arms) Ordinance is to be amended to provide an increase in the number of days on which firing exercises may take place on the Port Shelter Range.

At present the days are five a week excluding Wednesdays and Sundays, or less whenever a general holiday falls on a day other than a Wednesday.

The amendment which will have its first reading at the Legislative Council meeting tomorrow proposes to increase the number of days to the extent of the number of general holidays which do not fall on either a Wednesday or a Sunday.

The Air Armament Practice Ordinance is also to be amended to the same effect.

and Co., 34/37, Connaught Rd. C.

30025 Mr. M. W. Lo, Lo and Lo, Alexandra Bldg.

24722 Mr. D. Ruttonjee, Shell House, Queen's Rd. C.

30811 Mr. W. A. Stanton, Jardine, Matheson and Co. Ltd.

30201 Mr. J. H. Waring, Royal Intercolonial Lines, 189/191, Conn. Rd. W.

30020 Mr. G. L. Wilson, Palmer and Turner, 110/112, Hong Kong Bank Bldg.

Death from rabies

The first death from rabies this year occurred in the week ended March 11, according to the weekly Health Return yesterday.

There were also 54 deaths from tuberculosis, three from enteric fever and two from diphtheria.

Total deaths from all causes was 315 as against 1,090 births.

Japanese deny reports on deal with Russia

Tokyo, March 20. Japanese Foreign Office circles today unofficially denied overseas press reports that the Foreign Office is negotiating a secret deal with Russia regarding the return of the Kurile Islands to Japan in exchange for trade with Communist China.

An official of the Prime Minister's staff said that Mr. Shigeru Yoshida would not honor the reports with an official statement. The official said: "Firstly, it is unbelievable that the Soviets would make such a proposal and, secondly, Japan is not in a position to do anything about it even if they did."

Officials of the Russian Mission in Tokyo declared that they had never heard of such a thing.

General Douglas MacArthur's diplomatic chief, Mr. William Sebald, expressed surprise at the report, asking: "I certainly have never heard anything about it."

—Reuter.



DARK FRAMES ARE DRAMATIC

Available in all colors to suit every taste. Gold ornamentation at eye rims and sides distinctively set off against the flattering colors.

Chinese Optical Co.
67 Queen's Rd. C. Tel. 22106

Play HARD GRATTON'S EMBROGATION

Will fix the sprains, bruises, stiff joints, and strained muscles!

Play SAFE

Get a bottle of

GRATTON'S EMBROGATION

Available at all Chemists & Drugstores



CHINESE MERCHANTS OPPOSE TAX INCREASE

Opposition to Government's proposed increase in direct taxation was voiced by Chinese merchants at a meeting of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce yesterday.

Debate on HK Budget

A debate on the Colony's 1950-51 Budget will take place at tomorrow's Legislative Council meeting.

At the meeting the Financial Secretary will move the Second Reading of the Budget bill which seeks a total of HK\$198,051,037 for Public Services.

Reminders

Today

HK Rotary Club luncheon, Roof Garden, HK Hotel, 12.30 p.m.
European YMCA, Beldge Drive, 8 p.m.
Nine Dragons Services Club, Billy Tingle, PT and boxing, 8 p.m.; Whist Drive, 8 p.m.
HK Reform Club, public meeting to discuss Government's 1950-51 Budget, Roof Garden, HK Hotel, 8.30 p.m.
Kowloon Union Church Women's Guild meeting, 10 a.m.
HK Light Orchestra rehearsal, St. John's Cathedral Hall, 6.45 p.m.
Cheero Services Club, Whist Drive, 8 p.m.

Coming Events

TOMORROW
Toc II club meeting, 50 Macdonnell Road, 8.30 p.m.
Legislative Council, budget debate, 2.30 p.m.
Nine Dragons Services Club, film show, HK Band Call, 8 p.m.
European YMCA Debating Society, Open Forum, 8.45 p.m.
Women's Section, European YMCA, whist drive, 10 a.m.
42 Commando, Royal Marines, Ceremonial Parade, Chatham Road, 11.30 a.m.

Supplementary appropriation

The Legislative Council will be asked to authorise the appropriation of a supplementary amount of HK\$30,135,964 to defray charges of the financial year ending March 31.

The First Reading of an Ordinance to authorise the amount will be moved at tomorrow's Legislative Council meeting.

The details are:

Colonial Secretariat	\$ 9,603
Subventions	127,817
Hong Kong Naval Volunteer Force	44,017
Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps	280,949
Miscellaneous Services	27,020,997
Pensions	480,717
Police Department	297,008
Stores Department	951,763
Treasury	15,468
Colonial Development and Welfare Schemes	219,435
Total	30,135,964

RELEASE OF BAIL

Danny Shea, Chief Petty Officer of the USS Guadalupe was the victim of a pickpocket on March 18, when he had US\$15 picked from his pocket. Shea's ship, however, is not in port.

Before Mr. J. Reynolds, Liu Luk-shing, aged 19, was charged with the larceny of US\$15 from Danny Shea, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to two months hard labour.

Defendant was arrested at 8 p.m. on March 18 at Queen's Road Central.

Application for the release of \$10,000 cash bail each for Lee Cheuk-man and Mok Hop, detained for confidential banishment was made by Inspector Malan at Central yesterday and was granted by Mr. J. Reynolds.

In making the application, Inspector Malan said that a decision has been reached with regard to the two men and they are to be deported for life.

JEANS & JACKETS
JEANS & JACKETS
JEANS & JACKETS
JEANS & JACKETS
JEANS & JACKETS
JEANS & JACKETS

THE EVERGREEN
300 Nathan Road, Kowloon
Phone 0904

The main reason given is that despite the record trade figures published for last year, business has not been good, and the business community cannot really bear the extra burden.

It was proposed that Government should reconsider the matter and see whether the extra revenue required could be raised from indirect taxation, principally by an increase in the betting and amusement taxes, which would affect only those who could indulge in these pastimes.

If it should be found that the extra revenue from this source would not be sufficient and increased direct taxation was inevitable, the extra five per cent should be levied on incomes of more than \$100,000 only, so that businesses deriving smaller incomes would not be unduly burdened.

It was also decided that Government should be requested not to increase Property Tax in view

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

The meeting also discussed the tax on non signs, and it was decided that this levy, too, should be cancelled. The estimated revenue from it is small, and the tax might put a stop to this very desirable method of advertising Hong Kong's shops.

A meeting was also held at the Kowloon Chinese Chamber of Commerce to discuss the same subject, and various views were put forward by members.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Personal allowance should be increased

Mr. E. Pudney, Commissioner of Inland Revenue, agrees that the personal allowance of a taxpayer should be increased to a higher level than that existing at present in view of the increased cost

of living.

He said yesterday in reply to a question at a Press conference. The conference was arranged to explain some misunderstanding regarding the tax position in the Colony.

Mr. Pudney declined to reply to questions concerning the police investigations into certain accounts. He said it was a police matter.

He admitted, however, that one of the junior officers in the Inland Revenue Department has absconded. This officer, it was later found, had made a comparatively minor fault relating to certain books, he said.

Commenting on newspaper articles and correspondence referring to the figure of 2,882 as the total number of persons who had paid Salaries and Annuities Tax in 1948-49, Mr. Pudney said: "This figure of 2,882 is to be found in paragraph 21 of my Report for the year ended March 31, 1949. That paragraph states that up to the end of March, 1949, 2,882 persons had been charged to Salaries and Annuities Tax for the year of assessment 1948-49."

"There is nothing in that paragraph to indicate that this is the total number who would eventually have to pay tax for that year. Nowhere in the world is assessment in respect of any one year of assessment completed by the end of that year, and to assume that because 2,882 persons had been taxed for that year of assessment by the end of the year this was the final total and that no further persons would be taxed in respect of that year of assessment is to show complete misunderstanding of the working of a tax system."

Not complete

"The number of persons who have been taxed to Salaries and Annuities Tax for the year of assessment 1948-49 is now more than 4,500 and the assessment is still not complete. The figure will almost certainly reach 5,000. It may well be argued that this is a very small proportion of the employed population of the Colony. This is admittedly so."

"It is only too well known that many a salaried employee finds it difficult enough to meet the present cost of living without adding the further burden of income tax. Therefore the Personal Allowances for the taxpayer, his wife and children are assessed on the basis of the high cost of living and the great majority from liability to tax."

"I would add here, in parenthesis, that Salaries and Annuities Tax is the tax which it is most difficult to evade since it is usually possible to place an exact charge on the salary received by an individual by referring to his employers."

"I must here emphasise that this figure refers only to Salaries and Annuities Tax. Reference to the Schedules attached to the Annual Report to which I have referred, will reveal that Salaries and Annuities Tax accounts for only some 7 1/2 per cent of the total revenue under the Inland Revenue Ordinance."

"It would be interesting to know exactly how many people pay the remaining taxes that is to say, Property Tax, Interest Tax and the taxes on profits. Unfortunately under our present simplified system of taxation it is not possible to ascertain precisely this figure."

"Under Corporation Profits Tax, a company counts as one in my statistics, no matter how many shareholders it may have. Similarly, an unincorporated business counts as one in my statistics, no matter how many partners there may be. From such general impressions as one gets from dealing with these matters, I am of the opinion that the total number of persons who bear the income tax is not very far from the number of persons who are assessed to tax."

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

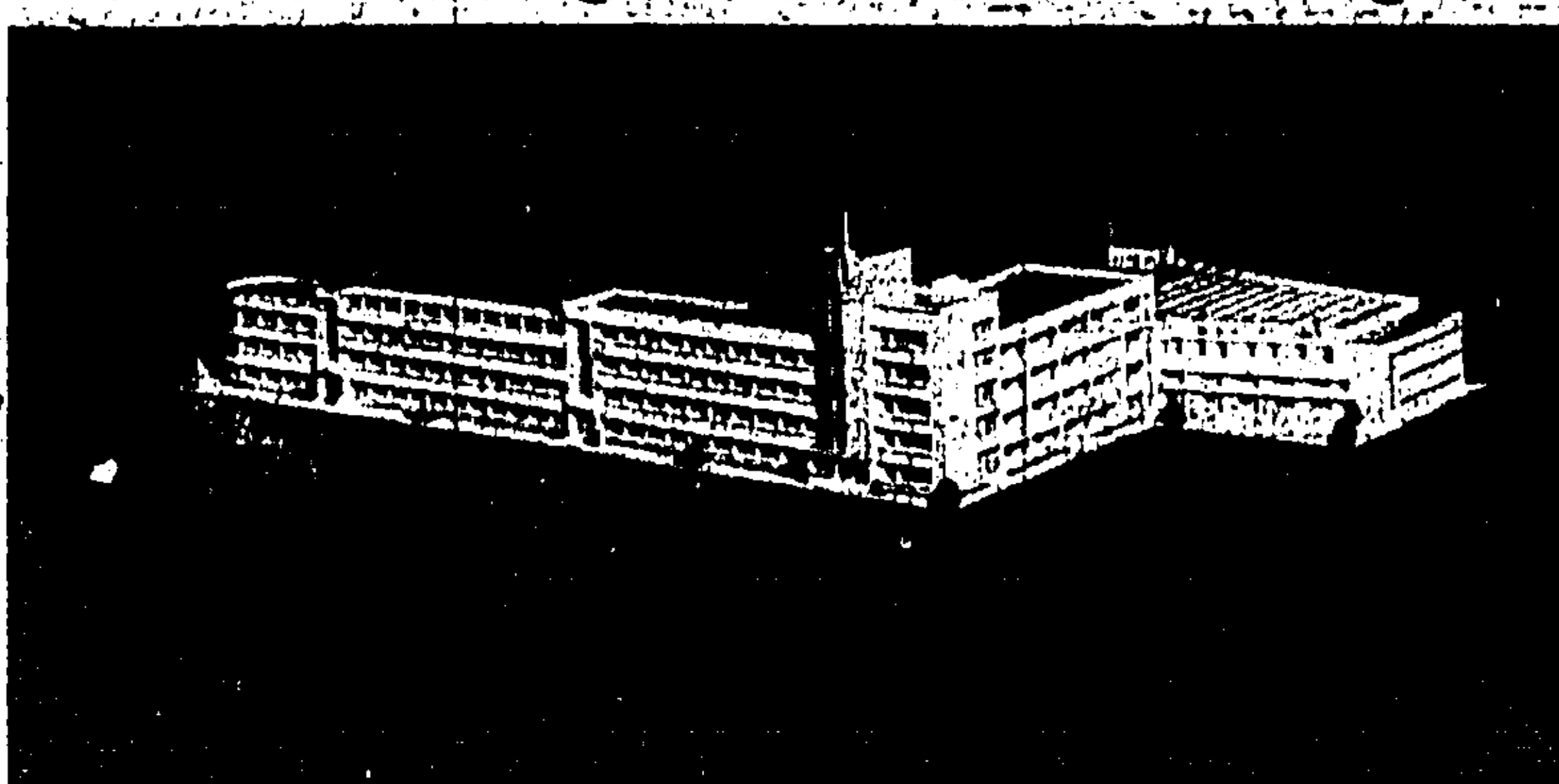
of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

of the restrictions already imposed on rents.

New building for Wah Yan College



The first sod was cut on the site of the new Wah Yan College, Kowloon yesterday, by Mr. F. S. Ko, President of the Wah Yan College Past Students' Association.

The site is on Waterloo Road, on the strip of ground between the road and the new Government flats in King's Park.

The school, which is for dry pupils only, will accommodate 1,000 and will be fully supplied with laboratories, arts and crafts rooms, music rooms, library and all the other essentials of an up-to-date school.

The building has been designed by Mr. A. H. Bairstow, FRIBA and is essentially modern in design.

The college will replace the present building of Wah Yan College, Nelson Street, Kowloon.

It is hoped to have the class-room section ready for use by September, 1951. Shown above is a model of the building.

Portuguese vessel held by Communists

(By Our Harbour Reporter)

The seven-month search for the mystery Portuguese reconvered minesweeper, m.v. Waremba, is evidently reaching its climax. Recent reports "located" her at Kwongchowwan, some 230 miles West of Hong Kong.

According to informed shipping sources arriving from that Communist-held peninsula—springboard for the planned Red amphibious invasion of Hainan Island—the Waremba, which they identified by her funnel markings and construction, is under military service.

The Chinese Maritime Customs, which confiscated the 307-ton freighter in mid-1949 on an anti-smuggling charge, declared that they are awaiting advice from the Peking Government to whom they had already forwarded the full case.

"We sent the Waremba to Kowloon late last year during the typhoon period for shelter. Since then we have not heard anything about the ship," the Acting Commissioner of the local office said when approached last evening.

The senior official would not comment when asked whether it is possible for the Waremba to be requisitioned by the Communist armed forces for military purposes.

"Recent arrivals from the Communist peninsula said they noticed a steamer which tallied with certain 'features' of the missing Portuguese freighter. They mentioned the red-green markings on her bow funnel; the fibre-painting of the skipper's cabin and the fact that she was the only minesweeper in port there."

The Waremba was under military guard. The informants could not however say whether she has been on active service for the Communist force. They saw no visible sign of internal activity as the vessel rode at anchor.

Solavging work

The report brought by these arrivals seems to add credence to belated news reaching Hong Kong some time ago that the Communist port authorities at the West River now funnel the moon were busily engaged in salvaging a sunken steamer, scuttled by the retreating Nationalist forces.

The "wreck" was towed away to a destination unknown then to the informants from Kowloon.

Earlier, arrivals from the River port had reported that the Nationalist armed forces sank the Waremba in Pak-ki Harbour before they cleared the area under heavy attack.

There was, however, another report that the Waremba had evaded the remaining Nationalist forces with General Yu Han-mow, Commanding Officer of the Kwangtung Armed Forces, to Taiwan.

Arrivals from Taiwan have hitherto not been able to identify the Portuguese freighter at any Taiwan port.

The Waremba was confiscated by the CMC in July, 1949 on a charge of having visited a Chinese port not open to international trade—the first case of its kind under Customs Preventive Regulations.

The former United States Navy minesweeper, which arrived in Hong Kong in October, 1946, for re-commissioning, left the colony for the China Coast with six foreign officers and nine Chinese seamen. En route she developed engine trouble and drifted for 90 hours before she reached Swatow.

On her arrival at that South China port, she was charged and subsequently confiscated by the CMC.

Inquiry into Harbour collision

An inquiry will be held tomorrow at the Marine Office into the circumstances attending the collision of the ferry launch Man To and the motor boat Australia on Thursday night in the harbour.

The Court comprises Mr. T. B. Low, Senior Marine Officer (Port Control) and Mr. D. Edwards.

The findings of the Wing Hing inquiry will be announced tomorrow afternoon at the Marine Office.

General Wu Shih detained in Taiwan

Lieutenant General Wu Shih is among the 300 persons detained recently in the mass arrests of Communist agents in Taiwan, according to the independent verbatim "New Life Evening Post" yesterday.

The newspaper said that General Wu, Chief of Staff to General Chang Fa-kwei, during the Japanese war, is believed to be the brains behind the Communist underground organisation.

General Wu served General Chang when Chang was in command of the Fourth War Area in Kwangsi during the war.

PICKPOCKET SENTENCED

A woman weeping in court, unsuccessfully pleaded for the return of her gold, valued at \$1,070, seized by Revenue Officers on March 18.

The woman, So Lai-king, aged 30, and residing at 109 Queen's Road Central, ground floor was cautioned by Mr. Hin-shing Lo at Central on a charge of importing gold without a permit. The gold was ordered to be confiscated.

On two charges of common assault and of obtaining credit by false pretences, a woman (24.40) by fraud from Wong Wai at Boundary Street on Sunday, Lance Corporal Bertram Vine of the Leicestershire Regiment pleaded guilty to the first charge before Mr. James Wicks at Kowloon yesterday. Hearing on the second charge was fixed for April 11.

For the theft of clothing the property of Sergeant Pickersgill, Sergeant Gross and Lal Lo from Whitefield Barracks, Wong Man, unemployed, was sentenced to four months' hard labour by Mr. E. A. d'Almada at Kowloon yesterday.

Pleading guilty to a charge of obstructing the police during the robbery of two goldsmiths' shops in Shanghai Street on Saturday night, Shek Chan-kwan, a garage worker, was fined \$100 or three weeks by Mr. d'Almada at Kowloon yesterday.

For keeping a gambling school about the 22, Hupch, Wong Wong, seaman, was fined \$200 by Mr. d'Almada at Kowloon yesterday. Three other seamen, Wong Chung, Man Ka-yim and Yung Yum, were fined \$2 each for gambling.

A fine of \$100 or eight weeks was imposed on Fung Ngai, unemployed, by Mr. James Wicks at Kowloon yesterday for the stealing of vegetables from a field at the foot of the Mountain Hill.

Inspector J. H. Evans told the Court that farmers in the district had been making complaints to Mr. C. T. Large of the Government Wholesale Vegetable Market that thieves' gangs had a field of several hundred cabbages of vegetable from their fields.

Complainant, Fung Ngai, who was advised by Mr. Large as to what to do, caught defendant at an early hour yesterday morning. Fung Ngai had already cut more than 30 cabbages of vegetable.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB NOTICE TO MEMBERS

FOURTH RACE MEETING

Saturday, 25th March, 1950.

There are ten races; the First Race will be run at 1.30 p.m. and the First Race will be run at 2.00 p.m.

Through Tickets (10 Races \$20.00) may be obtained at the Office of the Treasurer, 1st Floor, Telephone House, also tickets for the Special Dash Sweep on the Hong Kong Derby (over 250,000 tickets disposed of to date) to be run at the Easter Race Meeting in April, 1950, which may be purchased also at the Club's Branch Office, No. 382 Nathan Road, Kowloon.

There will be no Special Sweep on the last Race.

MEMBERS' BADGES AND ENCLOSURE

MUST wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the Meeting and members and guests are reminded that they and their ladies must wear their badges prominently displayed throughout the Meeting.

NO ONE WITHOUT A BADGE WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE.

Badges admitting Ladies not in possession of Brooches or Season tickets and gentlemen, not members of the Club, to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$10. Including tax, for Ladies or Gentlemen are obtainable through the Secretary on the written or personal introduction of a Member, such Member to be responsible for all visitors introduced by him, and for payment of all club dues.

Badges admitting to Members' Enclosure will NOT be on sale at the RACE COURSE.

The Treasurer's Comptroller Office will close at 11 a.m. and the Secretary's Office at 11.45 a.m. Both Offices at 1st Floor, Telephone House.

A limited number of tickets will be obtainable at the Club House, provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Boy (Tel. 27818).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3— including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

BOOKMAKERS, TIC TAC MEN ETC., WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO OPERATE WITHIN THE PREMISES OF THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB DURING THE RACE MEETING. MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS WILL BE OBTAINABLE IN THE RESTAURANT IN THE PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

SERVANTS' PASSES

Servants' passes will be issued to private box holders only, who are requested to distribute them with discrimination and to endorse their names on the passes. Holders of such passes are not permitted in the Members' Enclosure except for passing through on their duties and must remain in their employers' stands.

BY ORDER

G. A. SLEAP,
Secretary.

SIGNODE

Steel Strapping

EUTECTIC

Low Temperature Welding Rods

BELDAM

Asbestos Packing & Jointing

We take pleasure in informing you that we are the exclusive agents for the above.

E. OTT & CO., LTD.

(Eng. Dept.)

French Bank Bldg.

Tel: 34107

FOO HANG JEWELLERY

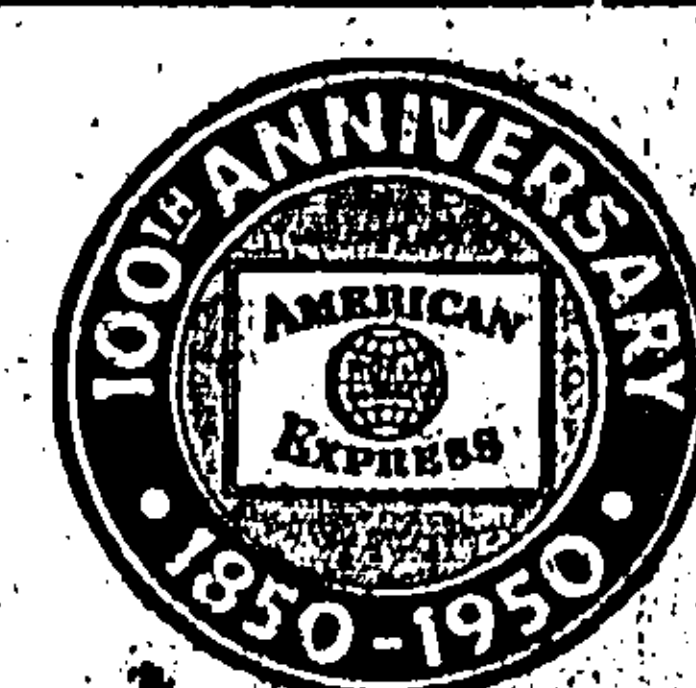
WHOLESALE OF

DIAMONDS

King's Theatre Bldg., 7th Floor, Hongkong.

Tel. 20028

Cable Address "FOOJEWEL"



*A Century of
Service*
INCLUDES:-

- The invention of the Traveler's Cheque.
- The introduction of the universally known American Express money order.
- Establishment of an international banking service.
- The creation of a world wide travel and shipping organization.

THE
*American
Express*
Co.

100TH

ANNIVERSARY

1950

King's

FINAL SHOWING TODAY
AT 2.30, 5.15 and 7.20 P.M. ONLY

HYSTERICAL! HI-LYRICAL!!
Burroughs presents

PAULETTE GODDARD BURGESS MEREDITH
JAMES STEWART HENRY FONDA DOROTHY LAMOUR
VICTOR MOORE FRED MACMURRAY

ON OUR MERRY WAY

WILLIAM DEMAREST-HUGH HERBERT
EDWARD DANIELLI - CHARLES D. BROWN
Benny Coleman - Frank Moore - David White
Screenplay by Lawrence Stallings
and Lee Brice

Original Story by Arch Oboler
Screenplay by Arch Oboler
Directed by Arch Oboler

ALSO LATEST PARAMOUNT NEWS

TOMORROW

WARNER BROS. BIG NEW TRIUMPH OF 1949!

ADVENTURES OF **DON JUAN**

STARRING **ERROL FLYNN**
VIVECA LINDEFORS

ROBERT DOUGLAS ALAN HALE - HENRY BRANT
ANN RUTHERFORD VINCENT SHERMAN JERRY WALD

BOOKINGS NOW OPEN!

LEE **Liberty**

AIR-CONDITIONED
OZONIZED AND WARM

DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.20 P.M.
DAILY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

FINAL SHOWINGS TODAY

LADD PAYS OFF!

ALAN LADD DONNA REED
"Chicago Deadline"

with June HAVOC Irene HERVEY
Arthur KENNEDY

Produced by ROBERT FELLOWS
Directed by LEWIS ALLEN
Screenplay by Warren Duff

COMMENCING TOMORROW

KINGS **LEE**

THIS YEAR'S ADVENTURE OF ADVENTURES
THIS YEAR'S SMASH OF SMASHES!

WARNER BROS. NEW
ADVENTURES OF **DON JUAN**

ERROL FLYNN VIVECA LINDEFORS

ROBERT DOUGLAS VINCENT SHERMAN JERRY WALD

BOOKINGS NOW OPEN!

YUGOSLAVIA HIT BY COMINFORM BLOCKADE

Belgrade, March 20.

Creator of Tarzan dies

Tarzana, California, March 19.

Edgar Rice Burroughs, aged 74, who created Tarzan, died today of a heart ailment. Crippled by a heart attack he had been ill for three months. The writer had his breakfast this morning and was lying in bed reading newspapers when he suddenly dropped them and closed his eyes. He had not done any writing since he became ill.

Burroughs was reading Sunday comics with his breakfast when he died. His doctor who was in the sprawling ranch house on a regular morning call attributed the death to a heart ailment and hardening of arteries.

Confined to a wheelchair he said recently that his greatest pleasure in life was seeing the jungle lord he created still swinging through trees in the forests. Burroughs, prolific creator of "Tarzan of the Apes" and countless sequels, once explained he started his lucrative writing career because "I needed the money."

As an unsuccessful salesman for an elaborate pencil sharpening machine, he read pulp magazines in prospective customers' waiting rooms until he decided to try his hand at authorship.

"If people were paid for writing such stuff," he said, "I figured I could write stuff just as bad." Burroughs was 35 years old at that time and had tried and failed at half a dozen businesses and as many trades. Spurred on by the responsibility of supporting a wife and two children, he dashed off his first novel, "Under the Moon of Mars."

Although Burroughs had no training in writing, the editor of a pulp magazine bought his maiden attempt for \$400, and Burroughs realised he finally had found his calling. He spent the next few years supporting his family by working during the day as department manager of a business magazine and writing book-length serials at night.

The first of his series of novels about the improbable jungle lord, Tarzan, was sold to a magazine for \$700 during that period, and its success, "The Return of Tarzan," was bought in 1913 for \$1,000 after it had been turned down by Burroughs' first patron.

Cold Chicago winters and the success of his writing led him to quit his editorial job and move to San Diego, California. Until A. A. McClurg published "Tarzan of the Apes" in book form, however, Burroughs considered he was living a hand-to-mouth existence, dependent on the sale of every pulp story he wrote. McClurg & Co. previously had declined to publish the novel, but Burroughs said the public demand for the story made the firm ask for the privilege of printing.

Contracts for motion pictures, books, newspaper comic strips and royalties from other sources came in regularly after that, and Burroughs moved to the San Fernando Valley, founded the town of Tarzana, California, and led a busy and prosperous life—United Press.

Commenting on the alleged exchange of friendly letters between King Abdullah of Transjordan and Moshe Sharett of Israel during the Palestine war, Al Mistry today demanded the ouster of Transjordan from the Arab League.

"The time has come for the Arab League to cut off relations with Transjordan—a country which betrayed Arab unity in the Palestine cause," it said.

"The time has come to sever this decayed member from the body of the Arabs of the world, bury it in the ground and heaven dust thereon,"—United Press.

The Communist Information Bureau blockade against Yugoslavia has by now had a serious cumulative effect upon this country's already threadbare economy.

Not only has Marshal Tito's Government been forced to modify its key five-year plan for industrialising the nation, but at this moment stocks of consumers' goods, important raw materials, spare parts, transport and machinery are dangerously low.

While insignificant little new displays have appeared in a handful of Belgrade shops on the whole (this correspondent, who has visited Yugoslavia several times since the war, never has found it in such a grim condition of shortages).

Railways and motor vehicles appear in worse shape than a year ago. Worn trucks now are being run with tyres on only two of their rear wheels. Half constructed factories planned for new industrial projects are idle because the Soviet Union, Czechoslovakia and Hungary refused delivery on promised machinery for installation. The mining industry is said to be falling behind because of lack of mechanical re-equipment.

Sabotage campaign

Furthermore, Marshal Tito's regime is evidently being attacked by a co-ordinated Cominform sabotage campaign. Last autumn Yugoslavia's largest steamship, the 18,000-ton Partisanika, was destroyed by a mysterious fire. It is reported that a few days ago two other vessels, the 12,000-ton Dubrovnik and the 2,000-ton Kosma, were similarly burned. This has not yet been confirmed officially, any more than recent tales of serious railway wrecks. But there is a strong presumption that bad damage has been done.

This has in no sense, however, had any material effect upon the regime's absolute determination to continue an independent ideological attitude. The regime refuses to knuckle under either to the Soviet coalition or to the West.

Food supplies appear to remain adequate despite distribution difficulties. Above all Government messes for workers and party members serve plentiful meals. The countryside, aided by the traditional shrewd methods of peasant hoarding, is said to be well fed.

Furthermore, despite modifications forced by international politics, State planners are pushing through some extraordinary and perhaps impractical projects. They are still building a new administrative city across Sava River from the capital. They are slowly tunnelling a sluice across

Italian ship's post-war maiden trip

New York, March 19. The Conte Biancamano arrived here today 24 hours late on her maiden post-war voyage from Italy. There were 453 passengers aboard the liner, which was remodelled at a cost of US\$3,500,000.

The passengers included two unscheduled occupants. One was a stowaway and the other was a 10½-pound girl born to Mr. and Mrs. Ronald Navarra during the height of gales which tossed the liner about. The parents, both 18 years old, were travelling from Malta to settle in Canada. Captain Luigi Gulicelli said the crossing was among the stormiest he had experienced, with winds reaching 65-mph velocity. He said the ship, whose average speed is 20 knots, was doing about 12 knots between the Azores and the United States coast.—United Press.

SHOWING TODAY **BROADWAY** AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

100 ASTOUNDING BARBARIC THRILLS

The pagan queen who bathed in flame!

SHE

ERROL FLYNN VIVECA LINDEFORS

COMMENCING THURSDAY

DAN DAILEY (That Wonderful Lovable Guy)

CELESTE HOLM (That Academy Award Winning Gal)

"CHICKEN EVERY SUNDAY"

A 20th Century Fox Comedy

Kashmir issue and U.N.

New Delhi, March 19.

Sheikh Mohammed Abdullah, Prime Minister of Jammu and Kashmir, told reporters here today that the Security Council's appointment of a Mediator on the Kashmir issue would not change the attitude of the Kashmir Government.

India had only accepted the Council's resolution relating to the appointment of a Mediator subject to the reservation that they rejected the basis of the McNaughton proposals.

"If the Mediator tries to base his proposals on the McNaughton formula, failure is certain," Abdullah said. "We have made it absolutely clear that the only solution of the Kashmir problem is an overall plebiscite in Jammu and Kashmir under the conditions in which the people of the State shall be able to determine their future freely and without any coercion."

He said the sovereignty of Jammu and Kashmir has never been questioned either by the Kashmir Commission or by the Security Council, or even by Pakistan, and nobody had recognised the so-called Azad (Free) Kashmir Government.

Before a plebiscite was possible the entire Jammu and Kashmir territory must be restored to lawful Government which must then have time to resettlement and rehabilitate hundreds of thousands of refugees, some of whom were in India and some in Pakistan.

Whatever the people of the State then decided would be acceptable to all. "That is the position we have taken all along, both from the legal and moral points of view," he added.—Reuter.

Employees barred from Secretariat

Washington, March 19.

The Commerce Department has branded 27 employees as bad security risks and barred them from the Secretariat, even though they have been formally cleared of disloyalty charges, it was disclosed today.

In addition, six other employees now under investigation were regarded as so suspicious that they have all been restricted to certain jobs.

The Department's loyalty check programme was criticised by the House Appropriations subcommittee, whose chairman, John Roney, said the State Department appeared to be "quite clear of subversives," but added that the public had an idea the Commerce Department was "honey-combed" with Communists.

The House group made public recent hearings at which the Commerce Department revealed that 360 employees were tabbed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation as possible subversives. Two hundred and seventy-three were "acquitted" but 27 were still regarded as not fully trustworthy. In addition, 71 were discharged or allowed to resign. Twenty-five cases are still pending.—United Press.

SHOWING TODAY **MAJESTIC** SHOWING TODAY

SPECIAL TIMES:
AT 2.00, 4.45, 7.15 & 9.45 P.M.

"Joan of Arc held me spellbound... It is in a class by itself... You've got to see this magnificent film!"—KATE SMITH on Mutual Network Broadcast

JOAN OF ARC

starring **INGRID BERGMAN**

A VICTOR FLEMING PRODUCTION
COLOR BY TECHNICOLOR

QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA

Today Only At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

RICH...SPOILED...SNOBBISH...
A DEVIL IN MINK!

B.F.'s Daughter

STANWYCK HEFLIN
CHARLES COBURN JUNE WYNN

OPENS TOMORROW

A Great Young Love Story Of Our Time!

M-G-M'S TRUE LOVE STORY

JAMES STEWART ALLYSON

The Stratton Story

COMMENCING TODAY

At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

ROXY THEATRE

SWEEPING ACROSS THE SEA
TO THE SHORES OF TRIPOLI
a thousand swashbuckling adventure thrills!

BARBARY PIRATE

WOLFE MARSHALL AUDERT SCHWABEL
Written for the screen by Robert Lloyd and Frank Gert
Directed by LEW LANDERS - Produced by SAM NATHAN
A COLUMBIA PICTURE

ORIENTAL

AIR-CONDITIONED

TAKE ANY EASTERN TRAM CAR OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS
SHOWING TODAY at 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.
WITH ALL THE MOST TERRIFIC THRILLS EVER FILMED!

MASTERPIECE OF AMAZEMENT—
with the most terrific thrills ever pictured.

"Mr. Joseph Young of Africa"

TERRY MOORE • BEN JONSON • BETTE MIDLER • BOB HOPE

SPECIAL ADDED ATTRACTION
R. K. O. presents
"20 YEARS OF ACADEMY AWARDS"

NEXT CHANGE!—"CROSS ROAD"

4 SHOWS TODAY **Cathay** AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

APPEARING ON THE SCREEN FOR THE FIRST

"TIME FROM THE WORLD FAMOUS STAGE PLAY"

"THE WET PAINT"

DIALOGUE IN MANDARIN
Starring WONG YUEN GO • HUNG BALL • KUNG MING

For Business or Pleasure

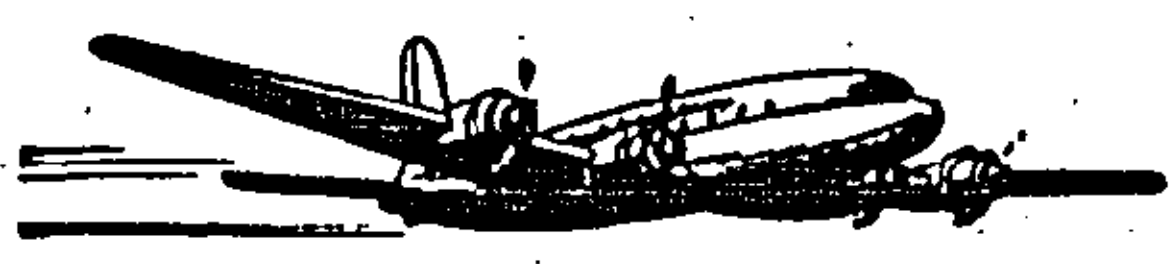
Q.E.A.

Flies you fastest to

AUSTRALIA

Passages available every fortnight. Luxurious, modern Skymasters fly you to Sydney in two days. Perfect food — attentive steward service. Ask Jardines or your Travel Agents!

NEXT FLIGHT MAR. 31



Qantas Empire Airways

In association with British Overseas Airways Corporation
Agents JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.



In 1949 SAS flew more than 500,000 passengers to 65 cities — 30 countries — on 5 continents.
FAR EAST/EUROPE LUXURIOUS DC-6 SERVICE
Fly over the weather — in pressurized cabins
Hongkong/Bangkok by PAA or CPA
Bangkok/Europe by SAS-DC 6

March 31st

Weekly flights from April 14th
Via Bangkok, Calcutta, Karachi & Lydda
CONNECTING SAS-SERVICES TO 18 EUROPEAN COUNTRIES
TO NEW YORK VIA GLASGOW
TO BUENOS AIRES VIA RECIFE, RIO DE JANEIRO
& MONTEVIDEO

SCANDINAVIAN AIRLINES SYSTEM

General Agents for Hongkong, Macao and South China: THORESEN & CO., LTD.

Queen's Building, Top Floor (No. 1 Ice House Street) Tel. 3121-2-3
Telegrams: Sasystem APB

PAL

FOR

FAST AIR CARGO

PHONE

5 8 7 5 8

PHILIPPINE AIR LINES

CHINA MAIL

12, Des Voeux Road, Central, Mezzanine Floor, HONG KONG.

Telephone: 24354
Editor in Chief: 24354
Reporters & General Office: 32312
(four lines)

Subscription Rates:
3 months HK\$18.00
6 months HK\$30.00
One Year HK\$52.00

All news contributions to be addressed to Editor-in-Chief. Advertisements and business communications should be addressed to the Company CHINA MAIL LTD.

DEATH

FITZROY-WILLIAMS, David, DSC and Bar, Lieutenant R.N. (ret'd), aged 27, in a launch accident in Hong Kong Harbour March 16th, 1950.

CHINA AND THE UNITED NATIONS

Great interest is naturally being shown in the so-called "procedural" talks in Peking between the acting Head of the British Embassy and the Peking Foreign Office. The public will have to wait till Mr. Ernest Bevin makes his promised statement on the subject. Correspondents have no doubt been very active in trying to discover what has been going on. One agency report stated that the Peking authorities were willing to extend the existing treaties for the present but demanded that negotiations for a new Treaty should be held not later than the end of this year. Another said that Peking had called for British backing in the conflict with the Nationalists over representation in the United Nations. A Foreign Office spokesman in London said this is "inexact" but it is a fact that broadcasts from Peking had criticised the action of the British representative at Lake Success in abstaining from voting.

There is no question, in our opinion, but that the People's Government, in all fundamental matters, meets the legal qualifications necessary for both national and international recognition. The State Department might already have followed Britain's example but for the isolation of the Nationalists. We preferred to see it through and maintain relations, whatever the risk, rather than break them off. The major difference lies in the state of public opinion, as it was in Britain at that time and as it is in the United States now. The direction of pressure is totally different. We are told, indeed, that President Truman's entire foreign policy legislation is bogged down for the present by Congressional criticism of the State Department and its operations.

Since Mr. Acheson's two speeches on the Pacific coast last week, critics have been heard even in his own Party. Senator George, a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, declared that the Secretary of State could not pledge financial or military aid in Asia: "he had better confine himself to moral and spiritual help—it is cheaper!" In Britain, on the other hand, there is a strong feeling, to which "The Times" gave expression, that the United States should recognise the new regimes in China. Until agreement is reached on this point Soviet propaganda about the hostility of the West will have an open field in China.

In his recent compromise suggestion on China's representation, the Secretary-General of the United Nations urged that recognition of any Government should not

The American Ambassador, who was my guest at the weekend, brought me the President's answer to my message. He promised that if the Germans struck at Russia he would immediately support publicly "any announcement that the Prime Minister might make welcoming Russia as an ally." Mr. Winant delivered this important reassurance verbally.

When I awoke on the morning of Sunday, the 22nd, the news was brought to me of Hitler's invasion of Russia. This changed conviction into certainty. I had not the slightest doubt where our duty and our policy lay. Nor indeed what to say. There only remained the task of composing it. Presently General Dill, who had hastened down from London, came into my bedroom with detailed news. The Germans had invaded Russia on an enormous front, had surprised a large portion of the Soviet Air Force grounded on the airfields, and seemed to be driving forward with great rapidity and violence. The Chief of the Imperial General Staff added, "I suppose they will be rounded up in hours."

I spent the day composing my statement. There was not a word to consult the War Cabinet; nor was it necessary. I knew that we all felt the same on this issue. The following account by my Private Secretary, Mr. Colville, who was on duty this week-end, may be of interest:

On Saturday, June 21, I went down to Chequers just before dinner. Mr. and Mrs. Winant, Mr. and Mrs. Eden, and Edward Bridges were staying. During dinner, Mr. Churchill said that a German attack on Russia was now certain, and he thought that Hitler was counting on enlisting capitalist and Right Wing sympathies in this country and the U.S.A. Hitler was however wrong and we should go all out to help Russia. Winant said the same would be true of the U.S.A.

After dinner, when I was walking on the croquet lawn with Mr. Churchill, he reverted to the theme. I asked whether for him, the arch anti-Communist, this was [not] bowing down in the House of Rimmon. Mr. Churchill replied, "Not at all. I have only one purpose, the destruction of Hitler, and my life is much simplified thereby. Hitler was here. I would make at least a favourable reference to the Devil in the House of Commons."

I was awoken at 4 a.m. the following morning by a telephone message from the F.O. to the effect that Germany had attacked Russia. The P.M. had always said that he was never to be woken up for any

necessarily be tied up with representation in the United Nations. The trouble is that hitherto the Soviet Union has made a very strong point about this. Moscow has insisted that no Government which it has failed to recognise should be allowed to sit in United Nations bodies. It would not abandon its veto in favour of a majority decision. The United States has remained consistent on this issue. It has indicated its willingness to abide by a majority decision, and not to walk out on it. But this is a purely technical point: a debating counter which in no wise alters the fact that the United States refuses to vote for the replacement of the Nationalist by the Peking representatives.

The deadlock is a difficult and embarrassing one all round. But when all is said and done, the West can best fight for its case inside rather than outside China. That is the lesson the British have learnt in so many stormy years in that country, and the reason why we retained for so long the influence we had in China and the confidence British leadership enjoyed in other countries vitally concerned with China's progress and stability. The need for a unification of Western policy in China is almost desperately urgent. It is to be hoped that the forthcoming conference of the Western Foreign Ministers will produce that result, though the difficulties Mr. Acheson faces in Congress are exceptional. In essence they derive from the one-sided policy of the new regime, which lavishes adulation on Moscow and as consistently attacks the United States.

WINSTON CHURCHILL'S WAR MEMOIRS: THE THIRD BOOK

THE GRAND ALLIANCE
Contact with Stalin

By Winston Churchill

thing but Invasion [of England]. I therefore postponed telling him till 8 a.m. His only comment was, "Tell the BBC I will broadcast at 9 to night."

Stony composure

Up to the moment when the Soviet Government was set upon by Hitler they seemed to care for no one but themselves. Afterwards this mood naturally became more marked. Hitherto they had watched with stony composure the destruction of the front in France in 1940, and our vain efforts in 1941 to create a front in the Balkans. They had given important economic aid to Nazi Germany and had helped them in many minor ways. Now, having been deceived and taken by surprise, they were themselves under the flaming German sword.

Their first impulse and lasting policy was to demand a possible success from Great Britain and her Empire, the possible partition of which between Stalin and Hitler had for the last eight months beguiled Soviet minds from the progress of German concentration in the East. They did not hesitate to appeal in urgent and strident terms to harassed and struggling Britain to send them the munitions of which their armies were so short. They urged the United States to divert to them the largest quantities of the supplies on which we were counting, and above all, even in the summer of 1941 they clamoured for British landings in Europe, regardless of risk and cost, to establish a second front.

The British Communists, who had hitherto done their worst, which was not much, in our factories, and had denounced "the capitalist and imperialist war" turned about again overnight and we should go all out to help Russia. Winant said the same would be true of the U.S.A.

After dinner, when I was walking on the croquet lawn with Mr. Churchill, he reverted to the theme. I asked whether for him, the arch anti-Communist, this was [not] bowing down in the House of Rimmon. Mr. Churchill replied, "Not at all. I have only one purpose, the destruction of Hitler, and my life is much simplified thereby. Hitler was here. I would make at least a favourable reference to the Devil in the House of Commons."

I was awoken at 4 a.m. the following morning by a telephone message from the F.O. to the effect that Germany had attacked Russia. The P.M. had always said that he was never to be woken up for any

The Russians never understood in the smallest degree the nature of the amphibious operation necessary to disembark and maintain a great army upon a well-defended hostile coast. Even the Americans were at this time largely unaware of the difficulties. Not only sea but air superiority at the invasion point was indispensable. Moreover, there was a third vital factor. A vast Army of specially constructed landing-craft, above all tank landing-craft in numerous varieties, was the foundation of any successful heavily opposed landing.

For the creation of this Armada, as has been and will be seen, I had long done my best. It could not be ready even on a minor scale before the summer of 1943 and its power, as is now widely recognised, could not be developed a sufficient scale till 1944. We had not even got an army in Britain as large, as well trained, as well equipped as the one we should have to meet on French soil. And Hitler was so fully and so misanthropically still pouring oil on this question of the Second Front.

There was certainly no hope of convincing the Soviet Government at this or any other time. Stalin even suggested to me on one occasion later on that if the British were to send round three or four Russian Army Corps to do the job. It was not in my power, through lack of shipping and other physical facts, to take him at his word.

No response

There was no response from the Soviet Government to my broadcast to Russia and the world on the day of the German attack, except that parts of it were printed in Pravda and other Russian Government organs, and that we were asked to receive a Russian Military Mission. The silence on the top level was oppressive and I thought it my duty to break the ice.

7 July, 41
Prime Minister to Mr. Stalin.
We are all very glad here that the Russian people are making such strong and spirited resistance to the utterly unprovoked and merciless invasion of the Nazis. There is general admiration of the bravery and tenacity of the soldiers and people. We shall do everything to help you in this geography, and our growing resources allow the longer the war lasts the more help we can give.

We are making very heavy attacks both by day and night, with our Air Force upon all German-occupied territory and all

Germany within our reach. About 400 daylight sorties were made overseas yesterday. On Saturday night over 200 heavy bombers attacked German towns, some carrying three tons apiece, and last night nearly 250 heavy bombers were operating. This will go on. Thus we hope to force Hitler to bring back some of his air-power to the West and gradually take some of the strain off you.

Besides, this the Admiralty have at my desire prepared a serious operation to come off in the near future in the Arctic, after which I hope contact will be established between the British and Russian Navies. Meanwhile by sweeps along the Norwegian coast we have intercepted various supply ships which were moving North against you.

We welcome arrival of Russian Military Mission in order to concert future plans. We have only got to go on fighting to beat the life out of these villains.

The first step was clearly to make such contact as was permitted by the Soviet authorities with the Russian Military Command. Accordingly, after taking the necessary consent from our new allies, a powerful Military Mission was at once despatched to Moscow. We also hoped at this early stage to establish the general basis of a war alliance between the two countries.

Prime Minister to Sir Stafford Cripps
10 July, 41.

Please immediately convey following message from Prime Minister to M. Stalin:

Ambassador Cripps having reported his talk with you and having stated the terms of a proposed Anglo-Russian agreed declaration under two heads, namely:

(1) mutual help without any precision as to quantity or quality, and

(2) neither country to conclude a separate peace.

I have immediately convened the War Cabinet, including Mr. Fraser, Prime Minister of the Dominion of New Zealand, who is with us now. It will be necessary for us to consult with the Dominions of Canada, Australia, and South Africa, but in the meanwhile I should like to assure you that we are wholly in favour of the agreed declaration you propose. We think it should be signed as soon as we have heard from the Dominions, and published to the world immediately thereafter.

Official communications passed between the two Foreign Offices, but it was not until July 19 that I received the first direct communication from M. Stalin. On that day M. Molotov, Soviet Ambassador in London, called on me to deliver the following message:

18 July, 41
Let me express my gratitude for the two personal messages which you have addressed to me. Your messages were the starting-point of development in agreement between our two Governments. Now, as you said with full justification, the Soviet Union and Great Britain have become fighting allies in the struggle against Hitlerite Germany. I have no doubt that in spite of the difficulties our two States will be strong enough to crush our common enemy.

Tense position

Perhaps it is not out of place to mention that the position of the Soviet forces at the front remains tense. The consequences of the unexpected breach of the Non-Aggression Pact by Hitler, as well as of the sudden attack against the Soviet Union—both facts bringing advantages to the German troops—still remain to be felt by the Soviet armies.

It is easy to imagine that the position of the German forces would have been many times more favourable had the Soviet troops had to face the attack of the German forces not in the regions of Khabarovsk, Lwow, Brest, Kaunas, and Viborg, but in the region of Odessa, Kamenets Podolski, Minsk, and the environs of Leningrad.

It seems to me therefore that the military situation of the Soviet Union, as well as of Great Britain, would be considerably improved if there could be established a front against Hitler in the West—Northern France, and in the North—the Arctic.

A front in Northern France could not only divert Hitler's forces from the East, but at the same time would make it impossible for Hitler to invade Great Britain. The establishment of the front just mentioned would be popular with the British Army, as well as with the whole population of Southern England. I fully realise the difficulties involved in the establishment of such a front. I believe, however, that in spite of the difficulties it should be formed not only in the interests of our common cause, but also in the interests of Great Britain herself. This is the most propitious moment for the establishment of such a front.

because now Hitler's forces are diverted to the East and he has not yet had the chance to consolidate the position occupied by him in the East.

It is still easier to establish a front in the North. Here, on the part of Great Britain, would be necessary only naval and air operations, without the landing of troops or artillery. The Soviet would take part in such an operation. We would welcome it if Great Britain could transfer to this theatre of war something like one light division or more of the Norwegian volunteers, who could be used in Northern Norway to organise rebellion against the Germans.

Thus the Russian pressure for the establishment of a Second Front was initiated at the very beginning of our correspondence, and this theme was repeated throughout our subsequent relations with monotonous disregard, except in the Far North, for physical facts. This, my first telegram from Stalin, contained the only sign of common sense I ever perceived in the Soviet attitude. In this he volunteered a defence of the Soviet change of side, and his agreement with Hitler before the outbreak of the war, and dwelt, as I have already done in my first volume, on the Russians' strategic need to hold a German deployment as far as possible to their west in Poland in order to gain time for the fullest development of Russian far-drawn military strength. I have never underrated this argument, and could well afford to reply in comprehending terms upon it.

Prime Minister to M. Stalin.
20 July, 41.
I am very glad to get your message, and to learn from many sources of the valiant fight and the many vigorous counter-attacks with which the Russian armies are defending their native soil. I fully realise the military advantage you have gained by forcing the enemy to deploy and engage on a forward Western front, thus exhausting some of the force of his initial effort.

Anything sensible and effective that we can do to help will be done. I beg you however to realise limitations imposed upon us by our resources and geographical position. From the first day of the German attack upon Russia we have examined possibilities of attacking Occupied France and the Low Countries. The Chiefs of Staff do not see any way of doing anything on a scale likely to be of the slightest use to you.

The Germans have 40 divisions in France alone, and the whole coast has been fortified with German diligence for more than a year, and bristles with cannon, wire, pill-boxes, and beach-mines. The only part where we could have even temporary air superiority and at the same time protect it from Dunkirk to Boulogne. This is one mass of fortifications, with scores of heavy guns commanding the sea approaches, many of which can fire right across the Straits. There is less than five hours' darkness, and even then the whole area is illuminated by searchlights.

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."

(To be continued)

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially in any language, strictly prohibited.
Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by the "China Mail."



Never be surprised at anything you read in the newspapers. An MP has just warned Britain about a world surplus of food. A rather statement you've never heard? Maybe he'd better be careful not to meet any housewives, or the fat will be in the fire.

"Japanese ship with radar." If they meant radar, why the deuce not say so?

Said a local advice to the loveless article: "Although I am 20 I look four months, she has written to say that she never really loved two years younger. My youthful appearance has sometimes led my friends to call me 'baby-face'."

Nobody offered you a ride in a pram? Then, from the same publishers yesterday we had the following: "Behind Mr. Acheson's speech-making tour, his belief that the American people do not understand they have gone out towards Communism or the cold war and mink and Russia. He thinks we are confused."

Arms and the man. No, Myrtle, this "60-year-old canon found buried" did not involve the desecration of an ecclesiastic grave.

"Indonesian money cut 50 per cent in value."

The same process has been happening here too, judging by the bills I paid the other day.

"Warm Reception Awaits Spender On Visit To P.I." And the bigger spender he is, the warmer will be the reception.

People attending the New York flower show are bringing their own water.

That's nothing. I had an informal show the other night and some people brought their own whisky.

An anti-burglar pistol has been invented which shoots a jet of indelible orange-coloured water at housebreakers.

My, my, will their face be red...

Locally-printed Hollywood blur states: "Of course, an actor can't put much of the technical into his acquires to practical use."

Of course not.



"Don't see any sign of a Spanish galleon down there, chief!"



"S.S. TAIPING"

leaving for Japan ports

MARCH 27th

AUSTRALIAN-ORIENTAL LINE

For passage and freight particulars, apply

1, CONNAUGHT ROAD CENTRAL

TEL. 20331/2

Butterfield & Swire

WARTIME PLAN TO DIVIDE YUGOSLAVIA BARED IN BELGRADE

Russo-British agreement ELECTIONS ON SUNDAY

Belgrade, March 19.

M. Moshe Pijade, Deputy Speaker of Parliament and a leading Yugoslav official, declared here today that Mr. Winston Churchill agreed with Soviet Russia in October, 1944, to divide Yugoslavia into two spheres of interest.

M. Pijade continued: "The British soon realised that they could get nothing out of their 50 per cent and they were rather furious about us. But three years later the Russians, who had imagined that all the 100 per cent would go to them, realised that they could not even get their 50 per cent."

"It was then that the Cominform resolution was taken," M. Pijade was addressing a meeting of 280,000 people packed in the vast Square of the Republic in Belgrade for the biggest meeting of the campaign for next Sunday's elections.

He quoted Soviet declarations that socialist and capitalist countries could live together peacefully and asked: "Why can they not live and co-operate peacefully with us? Let them assume that we are a capitalist country and let them try to live peacefully with us at least that way."

Mr. Pijade added that what bothered Russia was that Yugoslavia was a genuine Socialist country.

Mr. Pijade spoke from a high rostrum in the centre of the Square backed by a portrait of Marshal Tito.

When the Yugoslav people go to the polls on March 26, the electoral procedure will be slightly more liberal than at the last election in 1945—on paper, writes Ronald Preston, Reuters' Correspondent.

This year, instead of voting for a "fixed list," drawn up by the Communist-dominated People's Front for the whole country, they will vote for individual candidates in balloting for the Federal Council.

Election to the other House of the Yugoslav People's Assembly, which takes place at the same time, will, however, still be by fixed list.

New electoral law

Under the new electoral law of January 21, anyone who has the right to vote and is nominated by 100 voters can stand as a candidate—and be elected provided he polls a clear majority over all the other candidates in his constituency.

In theory, this leaves the way open for anti-Government candidates to present themselves. In practice, it is doubtful, however, whether many will avail themselves of the opportunity.

Fear of indirect reprisals by the UDB (Marshal Tito's secret police) either against themselves or against those who nominate them, makes anti-Government candidates reluctant to stand for election.

In addition, it would be exceedingly difficult for such candidates to fight an election campaign against the People's Front which has huge propaganda machine backed by a membership of some 8,000,000.

So, although the electoral procedure appears to be slightly more liberal than hitherto, it is likely that all that the Yugoslav people will be able to do on March 26 is to confirm Marshal Tito's Communist Government in power for another four years.

Reds not worried

The Communists themselves are not worried by the fact that these elections will not be free by Western standards. They see their task as to destroy the old order by revolution and "build Socialism" in its place. Everything else must be subordinated to this end.

They believe that to have completely free elections in the present "transition period" between Capitalism and Socialism would only give the "class enemy" a chance to put a spoke in the Socialist wheel.

Really free elections will only be possible, their creed tells them, when "reaction" is finally liquidated and the Socialist order is accepted by all Yugoslavs as permanent.

The Yugoslav Government's attitude to the elections was made clear by M. Edvard Kardelj, who is a senior member of the Yugoslav Politbureau as well as Foreign Minister, when he introduced the new electoral law in Parliament.

"A step forward"

Describing the law as a "weapon of our working class in its fight for Socialism," he added that it represented a "step forward in our Socialist democracy, but this does not mean that it permits the revival of counter-revolutionary remnants."

Given this attitude, observers here believe that the Government's step to liberalise the election procedure was taken only in order to create the impression abroad that the elections were freer than in the Iron Curtain countries.

In these circumstances, the return of Marshal Tito's Government with an overwhelming majority at a time when the country is under strong economic and political pressure from the Cominform world, it is hoped, indicate to the world that Marshal Tito is, if anything, more firmly than ever in the saddle.

This would be a rebuff to the Kremlin and would tend to convince the West that Yugoslavia was a good risk for the foreign trade which the country needs so badly for its five-year plan.—Reuters.

The problem of making rain in NY

New York, March 19.

A legal authority said today that New York's attempts to make rain may lead to the formation of an interstate cloud authority which would pass on applications for making rain to ease water shortages such as the one New York has now.

The commission would also help mediate disputes such as would occur between rubber manufacturers who want rain to help business, and farmers hoping for sunshine.

Lawyers and engineers argued the legality of tampering with the sky as scientists prepared to try to squeeze rain out of the clouds hovering over New York's dry watershed.

There is a great deal of speculation and little certainty in the debates over how to seed the clouds with dry ice and silver iodine in an effort to make them give up their rain. No one really knows what will happen, because there are no laws governing what man may or may not do.

Some lawyers believe the nation's largest city might be brought to court on charges of cloud stealing, sky trespassing or disturbing the peace with thunder. There might be damage suits resulting from artificially-produced rainfall.

Other legalists say the sky is free for anybody to do what he likes. One lawyer said, "Anybody is allowed to shoot a duck in season if he has a hunting license, and the man on whose property the shooting takes place cannot claim the duck. Maybe it will be the same way with clouds. I should think anybody who takes the trouble to go up and play around with the cloud could have it."

Some engineers look for complications resulting from the tendency of clouds to move about. They pointed out that although a cloud directly overhead might be seeded with dry ice or silver iodide, by the time the rain falls the cloud might be miles away over somebody else's property.

"You can't tie it to a stake and milk it like a cow," one declared.—United Press.

Czech mission in Peking

San Francisco, March 19. Peking radio today reported the arrival of a Czech trade mission in order to develop trade between the two countries. The mission is headed by Frantisek Adamsek.

Recent reports indicated that similar missions would soon be arriving from Eastern Zone Germany and other Soviet satellites which are able to offer manufactured goods and industrial raw materials in exchange for China's products—bristles, vegetable oils, tin, wolfram ores, gold, and tea.—United Press.

Riot squads stand by in Italy

Rome, March 19.

Riot squads stood ready for trouble in Rome and other key Italian cities today as the Communists planned mass meetings to protest against the new emergency police measures.

Jeeps of riot squads were parked in side alleys around Parliament and government buildings, although the streets of Rome were quiet.

In Milan, Genoa, Turin, Bologna and Florence, the police were on the alert, and week-end leaves cancelled.

The Communists reacted vociferously to the government's new security measures, which will ban public meetings for three months and restore the nation's police force to its 1948, pre-election strength.

At a series of emergency meetings, which lasted until after midnight, the Communist Party declared that the police orders were a step toward Fascism and the workers would not let them be enforced.

The police measures apply also to activities of the neo-Fascist Italian Social Movement, but the Communists charged that they were intended primarily to block demonstrations by strikers and land-grabbing peasants.—United Press.

U.S. to sell democracy to Germans

Washington, March 19.

The State Department plans to bring about 3,000 Germans to the United States in the year ending July 1, 1951, as part of its campaign to "sell democracy" in Germany.

Congress is to be asked to earmark about \$7,000,000 for this out of a \$30,000,000 budget for American occupation expenses in Western Germany.

Most of the visitors will be officials of the West German Republic, editors, teachers, legislators, union leaders, students, and agricultural, food, legal and health experts.

About 2,500 West Germans will have visited the United States during the year ending this July 1 to observe American democracy at first hand. The cost was \$5,000,000.

State Department officials report that there has been a big increase in the number of private American organizations desiring to assist in the programme.

Co-operation generally takes the form of paying the expenses of visiting Germans while in the United States and guiding their tours.

United States Army Department officials are also planning to expand the number of visits by Austrians to the United States to counteract Russian propaganda in that country.—Reuters.

Bombay, March 19.

Four killings, one of them fatal, were officially reported tonight, the seventh day of disturbances. A communique gave this week's figures as 14 killed, 33 wounded and 70 arrested.—Associated Press.

SENATOR WANTS ARMS AID FOR GERMANY, SPAIN

Washington, March 19.

Senator Walter George said today that he regarded the administration's European military aid programme a waste of money as long as it did not provide for rearming Western Germany and aiding Spain.

He avoided, however, any positive proposal for sending American arms to Germany now.

Senator George, who is chairman of the Senate Finance Committee and leading Democrat on the Foreign Relations Committee, told reporters he would oppose Mr. Truman's request for foreign military aid spending authority beyond the amount approved last year.

He also opposed the MAP bill last year, but said he would go along this year to the extent of supporting appropriations to pay off US\$400,000,000 worth of contract authorisations approved in 1949.

The MAP appropriations last year earmarked \$1,300,000,000 in cash and contract authority, of which \$1,000,000,000 was for the North Atlantic Pact nations.

President Truman has asked for a second instalment of \$1,100,000,000 this year.

Meanwhile, the Defence Secretary, Louis Johnson, said today that he was determined to press his drive to eliminate the "fat" from the military budget despite all criticism and at the same time increase the combat power of the armed forces.

The defence chief made the statement in an interview reviewing his first stormy year in the office that contributed to the death of the former Secretary, James Forrestal.

Mr. Johnson said the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Secretaries of the Army, Navy and Air Force agreed with him that US\$13,000,000,000 was the most that should be spent on defence during the new fiscal year. He added that he would oppose any efforts to cut this amount.

Army, Navy and Air Force spending was running at a rate of about US\$15,000,000,000 when Mr. Johnson became Defence Secretary on March 28 last year.

Resignation rumours

Mr. Johnson denied rumours that he would resign soon. He said: "I like the challenge of the job. I intend to stay until it is finished or until President Truman tells me I am no longer needed."

Mr. Truman has indicated that he is pleased with Mr. Johnson. Mr. Johnson said that his double-barrelled programme of economy and unification of armed services was progressing satisfactorily.

"The nation's defences are far better than a year ago and getting better all the time," he said. "The Army, Navy and Air Force are more alert and in a better state of combat readiness than they have been since demobilisation."

"There is intense rivalry among the Army, Navy and Air Force to get their uniforms men from behind the desks and into combat jobs."

Bitter criticism

The most controversial member of President Truman's post-election Cabinet, Mr. Johnson found much of the past 12 months tumultuous. His dismissal of 163,000 civilian employees, closing down of military installations and reductions in the sizes of the armed services has evoked criticism, often bitter, from Congress, high-ranking officers of the Navy and from the Press. After being sworn in, Mr. Johnson warned top officers at the Pentagon either to get wholeheartedly behind unification or get out.

The former Navy Secretary, John Sullivan, Admiral Louis Denfeld, Rear Admiral Joel Boone and Captain John Crommelin of the Navy are proof that he meant it. Mr. Sullivan quit in a huff, Admiral Denfeld was fired, Admiral Boone recently was ousted from the Joint Medical Board and Captain Crommelin was put on furlough with half pay.

Mr. Johnson struck a blow for unification by abolishing separate Army, Navy and Air Force days and merging them into one Armed Forces Day.—United Press.

Devaluation of currency in Indonesia

Jakarta, March 19.

The United States of Indonesia devalued the currency by 50 per cent today and seized half of all cash and bank accounts over 1,000 guilders as a government loan.

(The guilder was quoted in the United States recently at about 20 cents.)

An ordinance of the Finance Ministry said all paper Indonesian guilders in circulation will lose half their value.

All banks and pay offices in the country are to be closed until March 22. After that they will reopen and exchange old money for new banknotes at one-half the face value until April 16.

The Finance Ministry's order literally required paper money over five guilders in value to be cut in half. The left hand half of the bill will be valued as currency at half face value until April 9, after which it must be exchanged for new currency.

"In due time," Finance Minister Sjafoeddin said in a radio explanation of the new decree, the right hand half may be turned in for government bonds, again at half the face value.

He also said half of all money held as cash or in bank accounts "will be regarded by the government as a public loan" bearing three per cent interest. Banks will be required to transfer 50 per cent of every bank account to a special account for the loan, reckoning the amount at half the face value. Accounts of under 400 guilders will be exempted and accounts of less than 1,000 will have 200 guilders exempted from the loan provisions.—Associated Press.

HK a spy centre, Red agency says

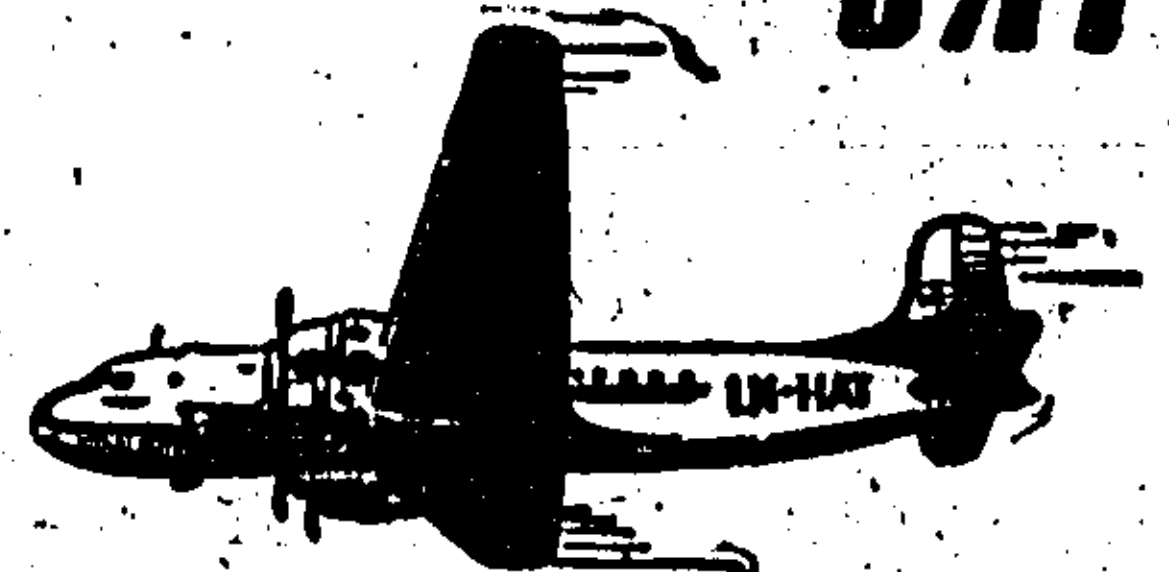
London, March 19.

The Moscow Radio tonight accused Britain and the United States of spying on Communist China through a combined headquarters established with Chinese Nationalists in Hong Kong.

The broadcast, heard here, quoted a Saigon, Indo-China, correspondent of Telepress, Left Wing news agency. It said the existence of a British-American headquarters in Hong Kong had been "revealed in confidence by officers of General Douglas MacArthur's staff when inspecting French colonial troops in Saigon."

The dispatch charged that the alleged Hong Kong espionage centre is under the direct control of General Douglas MacArthur's Headquarters in Tokyo, and maintains close contact with illegal Kuomintang (Chinese Nationalist) organisations and Catholic missionaries and their organisations in China.—Associated Press.

BRAATHENS SOUTH AMERICAN & FAR EAST AIRTRANSPORT A/S SAFE



LUXURIOUS "SKYMASTER" FOUR ENGINE PLANE ROUTES NORTH-EUROPE & SOUTHERN

HONGKONG-OSLO

via AMSTERDAM

BOOKINGS ACCEPTED FOR ANY EUROPEAN DESTINATION

BRAATHENS S.A.F.E. AIRTRANSPORT A/S. DEPARTURES EVERY FRIDAY 9 A.M.

(Every second Friday in conjunction with C.P.A.)

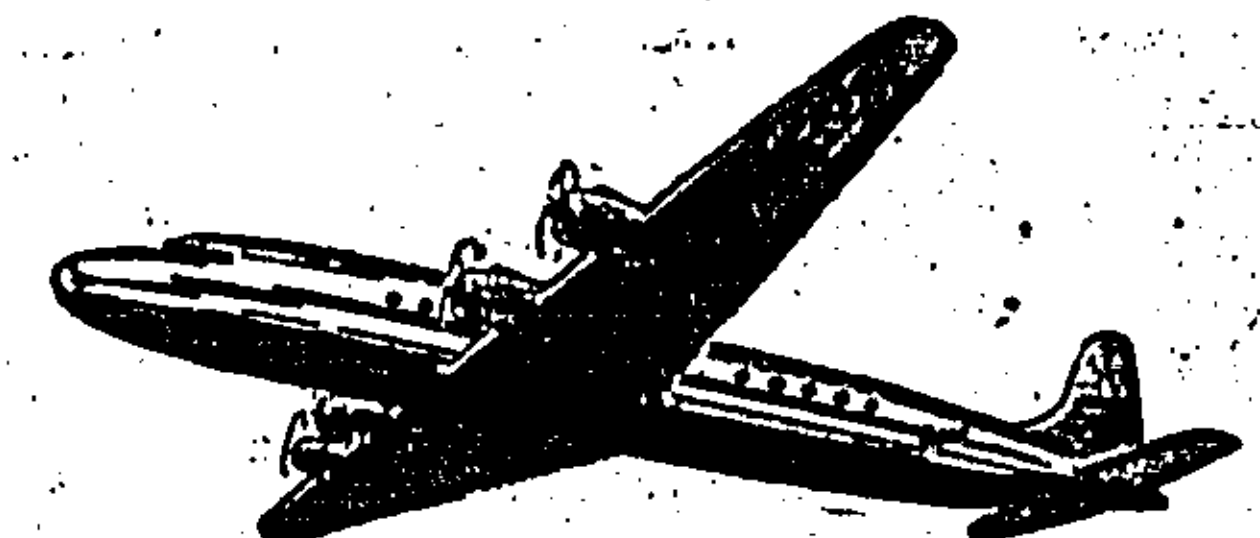
For Passage & Freight Bookings Apply to:—

WALLEM & CO., LTD.

Agents:

Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank Bldg.

Tel: 34177-9



80,000,000
CUSTOMERS
live along
C.P.A. Routes

Along Cathay Pacific Airways routes are eighty million, ready-to-buy customers whom no manufacturer can afford to overlook. You can reach more of these customers in shorter time by C.P.A. than by any other way of travel.

Cathay Pacific

General Agents:

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

• HANKOW • LAMUAN
• SAIGON • BANHONG
• MANILA • RAMPOON
• SINGAPORE • SINGAPORE
• JERSEY • JERSEY

FLY
THE FASTEST ROUTE
Exceptional Reduced
60 Day Excursion

US\$1,348.70

To

Boston Cleveland Milwaukee Newark
Chicago Detroit New York Washington

Usual Baggage Allowance

Canadian Pacific
AIR LINES

Ground Floor
Union Bldg.
Tel: 23081

U.S. admiral on China's attitude

Milwaukee, Wisconsin,

March 19.

Rear Admiral Eli Zacharias, retired deputy Chief of Naval Intelligence who predicted the Pearl Harbor attack, today said he believes that the Chinese Communists would rather work with the United States than Russia.

He urged the United States to take advantage of the situation to drive a wedge between China and Russia.

Admiral Zacharias said, "Chinese military leaders know we can give them much more than the Russians can and the leaders know too that they need us more than we do them."

In an interview, the Admiral also said he believed that Republican Senator Joseph McCarthy had found some erroneous information in his investigation of security risks in the State Department.

He said he would vouch for the patriotism of two men attacked, John Service who has been slated for a Consul post in India, and Dr. Philip Jessup, roving American Ambassador.

Admiral Zacharias said, "Sometimes the best people get misinformation. I hope he gets back on the right track."

On the China question the Admiral said the main goal of the Chinese regime was to restrain foreign influence from China and this provided an opportunity for the United States to step in and freeze Russia.

He suggested that economic aid to new governments expending growing nationalism was the best way to combat Communism in Southern Asia.

Admiral Zacharias said it was useless to count on Chiang Kai-shek because Chiang has nothing to offer the people of China.—United Press.

Value of Eastmark tumbling

Berlin, March 19.

The value of the East German mark tumbled two more points on Berlin's thriving blackmarket today and Western sources accused the Russians of manufacturing an East mark "panic" to disrupt West Berlin economy.

Blackmarket money changers, who yesterday offered nine Eastmarks for one Westmark, raised their price to 11 for one today. It was the lowest price for the Eastmark since the currency "crisis" began three days ago. Officially, the East and West marks are equal in value, but for a year the rate has fluctuated between five and seven Eastmarks for one Westmark.

Western Allied finance officials believed the price would be around 8.5 Eastmarks for one Westmark when the semi-official currency exchange offices reopened tomorrow.

Allied and German sources charged that the Russians were dumping Eastmarks into the Western sectors in an effort to disrupt West Berlin economy. Officials expressed the belief that the falling in value of the Eastmark to an all-time low was designed to get West Berliners to buy their goods and services in the Soviet sector.

If the controlled East Berlin prices are forced to hold, the effect might be a shifting of purchases of "consumer" goods from the Western to the Eastern sector. This could be well-nigh ruinous to West Berlin economy.—United Press.



TRANS-ASIATIC AIRLINES, INC.

DC-3s and
Catalina Flying Boats
Available For Charter

FAR EAST AVIATION CO., LTD.

Top Floor, National City Bank of N.Y. Bldg. Tel: 27259
(Entrance on Duddell Street) Kowloon Tel: 57185

With
AIR FRANCE
To
Indo China
& Europe

FLIGHTS TO—
PARIS
EVERY
MONDAY & SATURDAY

AIR FRANCE

Architects And Builders

SPECIFY

IMPERMO

THE BEST & CHEAPEST

CEMENT
WATERPROOFING
COMPOUNDIn 28 lb. & 45 lb.
drums.GREEN ISLAND
CEMENT CO., LTD.

TELEPHONE HOUSE TEL. 21463

TAI HANG JEWELLERY

Wholesalers of CUT-DIAMONDS

&

Sole Agents For
Liberty Diamond Cutting Works (Pty) Ltd.

Johannesburg, South Africa

Bank of East Asia Bldg. Telephone 21366
7th Floor, Room 707.

INTRODUCING THE

NEW
GREY MAGIC
ROYALNew
Colour!New
Look!New
Touch!New
Features!Finger
Form KeysClean
Ribbon
Change!Removable
Cylinder!Magic
Margin!

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

LIMITED

Specialists in Office Equipment.

11, Chater Road.

Tel. 31023

WALLOONS THREATEN TO SECEDE IF LEOPOLD RETURNS

Shots fired as strikes threatened

Brussels, March 19.

Shots were fired near Louvain today and the Socialists threatened one strike after another until King Leopold III stepped down to make way for the fifth King of the Belgians.

The bitter dispute over Leopold's proposed return to the throne intensified by the hour in Belgium's worst political crisis in its 120 years as an independent nation. With tempers rising and no solution of the crisis in sight, the country technically was without a government.

Rifle and pistol fire was exchanged at Leuven and Kwerps, two villages 10 miles North of Louvain, but no one was injured in the clash involving 100 persons for and against the King.

The Louvain police said fighting had stopped when riot squads reached the scene. Houses were searched and a munitions depot allegedly discovered in a garage belonging to one J. Wycken, who was arrested.

Party congress

The Socialists, who bitterly oppose Leopold's return, held a special Party congress at which 1,162 delegates appealed for a solution "in a spirit of national concord" but one which barred Leopold.

Their statement said, "Unless such a solution is found, the action Committee will continue and amplify their action by all the means in their power until Leopold III finally understanding that the nation's interest takes precedence over his own, makes way for the fifth King of the Belgians (Crown Prince Baudouin)."

The resolution said the Socialists would fight Leopold by all available legal means, which are numerous and varied and range from Parliamentary opposition to general strikes.

The Socialists, who control the nation's trade unions, warned that they would continue their system of flash strikes, which would paralyse the country province by province or industry by industry for brief periods.—United Press.

Chinese Reds seize ECA supplies

London, March 19.

The Chinese Communist Military Government in Shanghai has seized supplies of the U.S. Economic Co-operation Administration there, the Red New China News Agency said today. In a radio dispatch monitored in London, this agency said the seizure was because ECA stocks "were intended for Chiang Kai-shek's regime to continue the civil war in China."

The Shanghai Military Control Committee has ordered that the goods be placed at the disposal of an aid committee for distribution in famine areas, the report said. Communist officials seized ECA supplies in Peking and Tientsin soon after the fall of those cities to the Reds more than a year ago.—Associated Press.

Brussels, March 19.
Belgium's French-speaking Walloons today declared that they would call for a new plebiscite—this time on splitting the country into three States—if exiled King Leopold tried to retake the throne.

The anti-Leopold Walloon leader, Fernand Dehoussé, said today, "We will wage a determined battle. We will not yield an inch to the Flemish majority."

"The fight is on and this time the position of the Walloon autonomists is stronger than ever."

M. Dehoussé announced that the Permanent Committee of the Walloon Congress met in secret yesterday and decided that if Leopold returned the Walloon Members of Parliament would table a bill providing for another plebiscite.

This would demand that the country be split into three federal autonomous States—Flanders (where Leopold's return is favoured), Wallonia and the bilingual Brussels areas.

M. Dehoussé said that the possibility of setting up a provisional government of Wallonia "has not been enshrined in the official Walloon doctrine"—but "such a move must not be discounted, given the present situation with which we are faced."

The Walloon threat came as the Catholic Prime Minister, M. Gaston Eyskens—whose Government resigned yesterday—announced that he would try to form a new government. His Catholic-Liberal Coalition collapsed when Liberal Ministers opposed a joint session of the Houses of Parliament to repeal the Regency law which keeps King Leopold in provisional exile.

Warning strikes

A wave of 24-hour unofficial strikes in Wallonia, staged as a warning against King Leopold's return ended yesterday. But it was feared that new strikes might paralyse industry in coming weeks.

The strikes spread yesterday to Flemish districts, though they were not expected to be on a large scale, there.

Pamphlets distributed in Antwerp asked dockers not to work tomorrow.

In Brussels, employees in a large industrial plant have already decided not to work tomorrow.

Socialist-dominated unions in Liege, Wallonia's biggest town, today decided on an official 24-hour general strike throughout Liege Province, probably next Friday.

The unions also planned a two-days strike for next week and a three days strike for the following week. "The mounting scale of the weekly strike will continue until the King abdicates", a union official said.

The "Liege" unions "hope" to spread this plan over the country. Tomorrow it will be put before the National Council of Belgium's largest union, the Socialist-dominated General Federation of Labour.

In Flanders, however, the workers either support the King's return or are lukewarm on the question.

Many of them, though affiliated to Socialist-sponsored unions, have already said that they will not join a purely political strike.

Socialist resolution

The National Council of the Belgian Socialist Party tonight passed a resolution declaring that "King Leopold, disavowed by the majority of Walloons and

the inhabitants of Brussels, is no longer capable of ensuring the unity of the Belgian nation".

(In last Sunday's referendum on King Leopold's return only 42.2 per cent of Walloons voted "Yes". In Brussels 48.1 per cent voted "Yes". The total vote was 57.68 per cent for the King's return to the throne.)

The Socialist resolution called for joint action committees to be set up by the Socialist Party and the Socialist unions.

These committees would "continue and extend their action with all means in their power until King Leopold understands that the interests of the country surpass his personal interests, and given the present situation with which we are faced."

M. Eyskens said that he would not begin his efforts to form a new government until tomorrow, adding that he hoped to be able to make a statement tomorrow night.

It was expected that M. Eyskens would attempt to form a new Catholic-Liberal Coalition. As a party the Liberals are generally divided on the Royal issue.

If he succeeds in forming a new government, M. Eyskens will not necessarily retain the post of Prime Minister.

The task, allotted to him today by Prince Charles, the Regent, was described as a mission of enquiry.—Reuter.

Ousting of Acheson demanded

Washington, March 19.

Senator Joseph McCarthy said today this country would be better off if Mr. Dean Acheson, the U.S. Secretary of State, were ousted.

"I think the situation would be infinitely improved if not only Mr. Acheson but the whole (State Department) ring of 'untouchables' were out," Senator McCarthy declared.

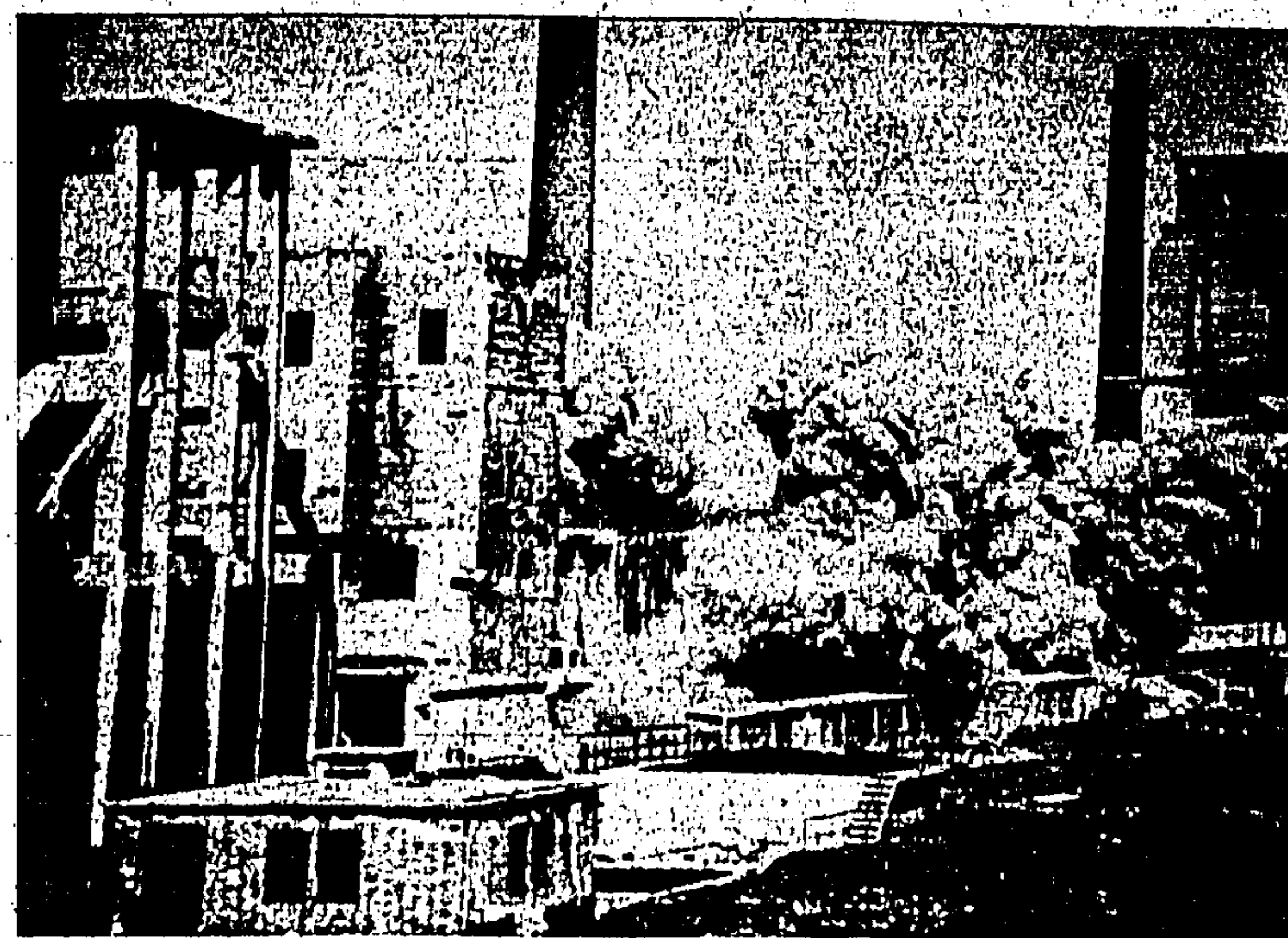
The Wisconsin lawmaker made this statement in reply to a question on a television programme. Repeating his charges that the State Department is a haven for Communists and other bad security risks, Senator McCarthy said he is convinced that "we will have most of the Ring" in the State Department.

He was referring to Alger Hiss, former State Department official who was convicted on a charge that he lied when he denied having given secret U.S. documents to a courier for Russia.

In reply to another question, Senator McCarthy said he does not believe that Hiss was the top man in the espionage ring which he declared still exists in the Department.

Asked whether the "top man" is still in the Department, Senator McCarthy replied that there are several extremely dangerous men still in the Department.—Associated Press.

British troops called to German steel plant



BRITISH troops have occupied the former Herman Goering steel plant at Watenstedt-Salz-gitter, Germany, following dismantling disturbances by the workers. The troops were called in after the workers had pulled down scaffolding, used by dismantlers, tipped over cars owned by the dismantling firm and burned some of the firm's records. The plant, one of the biggest steel works in all Europe, employs about 14,000 workers. Germans have been protesting ever since dismantling of the plant was ordered. They claim the plant is the sole source of employment for the 124,000 inhabitants of Watenstedt-Salz-gitter.

Photo shows the first dynamite charges set off in the dismantling of sections of the former Hermann Goering steel plant at Watenstedt-Salz-gitter, Germany. The explosion crumpled some of the concrete installations of the plant.—Associated Press Photo.

French strikes expected to end; price hikes due

Paris, March 19.

The strike movement which started in the French steel industry three weeks ago, and at one time affected half a million workers, was expected to end in the course of the coming week following a special meeting of Cabinet Ministers tonight which was presided over by the Premier, M. Georges Bidault.

Government experts originally said that any increases over the five per cent would involve higher prices, but the Premier called for a new investigation of the possibilities and the Government statisticians this morning produced figures tending to show that increases of seven to eight per cent would be possible without inflation.

The Cabinet Ministers' meeting tonight failed to reach a decision about wage increases, it was learned. A further meeting is to be held tomorrow morning, and it is hoped that final proposals will be submitted to a full Cabinet meeting on Wednesday.

The Finance Minister, M. Petesche, told reporters after the meeting that there had been no conflict of views between the Ministers.

While the gas and electricity workers' strike, now in its 11th day, has not noticeably affected the supply of current in Paris, the mobilisation orders issued to a small number of key workers in the gas plants appears to have remained ineffective.

Many householders have had virtually no gas for a week. Substantial numbers of "mobilised" workers have refused to obey the order.

In Paris, 115 mobilised gas workers are due to appear in court on Tuesday charged with disobedience.

Workers returning

Workers have been drifting back to work steadily in the steel works of the Paris region. A steel employer estimated tonight that no more than 30,000 or 40,000 men out of a total of 300,000 would be striking tomorrow morning.

The Strike Committee of the Renault automobile works told workers still on strike to return to their jobs tomorrow morning. The majority of the workers at the plant returned to work at the beginning of last week.

There was no change reported for the strikes in insurance, textiles, mining and building. Ten thousand dockers and builders have been on strike for 10 days at St. Nazaire, and the deadlock in the negotiations is causing local industrialists much anxiety.

The strike of seamen and Air France ground staff continued. Toulouse tramwaymen staged a 24-hour strike today as a first move in a higher-wages demand campaign.

State enterprises

The Government is directly concerned only with wages in State enterprises since wages were frozen in January. But it is caught on the horns of a dilemma. Many private employers have already settled strikes by granting a 10 per cent increase while Government experts have told the Cabinet that such rises granted in the nationalised industries would involve deficits or higher prices, and thus upset the Budget or call for higher taxation. Already, it is reported, that following the proposed wage ad-

FLOODS IN AUSTRALIA

Melbourne, March 19.

One hundred and ninety square miles of rich pasture land, lying between Shepparton and Murchison, have been inundated by week-end floods from heavy rains.

The little town of Tatura, with a population of 1,300, was reported to be cut off. Several other towns were threatened by the flood waters.

In Central Australia, floods cut the railway line to the North and storm damage interrupted the telephone link between here and Sydney.—Reuter.—Reuter.

FOR GREATEST
RECORDING PLEASURESee and Hear
wireway
PORTABLE
magnetic wire
RECORDER
and PHONOGRAPHTHE ONE and ONLY
RECORDER with
EVERY VITAL FEATURE

Distributed by:—

CENTRAL RADIO &
ELECTRIC CO.60, Nathan Road,
Kowloon.

Tel. 59814

BIGGER & BETTER THAN EVER!

1950

HONG KONG \$ DIRECTORY

NOW ON SALE

THE MOST UP-TO-DATE AND MOST COMPLETE
OF ALL BUSINESS DIRECTORIES IN THE COLONY!

- HONG LIST
- CLASSIFIED
- GOVT. OFFICES
- HOSPITALS
- SCHOOLS
- CHURCHES
- INSTITUTES
- CONSULATES
- SERVICES
- CLUBS
- AGENCIES
- WHO'S WHO
- RESIDENCES

PRICE: \$10 Per Copy. ON SALE AT ALL LEADING BOOK SHOPS
AND "CHINA MAIL" OFFICE, WINDSOR HOUSE.

FOR SPREADING
on bread, toast, biscuits and sandwiches, Blue Band makes them delicious, sustaining and nourishing.

FOR CAKES & PASTRIES

Blue Band makes them light, increases flavour, taste and goodness and is absolutely pure.

BLUE BAND ALWAYS

BLUE BAND MARGARINE

COMMUNIST-LED RIOTERS DEMONSTRATE AGAINST U.S. IN SAIGON AREA

Saigon, French Indo-China, March 19.

Thousands of Communist-led rioters demonstrated against the United States today and were quelled only after a two-hour battle with police and troops during which the American flag was torn down and the market place destroyed by fire.

Scores of persons were hurt, including 18 policemen. Some were reported to be in serious condition. Three rioters were admitted to hospitals but the police believed that dozens of others were wounded and were "afraid" to go to hospitals.

No Americans were hit. The police could not confirm reports that several persons were killed. Martial law was declared in the riot areas where a thick blanket of smoke hung over the smouldering wreckage where an estimated \$250,000 damage was done. Order was restored by late Sunday after the police used tear gas against the rioters' stones and bullets.

The French commander was killed three times and his condition was serious. Six demonstrators were arrested. Several students shot at the police. The police estimated that 3,000 students and 1,000 workers participated in the demonstration which turned into a fighting and shouting melee after the police tried to push them back.

The crowd was beaten back to the market place where it tried to stop the police with hastily constructed barricade of vegetable trucks. Native police called in local French troops as fire spread from cars and stalls to nearby buildings. The crowd was dispersed with the help of the French troops and the fire was brought under control.

Following the outbreak, a spokesman of the Vietnam Government said that force would be used to prevent future outbreaks. French sources said the native police did not fire on the demonstrators in retaliation.

U.S. navy visit

The anti-American riots were touched off by the visit here of the U.S. destroyers, Richard B. Anderson and Stickle, bringing Vice-Admiral Russell Berkeley Commander of the U.S. Seventh Fleet on a courtesy visit to Bao Dai, head of the French-sponsored Vietnam Government.

The American aircraft carrier, Boxer, unable to negotiate the winding river from South China Sea, lay offshore and her planes flew over Indo-China earlier this week in demonstration of the American sympathy to the Communist-threatened country.

The student demonstration was also directed against the French and against the anti-Communist Vietnam Government.

Crude printed pamphlets called for "Down with American Imperialism and French Colonisation" and asked for "Death to Bao Dai." Some slogans declared that the United States has been "defeated in China" and will be defeated in French Indo-China. They asked, "What is the fleet doing here?"

Other anti-American demonstrations occurred earlier this week. A bomb was thrown in downtown Saigon narrowly missing American sailors, and a hand grenade exploded in front of the building where the American mission had been staying.

French officials said the peaceful demonstration by some 3,000 students was taken over today by

Vietminh rebel Government agitators who turned it into further anti-American demonstrations.

Police approved

The police approved the student march to nearby Cholon to rebuild native houses destroyed by fire two weeks ago but en route haranguing Communist sympathisers took over the parade and led it to the city hall to protest against the visit of the American ships.

They demanded to see the Mayor and when told he was not in, they tore down the American, French and Vietnam flags. Then the mob started toward the riverfront where the American ships were tied up. When blocked by the police they split into groups headed by Communist terrorists. The terrorists led pillaging and burning expeditions throughout the market area.

Riots broke out simultaneously throughout the city and were apparently well planned. One started in the dock area near the American ships—300 students shouting anti-American slogans. The police broke up this group and the rioters hurled bricks and bottles at steel-helmeted patrolmen.

Other rioters broke into shops and tore down American flags flown by the stores honouring Americans. Shopkeepers tried frantically to save their goods from flames by loading them into taxicabs and rickshaws. The firemen were not able to control quickly the spreading flames in the market area. All police reserves were called out, armoured cars went into action and trucks loaded with troops rushed into troubled areas.

A United Press reporter watched the police with linked arms standing from across the street while several hundred youths armed themselves with bricks and rocks and prepared to charge the police line. The group was broken up when the police hurled tear gas grenades sending the excited milling bystanders scurrying for shelter. The police said the demonstration was expected and their reserves were standing by but that spontaneousness of the riots caught them unawares.—United Press.

CALL TO COMBAT HEART DISEASES

Washington, March 19. Former screen star Gloria Swanson urged Senators to triple spending next year to combat heart diseases.

"This is no justification for spending all the money we do for defence when heart trouble has killed more people than the most bloody war in history," she said.—Associated Press.



A young Berliner presents a piece of candy to Greek world-famed Swiss clown as he arrives at Berlin's Gatow airport from Hamburg.—Associated Press Photo.

More cold water on Acheson's proposals

Moscow, March 19.

The Russians throw more cold water today on the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson's peace proposals to end the cold war.

Soviet commentator Y. Viktorov, writing in "Pravda," organ of the Communist Party, ridiculed Mr. Acheson's seven suggestions for Russia to follow in ending the tension between the USSR and the U.S.

Mr. Acheson, who outlined his seven-point programme in a speech on Thursday at Berkeley, said at the time he did not believe Russia would accept the proposals.

"All Mr. Acheson's utterances," wrote Viktorov, "prove one and the same thing: That he has no concrete proposals whatsoever which are aimed at supporting the consolidating of peace."

(Mr. Acheson's proposals included Soviet co-operation in writing peace treaties with Germany, Austria and Japan, less Soviet objections at the United Nations, withdrawal of Russian troops from satellite states of Eastern Europe, effective control of atomic energy and an end to international Communism.)

Viktorov described Mr. Acheson's references to "total diplomacy" as "diplomacy relying on sheer force and resorting to methods of pressure and intimidation, the method of threats." He asserted "total diplomacy" did not differ from "atomic diplomacy."

The Pravda writer said the Acheson speech showed that total diplomacy signifies not only the continuation but even the intensification of the aggressive line in United States foreign policy. Viktorov said Mr. Acheson had been unsuccessful in attempting to present U. S. policy as a peace policy.

Viktorov said what Mr. Acheson's speech really showed is that "the aggressive, adventurous course of U.S. foreign policy

aimed at unleashing a new war is causing acute alarm among a wide strata of the American people."

"Every year," he added, "the Soviet Government puts forward proposals aimed at supporting and consolidating peace and capable of ensuring the security of the nations and universal peace."—Associated Press.

Goa Congress supports Nehru

Bombay, March 19.

The Goa National Congress meeting here today unanimously passed a resolution "pledging unqualified support to the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, in his declaration that Goa will undoubtedly join India."

Another resolution of the Congress declared that "Goans will not tolerate the presence of a foreign power in the homeland any longer. Goa is not part of Portugal in any shape or form. Goans are Indians and Portugal can never lay claim to their birthright."

The Congress was addressed by the President of the Indian Cricket Board of Control, Mr. Anthony de Mello, who appealed to the Portuguese Premier, Dr. Salazar, to form a caretaker Government composed of the best men of the Goan community for Goa prior to the transfer to India.—Reuter.

Spring fair opens in Frankfurt

Frankfurt, March 19.

Western Germany today opened a spring fair that pointedly avoided the political trappings of the Soviet zone's recent Leipzig fair.

Spectators found no Western counterpart to Leipzig's red stars and flags and printed quotations from Josef Stalin.

Only the horizontally striped black, red and gold flag of the Federal Republic flew on top of the tallest exposition hall.

The U. S. High Commissioner, Mr. John J. McCloy, opening the fair with Federal President Theodor Heuss, lauded the absence of political propaganda and "paraphernalia."

The Frankfurt fair, largest in Germany since the war, attracted 4,150 exhibitors, 1,139 from abroad.

Italy had the largest foreign display with 303 exhibits followed by Yugoslavia with 300, France with 191, Switzerland with 128, Belgium with 95 and the Netherlands with 83. Other exhibitors included Sweden and Denmark for the first time since the war, and Britain, Austria and Saar and the United States.

Post-war inventions

A number of exhibits described as post-war inventions included former U. S. Army jeeps adapted as passenger cars and light trucks.

Other exhibits ranged from collapsible skis to a veterinarian instrument to aid birth deliveries by large animals.

The building trades displayed new model air conditioners and bulldozers for cable and ditch digging work.

A hydraulic barrel lifter and a noiseless midjet crane for weights up to 300 pounds were shown by the marine industry.

The radio industry offered inter-office radio telephone equipment.

Stainless chromium tables were a feature of the furniture exhibits.

Fair officials estimated that 90,000 persons visited the grounds in the first three hours.—Associated Press.

INDO-JAPANESE RADIO LINK

New Delhi, March 19.

It was officially stated today that negotiations to reopen the wireless link between India and Japan have been completed, except for the question of rates, which are under consideration by the Government of India and SCAP.

The link was suspended during the war. Other countries connected with India by wireless are Afghanistan, Australia, Burma, China, the United Kingdom and the United States.—United Press.

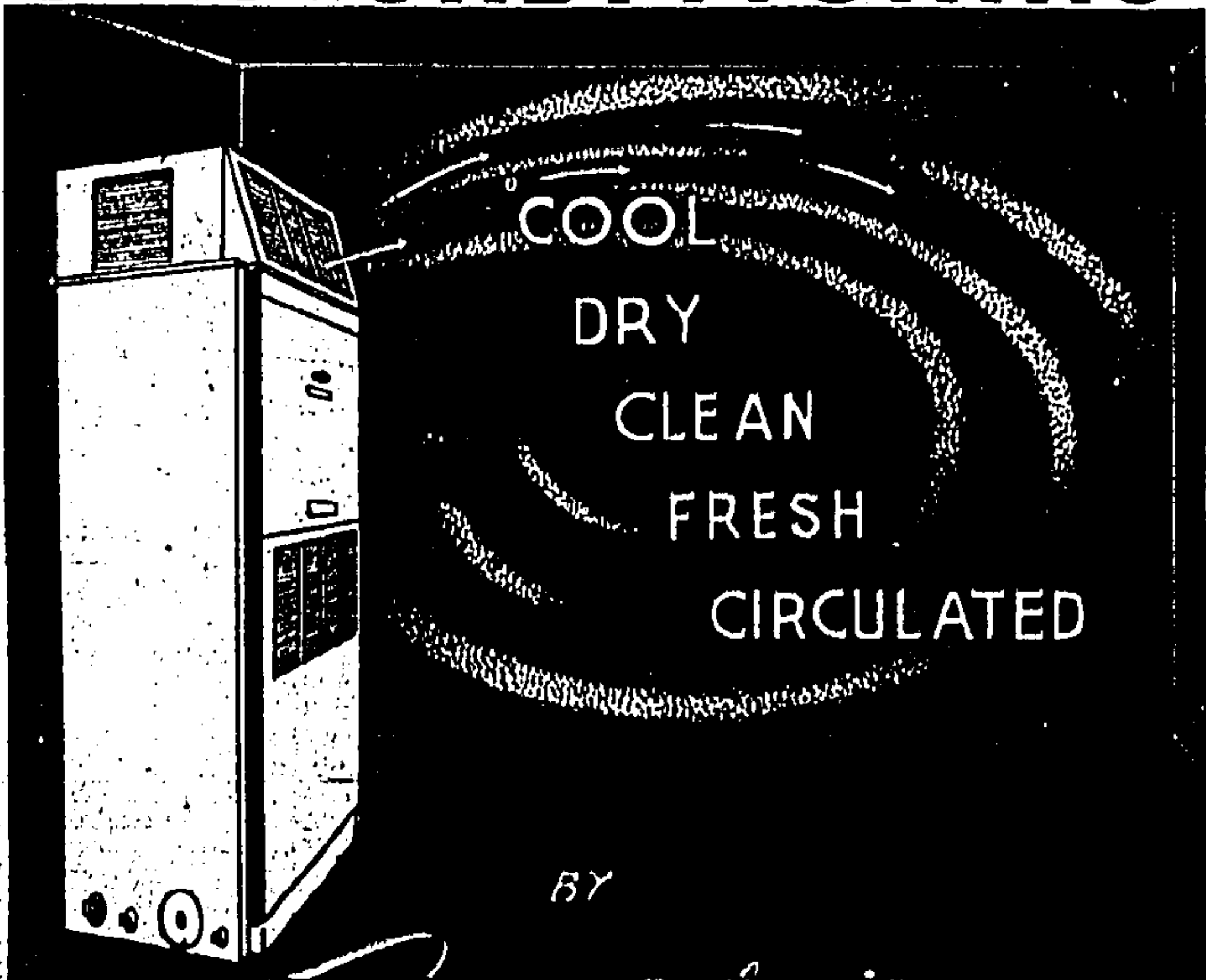
HENNESSY
COGNAC
BRANDY
for
QUALITY
BOUQUET
CLEAN TASTE
OBTAINABLE
EVERYWHERE
SOLE AGENTS—
L. RONDON & CO. (H.K.) LTD.
FRENCH BANK BLDG.

FRAZER YOUNG

TRIBUTE SILKS & SATINS
BROCADES, ETC.
CHEFBO EMBROIDERED LINENS,

RAW SILKS — SPECIAL PRICE
24 Wyndham St. Tel. 28382

AIR-CONDITIONING



SINCERE'S DEPARTMENT STORE

For Sportshirts Of Distinction



SANDY
MACDONALD
RAYON
SPORTS
SHIRTS

NELSON-PAGE

NYLON-ACETATE SHIRTS

SEE OUR NEW STOCKS

THE SINCERE CO., LTD.

500
OBSERVATORY PRIZES
PAUL BUHRE
LE LOCLE SWITZERLAND
ESTABLISHED IN 1865
SHIRO (CHINA) LTD.

RUGS

TIENTSIN
WASHED RUGS
and

JADE

CURIOUS WARES

WHOLE SALE & RETAIL

CHEN BROS.
CURIOS CO.

21 Wyndham St.
H. K.

RUGS

TIENTSIN CHEMICAL
WASHED RUGS
FIRST QUALITY AT
FACTORY PRICES

VISIT

**GREAT EASTERN
RUG CO.**

4 Hankow Rd. (Ground Floor)
Kowloon Tel. 59199

Agents

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI LACE CO.
(LOON KEE)

RUGS

TIENTSIN
WASHED RUGS

PEKING
ART RUGS

Wholesale & Retail

PHILIP CHU

51, Hankow Road,
Kowloon

RUGS

JUST RECEIVED
LARGE STOCK

OF

TIENTSIN CHEMICAL
WASHED RUGS
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
AT FACTORY PRICES

Inspection cordially
invited.

CLEANING & MENDING
GOOD YEAR RUG CO.
Room 208, 1st Floor,
6, Hankow Road, Kowloon,
Tel. 58902.

D. & P. READY IN 4 HOURS



AIR CONDITIONED
Fine Grain Developing Printing
and Enlarging for your film.
QUEEN'S ROAD, C. TEL. 27834
OPPOSITE QUEEN'S THEATRE

RODO HOUSE

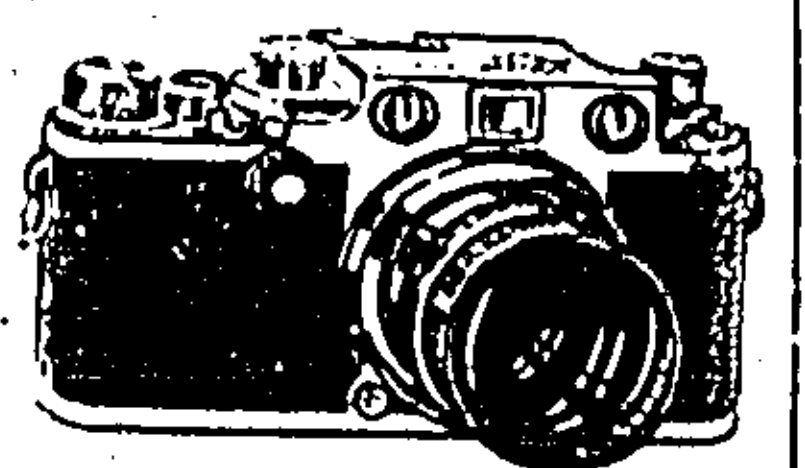
240, Tai Po Rd., Kowloon, Tel. 59876
Cable Address: "RODOHOUSE"
A high class modern hotel, aiming at
giving tourists and visitors the best
service at moderate rates. Private dining
room serves excellent Chinese and
European food.

The location is quiet and convenient.
Ideal for guests who wish to make their
home temporarily in Hongkong. Ask for
special monthly rates. Starting from
\$14 per day.

"YOU FEEL AT HOME IN RODO
HOUSE" is our motto.

T. H. Chan, (Manager).

(At Junction Tai Po Road & Castle Peak
Road, Shamshuipo, Buses Nos. 4, 6A & 12)

**LEICA**

CAMERA & ACCESSORIES
With stepped-up postwar production, are
now reaching the market in increasing
quantity. Meet the Leica now at your
nearest franchised dealer.

For Pianos
Music, Musical
Instruments, and
Gramophone Re-
cords, Please
call at

KING'S MUSIC CO.

5, Chiu Lung Street, H.K.
Telephone: 30429.

JUST ARRIVED
NEW SHIPMENT

RUGS

CARPET
INDUSTRIES

63 Austin Road, Kowloon

Spanish students honour Patron Saint



Spanish students honoured the feast of their Patron Saint—Thomas Aquinas—with traditional dances and parades. In Madrid students dressed in regional costume or garb satirising aspects of their universities or national life.—AP Photo.

Spurting German steel output worrying Allies

Duesseldorf, March 20.

Spurting German steel production is confronting the Allies with a major policy decision. Shall they raise the 11,100,000-ton limit that West Germany now is allowed to produce annually?

It would help to relieve her unemployment and strengthen her economy, the Germans argue.

But against that, it would raise the old fears of her neighbours that a strong German steel industry means a strong German war potential.

Smoking plants in the Ruhr and other West German industrial centres are already producing steel at a rate within easy range of the permitted level.

Allied and German officials expect the authorised ceiling will be reached within two months.

A British spokesman estimated West Germany's actual steel production capacity at 14,700,000 tons—3,600,000 tons more than she is allowed to produce.

High Allied circles are understood to be weighing what to do about this gap—whether to apply the brakes or to risk giving more scope to Germany's economy.

Allied sources say they expect German political and industrial leaders to begin an intensive campaign soon to win permission to increase the output. They expect the German argument to run like this:

"Unemployment is our greatest problem—particularly with the influx of refugees from the East. Why let steel plants stand idle or work only part time? They could be providing more jobs and helping subsidiary industries. Help Germany get on her feet and off the American taxpayers' back."

If there is war

"War potential? The West German government has demonstrated its peaceful aims. We want to join the Council of Europe. We already have joined the International Ruhr Authority. But if there is a war? In any case, Western Germany sides with the Western Allies."

SERVICE TO OFFER

DENNIS & CO., LTD.
(White Ants Extermination Dept.)

Offers service in White Ants Extermination. Just make a call on the telephone and our Technician will be at your service for free inspection.
TELE: 32913 & 33324.

UNION HOUSE

221-223, Nathan Road, Kowloon
Telephone: 55525
Cable Add: "UNIONHOUSE"
Situated at convenient and residential centre.
Modern Equipment and Excellent Service.
Comfortable and pleasant surroundings.
Call for phone for reservations.

LOW PRICE!

Calculators, Typewriters,
Carbons & Ribbons

The World Typewriter Co.
16, Wellington St., Tel. 20500.
Repairing Service

LAMBERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors
& Appraisers.
Fodder Building.
Telephone No. 20224.

A-BOMB ATTACK ON U.S. A CERTAINTY--LEAHY

Washington, March 20.
It is a practical certainty that the United States will be attacked with atomic bombs, according to Fleet Admiral William Leahy, wartime Chief of Staff to Presidents Roosevelt and Truman.

He wrote in a book to be published today, "There is a practical certainty that potential enemies will have it in the future and that atomic bombs will sometime be used against us."

In his book, "I Was There," the blunt-speaking 75-year-old Admiral also wrote:

1. The atomic bomb "was of no material assistance in our war against Japan." Admiral Leahy believed that "scientists and others" wanted to use it on Nagasaki and Hiroshima because of the vast sums spent on the atomic project. He said President Truman ordered its use reluctantly.

2. Scientists told Mr. Roosevelt in the middle of 1945 that they thought they had a bacteriological weapon that would destroy the entire Japanese rice crop. Some American officials wanted to use it but Admiral Leahy fought it on the grounds of Christian ethics.

3. The United States made a mistake in asking Russia to come into war against Japan. Admiral Leahy said he advised against it

but President Roosevelt listened to Army leaders.

Admiral Leahy said that frankly he thinks the atomic bombing of Japan was unnecessary because the enemy was already defeated. He said that by being the first nation to use the bomb, Admiral Leahy writes, "We have adopted an ethical standard common to barbarians of the Dark Ages.... wars cannot be won by destroying women and children."

Mordern barbarism

He lumped atomic weapons, poison gas and bacteriological warfare as new and terrible instruments of uncivilized warfare which represent a modern type of barbarism not worthy of the civilized man.

However, he added he is forced to come to the reluctant conclusion that until there is some iron-clad international guarantee the United States must have more and better atomic bombs than any potential army.

Admiral Leahy frankly admitted that he underestimated the devastating force of the atom bomb. He recalled telling King George VI in England in July, 1945, "I do not think it will be as effective as is expected. It sounds like a professor's dream to me."

Admiral Leahy disclosed that use of germ warfare against Japan was discussed.

U.S. policy in Germany is questioned

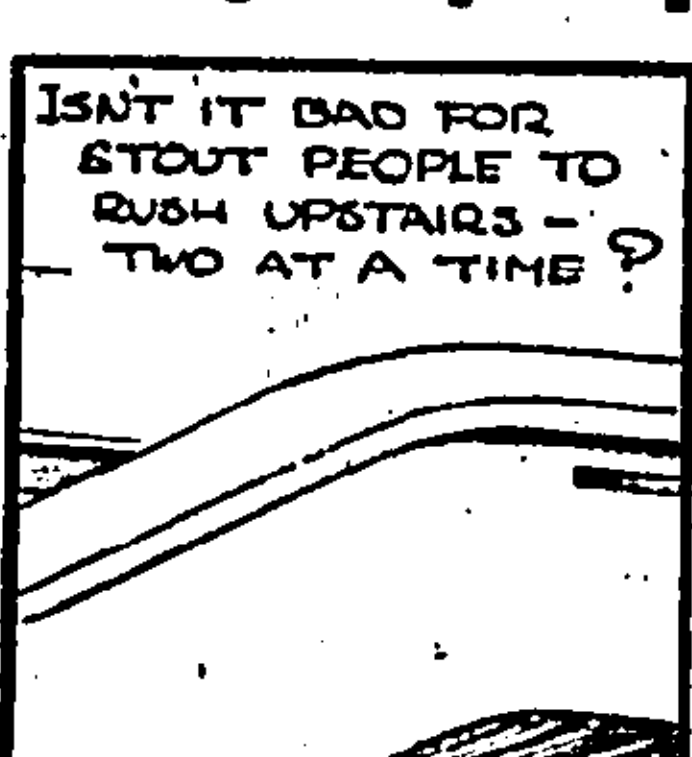
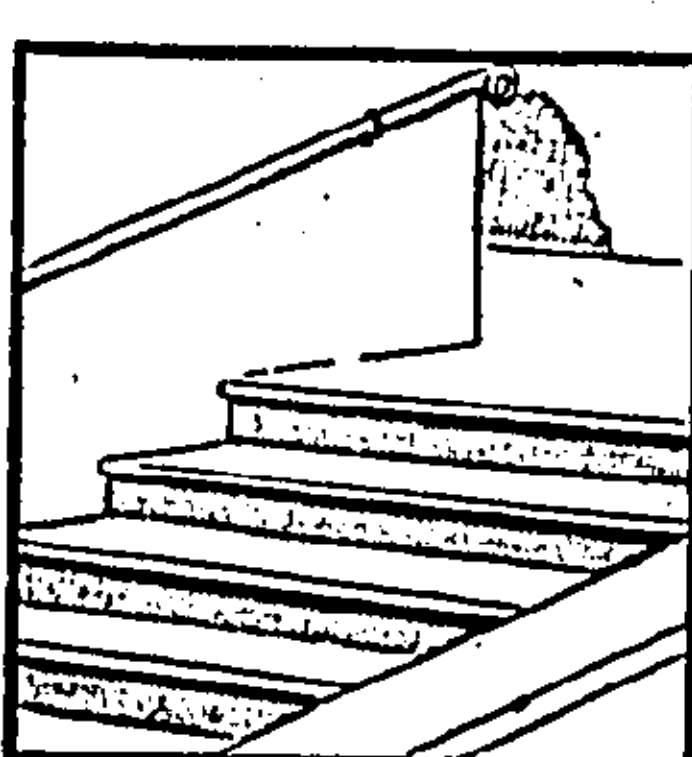
Washington, March 19.
The Society for the Prevention of World War III, a private organization, inquired today whether the United States intended that "the Germans could obtain military status if it were assumed this would not be a threat to other nations or the peace of the world."

The Society, which has been editorial in its monthly magazine, analyzing the U.S. High Commissioner's recent address at Stuttgart. It said the Commissioner's statement that the Germans would not be allowed military status which would threaten other nations should be clarified.

The Society, which has been critical of the United States' policies in Western Germany, quoted important figures in the Bonn government as planning a German military unit as part of the European defence forces.

It said such a unit would be composed of volunteers and a German officer corps would be called in without establishing a German High Command. These officers would not be sworn in on the German State.

"It is not sufficient for Mr. McCloy," said the Society, "to have no army, while on the other hand no permits the Germans to have (an industrial) basis upon which such an army can be revived in future," said the Society.—United Press.

POP**Double up!****MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN**

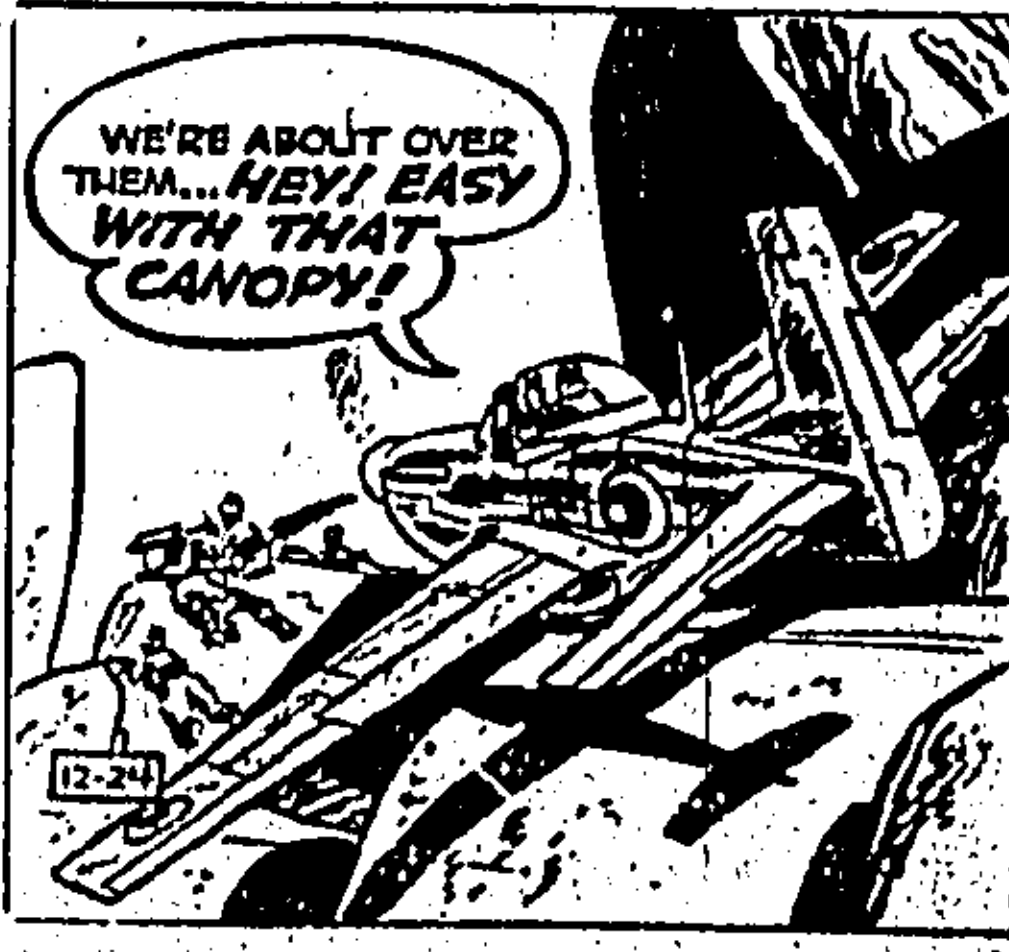
By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

**RIP KIRBY**

By ALEX RAYMOND

**JOHNNY HAZARD**

By FRANK ROBBINS

**JANE**

The NORWOOD Director
INCIDENT LIGHT
EXPOSURE UNIT



Complete with
ever-ready
Case
Special Price
\$18.95

with the
amazing
photophase
and
swivel head

CALL ON US
FOR
A DEMONSTRATION

TOFOTO & CO.

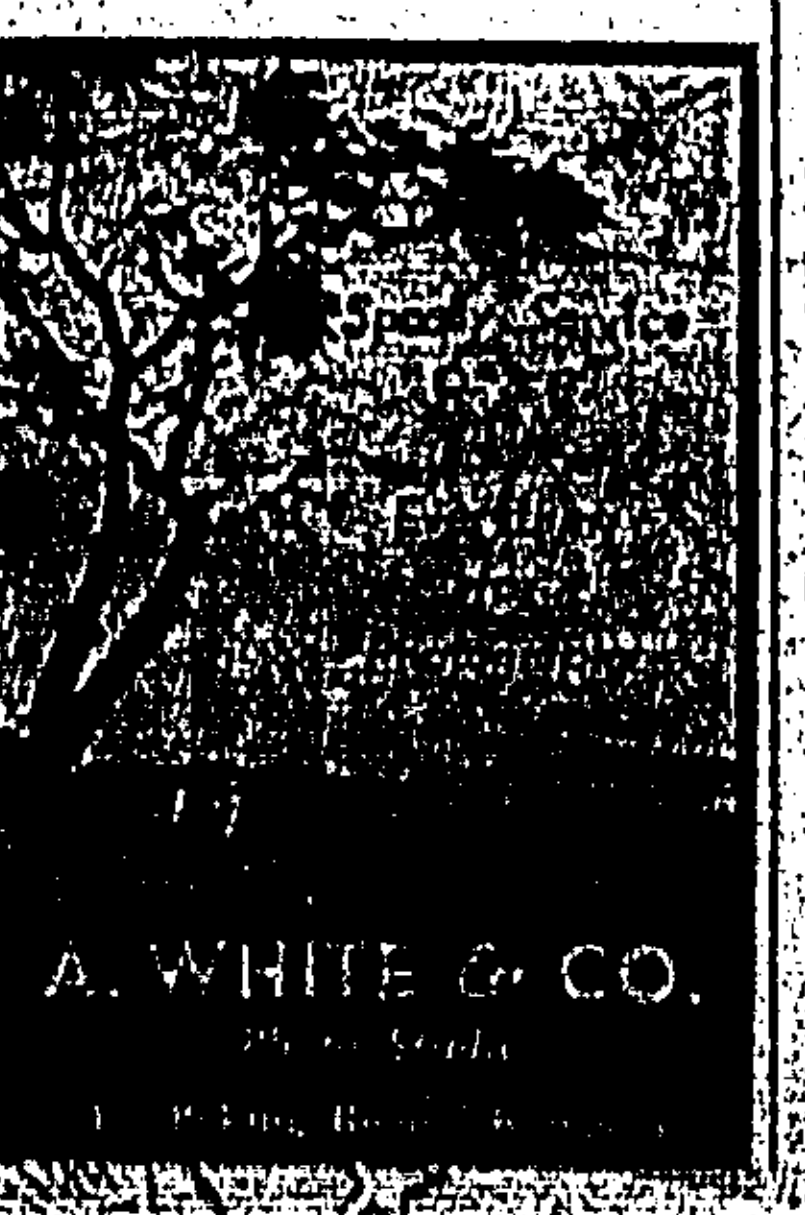
Room 300, 820, Hoi Bldg.
12/14 Queen's Rd. C. Tel. 51181.



Sole Distributors:
ED LAMB & CO.
Room 300, 820, Hoi Bldg.
12, Queen's Road, C.
Tel. 51181.

Your hair can be
made much more
BEAUTIFUL & GLAMOROUS
by going to
**HOLLYWOOD
BEAUTY PARLOUR**
16 Cameron Road,
Kowloon
(Telephone 59249)

LADIES
Cold Wave \$25.00
Machineless P. Wave \$20.00
Shampoo & Set \$4.50
GENTLEMEN
Haircut, Shave & Shampoo \$5.00



A. WHITE & CO.



CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO		
"PRODUCE"	Brunei & Sibiu	12.30 p.m. 21st Mar.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 21st Mar.
"YUNNAN"	Keelung, Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 22nd Mar.
"HUPEH"	Incheon & Tientsin	5 p.m. 23rd Mar.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 25th Mar.
"PAKHOL"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 25th Mar.
"NEWCHWANG"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 30th Mar.

ARRIVALS FROM		
"FENGTIEN"	Indonesia & Brunei	5 p.m. 21st Mar.
"HUNAN"	Tientsin & Taingtao	22/23rd Mar.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	p.m. 24th Mar.
"SHANSI"	Bangkok	24th Mar.
"KWEIYANG"	Bangkok	24th Mar.
"NEWCHWANG"	Nagoya	26th Mar.

RIVER SERVICE		
Hongkong/Macao	Macao/Hongkong	5 p.m. 21st Mar.
Dept. Hongkong	Arr. Hongkong	7 a.m. Tues., Wed., Fri. & Sat.
"WUSUEH"	2 p.m. daily except Wed. & Sun.	5 p.m. Sunday

BLUE FUNNEL LINE		
Scheduled sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.		
"AUTOMEDON"	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool, & Glasgow	26th Mar.
"PATROCLUS"	Haarlem & Liverpool	4th Apr.
"ANTIOCHUS"	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool, & Glasgow	25th Apr.

ARRIVALS FROM		
"MACHAON"	U.K. via Straits	In Port
"PATROCLUS"	U.K. via Straits	24th Mar.
"ANKING"	U.K. & Rotterdam via Straits	28th Mar.
"ANTIOCHUS"	U.K. via Straits	30th Mar.
"TELEMACHUS"	U.K. via Jeddah & Straits	2nd Apr.
"AUTOLYCUS"	U.K. via Straits	11th Apr.

NEW YORK SERVICE		
"AGAMEMNON"	Arr. from USA. via Manila	26th Mar.
Carriers option to proceed via other Ports to load & discharge cargo.		

AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE LTD./CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD. JOINT SERVICE		
SAILINGS TO		
"TAIPING"	Kure	27th Mar.
"CHIANGSHA"	Sydney & Melbourne	8th Apr.
ARRIVALS FROM		
"SOOCHOW"	Australia	5 p.m. 22nd Mar.
"TAIPING"	Australia & Manila	23rd Mar.
"CHIANGSHA"	Japan	5th Apr.

All the above subject to alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight particulars please apply to

1. CONNAUGHT ROAD, CENTRAL
Tel. 30331/8 Private Exchange.
BRANCH OFFICES: 50, Connaught Rd. West. 25875, 32144, 24878.
Chater Rd. Cable and Wireless Bldg. 27160.

Hong Kong Land Investment Company annual meeting

The Hong Kong Land Investment Company Limited held its 57th annual general meeting in the board room of Jardine Matheson and Company Limited yesterday noon.

Mr. D.F. Landale, who presided, told shareholders that the Company was embarking on the last stage of its post-war development programme with the rebuilding of Alexandra Building.

Reviewing the activities of the Company for the past year, Mr. Landale said: "As Shareholders are no doubt aware, the Company owns a very large section of the Central District. Because of this large measure of responsibility for providing the necessary amount of accommodation for the expanding needs of the commercial community falls on your Company."

"This has been no easy task; the responsibility has had to be related to ordinary economic prudence and everyday practicability. The redevelopment of any particular building could not be undertaken until existing tenants had either alternative premises or had been re-accommodated by the Company."

"Progress made since 1945 has been steady, albeit slow; the three floors have been added to Marina House, Edinburgh House has just been completed and we are about to embark on the last stage of our first post-war Development Programme with the rebuilding of Alexandra Building."

"On its completion we shall have added some 230,000 square feet of new office and shop accommodation to our properties. Yet it is only the revenue from the three extra floors of Marina House that is reflected in the accounts now before you."

"Under the revised Landlord & Tenant Ordinance an increase in controlled rents was permitted as from November 1, 1949, and consequently only two months of this additional revenue is included in these accounts. This increase has gone only a small way towards meeting the present high costs of property maintenance and operation."

"All the more urgent repairs to your properties were completed by the end of 1948 and on general scale of expenditure on general building maintenance may now be taken as normal."

"A progressive improvement in the standard of operation and maintenance throughout your pro-

erties will nevertheless be continued, although non-essential expenditure on redecoration and superficial repairs must continue on an austere basis so long as rent control of business premises remains."

Alexandra Bldg.

"Plans are well ahead for the redevelopment of the Alexandra Building site. We have already many more applicants for space than could be housed in this new building and fresh inquiries are being received every day."

"Turning to the Profit and Loss Account, the Net Profit for the year, excluding Capital Profits, amounts to \$1,511,414, an increase of some \$152,000 over the year 1948."

"The Gloucester Hotel continues to show a fair return. The relatively moderate charges which have been maintained despite increased costs as compared with those before the Pacific War resulted in the Hotel being fully occupied."

"So long as the present abnormal demand for accommodation continues the Hotel will add it quite to the earnings of the Company, but it must be recorded that a comparatively small percentage of vacancies would make the present charges uneconomic."

"You will notice a substantial increase in revenue under the heading of Agency Commission. In 1948 your Directors engaged a professionally qualified officer with the object of developing the Estate Agency side of your Company's activities. With the help of the local experience and the organisation which have been built up over many years in the management of your own properties, the Agency Department is now expanding successfully. Perhaps it is not out of place here to invite Shareholders and others with Property in Hong Kong to make fuller use of the services offered by this Department."

"Only one Property Sale was recorded, a small lot in the East-

ern District. Negotiations for this sale had in fact been completed in 1949, but complications over the documents of a little entailing the granting of a new Crown Lease had delayed final settlement."

"The profit on this transaction together with the realised capital profit on the sale of the Government Loan, amounted in all to \$14,359, and it is proposed that the round figure of \$15,000 be appropriated to the Building Development Reserve where it will remain to be reinvested in the Fixed Assets of the Company."

"Turning to the Balance Sheet, I am glad to be able to tell you that the Contingency, for which the major part of the sum of \$480,000 was provided in last year's Balance Sheet did not in fact have to be met."

Capital profits

"This provision was against the possibility of our having to pay Corporation Profits Tax on capital profits realised on the sale of certain properties, and it is now possible to transfer \$350,000 to the Building Development Reserve where it joins the Capital Profits which form the basis of this Account."

"On the Assets side of the Balance Sheet the increase of some \$3,500,000 under the heading of Fixed Assets is due mainly to further expenditure on Edinburgh House during the year. This increase is offset almost entirely by reductions in Investments and Loans as funds were required for the construction of this new building."

"The balance of Deferred Expenditure under the heading of Renewals and Renovations has been reduced substantially. This account has been set up to care for expenditure which cannot properly be attributed in toto to the year in which it is incurred. You will see that during the year there has been \$68,489 of such expenditure and against that some \$209,000 has been written off at a predetermined rate which varies from three to five years depending on the nature of the repair or renewal concerned."

"I cannot conclude my remarks without paying a special tribute to our staff, the work for many of them during the past year has not been of the pleasantest, the very nature of it, whereby they have not given the answer 'No' to the majority of the questions posed to them, but they requests for office, shop or hotel accommodation, has been as irksome to them as it probably has been to the applicants and I can assure you that this fact is appreciated by all the clients of your Company."

"I should like on your behalf to extend to all of them my most sincere thanks for their unremitting efforts."

Dividend

"Your Directors recommend that the sum available for appropriation amounting to \$1,575,982 should be appropriated in the following manner:—
To pay a Dividend of \$2.20 per share, free of tax, \$1,280,000.
To transfer to Building Development Reserve \$15,000.
To provide for Corporation Profits Tax \$200,000.
To pay a Bonus to Staff \$30,000.
To carry forward unappropriated \$50,982."

These proposed appropriations have been incorporated in the accounts now before you. Mr. Landale then proposed the adoption of the report and accounts as presented. Mr. P. S. Cassidy, who is the agent for the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance, made in November last, permitting an increase in rental of business premises, was long overdue. The increase in rental should now go some way in meeting the heavy outgoings in maintenance, which have been out of proportion to the return on property."

He endorsed the Company's development programme, and said the demolition of Alexandra Building with its large exterior and its antiquated internal arrangements would arouse little regret. The motion was then put to the meeting and carried unanimously. The next item on the agenda, which was the confirmation of the appointment of Mr. M. W. Turner and Mr. Henry G. Leong to the Board, was approved. Sir Man-kam Lo and Mr. H. D. Benham, the two retiring Directors, were re-elected to the Board. Auditors, Messrs. Percy Smith and Company and Messrs. Peat, Marwick, Mitchell and Company, were re-appointed for the ensuing year. Supporting Mr. Landale in the chair were Sir Man-kam Lo, Mr. A. Raymond, and Mr. Henry G. Leong (Directors), Mr. B. C. Field (Secretary). Shareholders present were Messrs. P. S. Cassidy, R. Gordon, G. W. Greer, H. Sidbury, A. Blevins, R. Frost, H. D. Benham, P. Morrison, F. P. Watts, J. Loureiro, H. C. Kendrick (representing the Hong Kong Fire Insurance Company and the Canton Insurance Company), George W. R. M. O. Silva and Lam Si-lai.

RADIO

Radio Hong Kong broadcasts on a frequency of 815 kilocycles per second and on 88.5 kilocycles per second in the 21 metre band.

P.M.	
12.10	Broadcast for Schools: Was There—How? Vaccination Against Smallpox. (BBC7S)
12.30	"Home Koss Calling"—Programme Summary.
12.55	Edna Fitzgerald (Vocal) and the Ink Spots.
1.00	Melodies from British Radio—With George Crow and His Blue Mariners Dance Band and Barbara Bunker. (BBC7S)
1.15	News, Weather Report and Announcements.
1.25	Interlude.
1.30	"Orchestra of the Week"—The Liverpool Philharmonic Orchestra. Conducted by Sir Malcolm Sargent.
2.00	Close Down.
2.00	"Home Koss Calling"—Programme Summary.
2.05	London Palladium Orchestra.
2.20	Organ Solo. (BBC7S)
2.30	Canterbury by Radio—Given by Miss Lee Wei Lan and Mr. B. Leung. (BBC7S)
2.50	Three Songs by the Dining Sisters.
7.00	World News and News Analysis. (London Relay)
7.15	Letter from America—by Allister Cooke. (Recorded London Relay)
7.30	"Stage and Screen Favourites"—Presented by Allen Woods. (Studio)
8.00	"From the Editor's Desk." (London Relay)
8.10	"Box 200"—Best Gillette at the Hammond Organ (Relay from the Forces Education Centre).
8.30	"Blue Danube"—The True Story of the Strauss Family and their Contemporaries.
9.00	A century of Music—National Idioms in Music. A Talk by the Rev. Father T. F. Ryan, S. J. (Studio)
9.30	Music by Manuel de Falla.
10.00	Radio News Reel. (London Relay)
10.15	Weather Report.
10.15	London Studio Melodies—The London Light Concert Orchestra. Conducted by Michael Klein. (BBC7S)
10.45	Dance and Tumby Dorsey's Dance Orchestra.
11.15	Weather Report, World and Home News from Britain (London Relay Recorded)
11.30	Close Down.

Rediffusion

A.M.	
7.00	Up With The Sun.
7.15	Setting Up Exercises.
7.30	Musical Clock.
7.45	Edna Fitzgerald's Programme.
8.00	Music & Weather Forecast.
8.15	Salon Concert Players.
9.00	Morning Music.
9.30	Concert & Keyboard.
10.00	Music For All.
11.00	The Four Knights.
11.15	Waltz Time.
11.30	Parade of Rhythm.
P.M.	
12.10	H.K. Stock Exchange.
12.15	H.K. School Broadcast.
12.30	"Time" Time.
12.35	Light Music.
1.00	Swing.
1.15	News.
1.30	From The Shows.
2.00	Variety Galls The Tune.
4.00	The Novelties Trio.
4.15	Tropics.
4.30	Yacht News.
4.45	Music Makers.
5.15	Children's Corner.
5.30	Morie Time.
5.45	Radio Healers.
5.55	Theatre Singers.
6.45	Hi Ren Bins.
7.00	B.D.C. News.
7.10	Local News.
7.15	Schumann's Violin Concerto in D Minor.
7.45	Listen to Liebert.
8.00	Harmonies Harmony.
8.15	Benny Kaye and His Orchestra.
8.30	Rediffusion Request Show.
9.00	B.D.C. News.
9.10	Local News.
9.15	Vincent Lopez and his Orch.
9.30	"Free For All"
10.00	Anne Heiler & Webster Booth.
10.15	The Monetary.
11.15	Planet.
11.45	Stardust.
12.00	Close Down.

SPENDER VISIT TO PHILIPPINES

Manila, March 20. A warm reception awaits Mr. Percy C. Spender, the Australian Minister of External Affairs, who is paying an official visit to the Philippines, on his arrival in Manila from Sydney on March 25 aboard a Quantas Airways plane. He will be met at the Manila International airport by ranking officials of the Foreign Office, headed by the Under-Secretary, Felipe Neri, by the Australian Consul-General, J.K. Waller, and members of the local Australian community. A Philippine band which will play the Philippine and Australian national anthems, will also be on hand at the airport to welcome the visiting Minister. Mr. Spender's party will include Mrs. Spender and a secretary. They will occupy the Presidential suite at the Manila Hotel as official guests of the Philippine Government during their three-day stay here—United Press.

Auction of Crown Land

A 4,170-square-foot residential lot at Kowloon City was sold for HK\$55,000 at the Crown Land auction yesterday. The upset price was HK\$20,000. Nearly 60 bidders attended the auction but high jumps confined the bidding to four Chinese, including the principal applicant. The successful purchasers were Messrs. Yau Kai-chiu and Fok Wing-kong of No. 49, Lung Kong Road. The buyers will have to spend HK\$150,000 in valuable improvements and are not allowed to build more than four houses on the lot.

P&O B.I.E&A COMPANIES

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL S.N. CO.

PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE		
OUTWARDS	LEAVES LONDON	DUE HONGKONG
a.s. "CANTON"	Sailed	18th April
a.s. "CORFU"	4th May	8th May
a.s. "CANTON"	18th May	12th May
Via Southampton, Port Said, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Penang & Singapore.		
HOMEWARDS	LEAVES HONGKONG	DUE LONDON
a.s. "CANTON"	18th Mar. (p.m.)	17th April
a.s. "CORFU"	14th April	18th May
a.s. "CANTON"	12th May	12th June
a.s. "CANTON"	8th June	10th July
a.s. "CORFU"	7th July	11th August
a.s. "CORFU"	4th August	5th September
Accepting Cargo for Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Bombay, Aden, Port Said & London.		
OUTWARDS	DUE HONGKONG	FROM
a.s. "SHILLONG"	18th April	London & Continent.
a.s. "SHILLONG"	11th May	—
HOMEWARDS	LEAVES HONGKONG	FOR
a.s. "SHILLONG"	25th April	Kobe & Yokohama.
a.s. "SHILLONG"	16th April	London & Continent.
a.s. "SHILLONG"	11th May	—

Accepting Cargo for Singapore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Colombo, Aden, Port Said, Genoa, Marseilles, London, Hamburg, Antwerp & Rotterdam. With liberty to call at Bombay if infrequently offered.

TANKS AVAILABLE FOR CARRIAGE OF OIL IN BULK. SPACE FOR REFRIGERATED CARGO. LIMITED PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION.

BRITISH INDIA S.N. CO., LTD.

S.N. CO.		
a.s. "SHIRALA"	In port	from Calcutta via Rangoon & Straits.
a.s. "SANGOLA"	due 23rd Mar.	from Calcutta via Rangoon & Straits.
a.s. "TAIRSEA"	due 27th Mar.	from Japan.
	due 6th Apr.	from Japan.
	due 15th Apr.	from Japan.

* These ships have Refrigerated Cargo space.

P. & O./B.I. JOINT SERVICE

a.s. "PEMDA"	due 24th Mar.	from Bombay.
a.s. "UZARDA"	due 24th Mar.	from Japan.
	due End Mar.	from Persian Gulf, Bombay & Straits.
	due End Mar.	from Japan.

* Accepts cargo on through bills of lading for Persian Gulf Ports.

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN S.S. CO., LTD.

a.s. "NELLORE"	due 10th Apr.	from Manila, Rabaul, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide, Wellington, Auckland, Lytleton & Buenos Aires.
		Port Moresby if sufficient inducement.

* Accepts cargo for New Zealand & Pacific Islands ports on through bills of lading.

All vessels have liberty to call at any ports on or off the route, and the routes and sailings are subject to change or amendment with or without notice.

For full particulars apply to:
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
Telephone Nos. 27721-4

ISTHMIAN LINE

(Isthmian Steamship Company, New York)

DIRECT MONTHLY SAILINGS TO NEW YORK VIA LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA

VIA LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA		
"STEEL ADVOCATE"		10th May
Tanks available for Bulk Oil.		
SAILINGS TO SAIGON, BANGKOK & DJAKARTA (BATAVIA)		
"STEEL VENDOR"		3rd Apr
"STEEL VOYAGER"		28th Apr
ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.		
	Sails N. Y.	Sails S.F. Due H.K.
"STEEL VENDOR"	Sailed	2nd Apr
"STEEL VOYAGER"	21st Mar.	8th Apr. 27th Apr
"STEEL WORKER"	21st Apr.	9th May 23th May
GILMAN & CO., LTD.		
Tel. 31146		
Chinese Freight Agents:— HIN FAT & CO., LTD.		

SWEDISH EAST ASIA Co. Ltd.

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE

m.v. "NAGARA"	27th Mar.
Sails for Kobe & Yokohama	1st April.
m.v. "HEMLAND"	5th Apr.
m.v. "TONGHAI"	24th Apr.
m.v. "BALI"	24th May

SAILINGS TO EUROPE

m.v. "NAGARA"	13th Apr.
m.v. "HEMLAND"	29th Apr.
FOR	
ADEN, PORT SAID, GENOA, MARSEILLES, TANGIERS, CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, BREMEN, HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN, OSLO & GOTHENBURG	
Passenger accommodation available.	
GILMAN & CO., LTD.	
Tel. 31146	

You will
REVEL IN LEISURE
on a
ROUNTRIP TO JAPAN
by
m/s "BOISSEvain"
About 26th March—about 9th April
Special Roundtrip Fares
To Kobe, Nagoya and Yokohama
ROYAL INTERCOASTAL LINES
PASSAGE DEPARTMENT
King's Building Tel. No. 28017.

Immigration programme of Israel

New York, March 18. The immigration programme of Israel will require a minimum of US\$250,000,000 for the coming year, said Dr. George Josephthal, a Director of the Absorption Department of the Jewish Agency for Palestine, upon his arrival in New York. In addition to the problem of providing for 85,000 immigrants now in reception camps in Israel, the country must receive and care for 150,000 new immigrants, he said. "But that is only a part of the problem," Dr. Josephthal said. "We must now rescue thousands of Jews of Iraq." This phase of the immigration programme alone, he said, would cost between US\$400,000,000 and US\$600,000,000, "the greater part of which must come from the Jews of America." Dr. Josephthal said he would be in the U.S. about six weeks, aiding in the 1950 campaign of the United Jewish Appeal to raise more than US\$275,000,000. Associated Press.

CANTONESE BY RADIO

BY S.K. LEE

Lesson 31

Vocabulary:		
147. (to) doh(2)		An auxiliary indicating successful accomplishment.
148. (chal) jal(1)		To put.
149. (min) meen (or) meen(2)		Face. Surface.
Combinations:		
1. Wun(2) doh(2).		To find. Found.
2. Wun(2) duk(1) doh(2).		Can be found.
3a. (1)M wun(2)-duk(1)-doh(2). (full)		Can't be found.
3b. (2)Wun(1)m doh(2). (abbreviated)		Where should it be put?
4. Jal(1) hul(2) been(1)-shun(3)?		To put it into a bank.
5. Jal(1) (3)yup (1)ngun-(1)hong.		To put back. To replace.
6. Jal(1) faan(1)-hul(3).		To put in proper order.
7. Jal(1) hoh(2).		Surface of a table.
8. Toy(2) meen(2).		Lost.
General Expressions:		
41. (1)M geen(3) jaw(2).		A bank note.
42. (1)Ngun jee(2).		A one dollar note.
43. Yut(1)-mun(1) ((1)ngun)-jee(2).		A ten dollar note.
44. (3)Shup-mun(1) ((1)ngun)-jee(2).		To look everywhere.
45. Wun(2)-(1)lal wun(2)-hul(3).		
Conversation:		
1. A. (2)Nay wun(2) mee(1)-(2)yeoh ah(3)?	What are you looking for?	
2. (2)Nay (1)m-geen(3)-jaw(2) (3)yeoh meh(1)?	Have you lost something?	
3. B. (3)Hal, (2)ngaw (1)m-geen(3)-jaw(2) (2)lerng-jerng(1) (3)shup-mun(1)jee(2).	Yes, I have lost two ten dollar notes.	
4. A. Wun(2)-doh(2) (3)may ah(3)?	Have you found them yet?	
5. B. (3)May wun(2)-doh(2).	I haven't found them yet.	
6. (2)Ngaw wun(2)-(1)lal-wun(2)-hul(3) doh(1) wun(2)-(1)m doh(1)?	I've looked for them everywhere and still can't find them.	
7. A. (2)Nay shu(2)-(1)shce (1)m-geen(3)-jaw(2) ah(3)?	When did you lose them?	
8. B. (2)Ngaw (1)m jee(1)-doh(3) gay(2) (1)shce (1)m-geen(3)-jaw(2).	I don't know when I lost them.	
9. A. (2)Nay jal(1) hal(3).	Where did you put them?	
10. B. (2)Ngaw jal(1) hul(2) toy(2)-meen(2)?	I put them on the table.	
11. A. Nee(1)-shuo(3) (2)you gum(3)-daw(1) (1)yuif-chooi(1)-(3)yup, (2)may (1)ling(1)-goy(1) jal(1) teen(2) hal(2) toy(2)-meen(2)?	Here, there are so many people going in and out. You shouldn't put money on the table.	
12. B. (3)Doh (1)moon shah(1)-jaw(2).	The door was shut.	
13. Deel(1) (1)yun-aseem(3)-(yerng(2) (3)yup-duk(1)-(1)lal neh(1)?	How could people get in here?	
14. A. (2)Yau-(1)yun (3)yup-duk(1)-(1)lal.	Someone could get in.	
15. (2)Nay-ying(1)-goy(1) jal(1)-hoh(2) (2)nay-goh(3) teen(2).	You should put your money in its proper place.	
16. B. (2)Nay-ying(1)-goy(1) jal(1) hal(2) teen(1)-shuo(3) neh(1)?	Where should I put it?	
17. A. (2)Nay-ying(1)-goy(1) jal(1) (3)yup (1)ngun-	You should put it into a bank.	

ROYAL MAIL LINE

SINGAPORE, JAVA, PORTS and MACASSAR

SHIP	IN PORT	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"TJADANE"	6th Apr.	25th Mar.	
"TJITALENGKA"	10th Apr.	10th Apr.	
MANILA, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA & SOUTH AMERICA			
"BOISSEVAIN"	24th Mar.	10th Apr.	
"STRAAT BOENDA"	10th Apr.	20th Mar.	
"STRAAT MALAKKA"	13th May	4th May	
"TEGELBERG"	13th May	1st June	
JAPAN			
"BERLAGE"	23rd Mar.	25th Mar.	
"BOISSEVAIN"	9th Apr.	20th Mar.	
"STRAAT BOENDA"	17th Apr.	17th Apr.	
"STRAAT MALAKKA"	2nd May	17th May	
"TEGELBERG"	31st May	10th June	

Agents: HOLLAND—EAST ASIA LINE

EUROPE via MANILA and MALAYA

SHIP	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"HOOGKERK"	early April	2nd April
"MEERKERK"	early April	early May

Through B/L issued to Mediterranean and Northern European ports.

JAPAN

SHIP	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"HOOGKERK"	1st April	early April
"MEERKERK"	early May	early April

KING'S BUILDING, TELEPHONE: 20015 TO 20017

CHINESE AGENTS: 22 CONNAUGHT ROAD, C. TEL: 3096, 3097

DE LA RAMA LINES

Sailing to New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Via Japan and Pacific coast ports

M.V. "AGAMEMNON" 23rd Apr.

Arriving via Manila from U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS

M.S. "DONA NATI" due 26th Mar.

M.V. "BENGAL" due 12th Apr.

M.S. "DONA ANICETA" due 30th Apr.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

Agents
1, Connaught Road, C. Tel. 30331/8

PRINCE LINE LTD.

(Trans-Pacific Service)

mv. SILVER WALNUT

LOADING 28th MARCH

for
Vancouver,
Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, San Francisco
& Los Angeles

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
18 Pedder Street Tel. 30331

U.S. ORIENT MERCHANT LINE.

SHIP	FROM	ARRIVALS	SAILINGS
"ANNITSA"	EAST COAST/USA	Abt. 26th Mar.	
"VASSILIS"	do	9th Apr.	

W. R. LOXLEY & CO., (CHINA) LTD.
AGENTS.
York Building, Tel. 34165

"WEEKLY CHINA MAIL"

CONTAINING ALL THE LOCAL NEWS
OF THE WEEK FROM THE
"CHINA MAIL" & "SUNDAY HERALD"

Price 50 Cents

ON SALE EVERY THURSDAY.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

COLONY'S IMPORTS, EXPORTS SHOW RISE

Advance on Wall Street last week

New York, March 19. The present bull market scored the largest advance of its career this week.

The market has been rising since mid-June last year. But not since a week in October 1949 have prices on the average gained so much.

The market value of all stocks listed on the exchange increased by around US\$1,000,000,000. Leading stocks were boosted by around 25 cents to US\$3 a share and in some cases, more.

Most of the advance was made on Wednesday, when a surge of buying power gave the market its biggest lift in nearly two years. Despite intensive profit-taking activity, all or most of the gains were retained. The improvement in prices gave the financial district two questions to think over: Has the market gone too high without a corrective reaction—or will it continue to rise?

Ever since June 14, prices have gone up without serious interruption. A lot of brokers predict a relapse, but eventually a resumption of a drive ahead. Some of these brokers are advising their clients to maintain a sizable portion of their accounts in cash.

—Associated Press.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

s.s. "GATEWAY CITY"

Having arrived Hong Kong consignees of cargo are hereby notified that all goods have been landed and placed at their risk and expense into the godowns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd. where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the godowns or failure to attend the survey.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the godown where they will be examined in the presence of Messrs. Goddard and Douglas on March 24, 1950, at 10 a.m.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when examining damaged dutiable goods. All claims against the vessel must be presented to the Undersigned within fourteen days of the ship's arrival, or they will not be recognised.

No fire insurance will be effected.

WALLEM & CO.
Agents,
Telephone 34177-9.

March 19, 1950.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CONSIGNEES PER STATES STEAMSHIP COMPANY

s.s. "WYOMING"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co.'s godown where it will be at consignees risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke at 10 a.m. on March 25, 1950.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when examining damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the godowns and all goods remaining undelivered after March 27, 1950 will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before April 3, 1950 or they will not be recognised.

No fire insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.
Agents,
Hong Kong, March 20, 1950.

Imports of merchandise into Hong Kong in February, amounted to a declared value of \$248,671,123 as compared with \$161,621,295 in February, 1949. The figures include Government sponsored cargoes.

Exports of merchandise totalled \$198,748,151 as compared with \$135,454,353 in February, last year.

Imports during the first two months of the year amounted to \$569,003,283 as compared with \$320,957,277 in the first two months of 1949.

Exports totalled \$437,020,406 as compared with \$307,265,742. Total values of imports and exports of merchandise by countries:—

	February 1949	February 1950	February 1949	February 1950
United Kingdom	24,820,425	34,170,582	9,540,091	18,870,014
Australia	4,474,563	7,272,025	1,770,136	4,109,458
Canada	2,490,258	2,490,258	244,809	624,807
Ceylon	23,712	824,527	187,971	187,971
East Africa	45,489	528,048	1,481,100	624,568
India	1,352,925	25,886,099	2,680,399	1,001,498
Malaya (British)	1,022,925	5,558,272	10,725,522	20,807,970
New Zealand	2,723	1,780	99,327	176,828
North Borneo	953,314	1,051,785	491,820	517,058
Pakistan	—	8,571,883	9,619,587	1,226,016
South Africa	608,062	2,250,344	1,114,402	247,179
West India	9,350	40,180	64,687	396,821
U.S. Commonwealth, Other	5,907,425	2,000,237	1,115,145	423,741
Australia	76,800	76,824	—	755,376
Belgium	446,710	5,532,927	998,963	359,418
Burma	2,608,258	—	30,233	882,206
Central America	50,610	—	200,090	428,747
China, North	8,234,314	28,107,821	4,477,540	27,384,975
China, Middle	2,597,484	4,703,215	3,350,081	30,989,511
China, South	25,850,555	11,230,980	11,778,941	23,594,260
Czechoslovakia	161,619	1,742,072	—	—
Denmark	245,107	75,021	745,561	1,012,312
Egypt	10,419	10,419	512,469	254,180
Finland	20,493	395,159	—	—
France	2,003,267	2,512,330	993,884	628,564
French Indo-China	1,125,079	2,208,230	1,100,800	1,279,693
Germany	106,159	1,768,193	1,875,816	1,797,094
Holland	1,458,891	5,884,889	797,790	1,076,125
Iran	—	—	202,109	57,003
Italy	72,304	2,043,006	675,154	328,528
Japan	10,653,061	4,225,321	3,263,713	9,380,225
Korea, North	1,111,800	3,546,100	9,001,168	825,076
Korea, South	4,481,507	8,212,948	4,477,540	27,384,975
Malaya	7,108,045	5,551,521	5,558,083	20,744,689
Norway	632,700	2,045,496	381,678	647,070
Oman	—	16,800	104,604	121,657
Philippines	652,489	178,215	70,053	58,584
Poland	362,107	1,072,281	5,519,849	1,740,845
Portugal	14,045	287,415	40,088	—
Portuguese East Africa	—	9,500	246,797	10,589
South America	48,624	80,611	45,478	749,726
Spain	705,628	2,180,210	350,414	692,478
Sweden	2,606,421	4,504,403	3,001	335,447
Switzerland	4,477,494	7,548,842	10,428,901	5,919,893
Thailand	—	—	359,872	8,960
U.S.A.	37,687,248	49,259,983	9,134,114	10,544,110
U.S. of Indonesia	1,160,078	3,463,705	6,915,055	6,867,295
U.S.S.R.	22,150	620,800	—	—
Others	1,050,251	4,067,589	1,312,870	3,582,193
Total	161,621,295	248,671,123	135,454,353	198,748,151
Total U.S. Commonwealth	45,877,658	90,057,218	43,315,346	44,444,791
Total Foreign	115,743,637	158,613,911	92,139,007	154,303,360

FRESH FISH PRICES

Fresh fish averages prices realised at the Hong Kong Fish Wholesale Market, Kennedy Town, yesterday were:—

	First quality	Average
Other Grouper	\$2.50	\$2.51
China Fish	1.25	1.25
Skipper	1.75	1.74
Macao Sole (large)	2.10	1.79
Golden Thread	1.20	1.01
Conquer Pike	1.32	1.29
Red Sea Bream	1.20	1.03
Hair Tail	.80	.78

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Consignees per BARBER-WILHELMSEN LINE

m.v. "TALLEYRAND"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co.'s godown where it will be at consignees risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and conditions of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Goddard and Douglas at 10 a.m. on March 20, 1950.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when examining damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the godowns and all goods remaining undelivered after March 21, 1950 will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before March 26, 1950 or they will not be recognised.

No fire insurance will be effected.

WALLEM & CO.
Agents,
Telephone 34177-9.

March 17, 1950.

GREAT WALL TO TUMBLE DOWN

San Francisco, March 19. China's great wall, one of the outstanding wonders of the ancient and modern world, apparently is one of the things the Chinese Communists feel sure can be put to better use.

An instant broadcast from the Communist New China News Agency in Peking, heard by the Associated Press in San Francisco today, mentioned the wall in connection with building a town and said "first, loads have begun to arrive in Peking and Tientsin."

Evidently the Reds are using the stones and bricks of the wall for their ambitious city construction programme. — Associated Press.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

m.v. "LISHOLT"

Having arrived Hongkong consignees of cargo are hereby notified that all goods have been landed and placed at their risk and expense into the godowns of the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd. where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the godowns or failure to attend the survey.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the godown where they will be examined in the presence of Messrs. Goddard and Douglas on March 21, 1950, at 10 a.m.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations, consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when examining damaged dutiable goods. All claims against the vessel must be presented to the Undersigned within fourteen days of the ship's arrival, or they will not be recognised.

No fire insurance will be effected.

WALLEM & CO.
Agents,
Telephone 34177-9.

March 17, 1950.

Hong Kong Stock Exchange

A quiet but very steady Market.

H.K. GOVT. LOANS

4% Loan 98.
3 1/2% Loan (1934 & 1940) 98b.
3 1/2% Loan (1940) 98b.

BANKS

H.K. & S. Bank 1420b, 1430sa.
(Lon. Reg.) 583.
Chartered Bank 11/10n.
Merrill Lynch 11/10n.
Banks of East Asia 103b.

INSURANCES

Union Ins. 315n.
Union Ins. 103sa.
China Underwriters 5n.
H.K. Fire Ins. Ex. Div. 215n.

SHIPPING

Douglas 200n.
H.K. & M. Steamships 11n.
Indo-China (Prel.) 98n.
(Def.) 200n.
Shells (Bearer) 63/-n.
U. Waterboats 25n.
Asiatic 90b, 90sa.
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, Etc.
H.K. & K. Wharves Ex. Div. 92b.
North Point Wharves 50b.
Sh. Hongkong Wharves 16n.
H.K. Docks 18.00s, 18.10sa.
China Providents 12b.
Shanghai Dockyards 4b, 4sa.
Wheelocks 25b, 29sa.

MINING

Raub Mines 55n.
H.K. Mines 61n.
Lands, Hotels & Bldgs.
H. & S. Hotels 97n.
H.K. Lands Ex. Div. 442b.
Shanghai Lands 140b, 140sa, 15sa.
Lumphreys 10n.
H.K. Realities 2n.
Chinese Estates 130n.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

H.K. Tramways Ex. Div. 13.80b.
13.90sa.
Peak Tram (Old) 10n.
(New) 9n.
Star Ferry 82b, 83sa.
C. Lights (Old) 11.70b, 11.70sa.
(New) 8.60b, 9s.
H.K. Electric 27b, 27sa, 27sa.
Macao Electric 10b/1sa.
Sindanku Lights 8n.
Telephones 18n.
Shanghai Gas 1n.

INDUSTRIALS

Cald. Mngt. (Ord.) 25b.
Canton Ice 31n.
Cements Ex. Rights 11b.
H.K. Ropes Ex. Div. 14n.

STORES &c.

Dairy Farms 40sa.
Watsons Ex. Div. C. Rts 42b, 43s, 42sa.
L. Crawfords 211b.
Singer 3.80b.
China Emporium 95sa.
Sun Co. Ltd. 21n.
Kwong Sang Hong 94b.
Wing On (H.K.) 82b.
Win. Powell, Ltd. 91n.

MISCELLANEOUS

China Entertainments 17sa.
H.K. Constructions (O) 240n.
(N) 130n.
Vibro Piling 12s.
Marman, Investments 9/-n.
Marman, (H.K.) 75n.
Shanghai Loan 130n.
Yangtze 4n.

COTTONS

RUBBER, etc. COMPANIES.
Alpha Estates 16-n.
Anglo-Dutch 30n.
Anglo-Javas 1n.
Batu Anams 20n.
Bute Plantations 50b.
Chemar United 30b.
Cheng Rubbers 10n.
Consolidated Rubber 205b.
Dominion Rubbers 15.
Langkats 1n.
Repar Rubbers 20n.
Rubber Trusts 25b, 31s.
Samagosa Rubbers 65b.
Siamrub Rubbers 10b.
Shanghai Redang 41b, 41s.
Shanghai Rubber 15-n.
Shanghai Rubber 40n.
Shanghai Rubber 40n.
Sui Mangat 10b.
Sungel Duns 14-b.
Tunah Merah 55b, 65s.
Tibong Rubbers 15b.
Zhanghe Rubbers 50n.

INVESTIGATION OF JAPANESE PRODUCTION

London, March 20. An editorial in the magazine "Textile News Bulletin" today criticised what it called American delaying tactics in postponing the trip of a joint Anglo-American fact-finding mission to study Japanese cotton production.

The Bulletin, a member of the mission hoped to leave in January, the "Bulletin" said, but the date was postponed until April by the Americans.

The time has come to demand that the British Government press for full and immediate facilities for an investigation by British and American experts on the spot in Japan, the editorial said.

The Bulletin has been in constant contact with Japanese cotton producers, as a possible competitor in world markets.

Associated Press.

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES

The Global Fleet

TO HONOLULU & SAN FRANCISCO via JAPAN

"President Cleveland"	Arr. Apr. 14	Sails Apr. 18
"General Gordon"	Arr. Apr. 28	Sails Apr. 29
"President Wilson"	Arr. May 3	Sails May 4

TO SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES via JAPAN

"President Harrison"	Arr. Apr. 4	Sails Apr. 5
"President McKimley"	Arr. Apr. 13	Sails Apr. 13

TO NEW YORK, BALTIMORE & BOSTON via PACIFIC COAST & PANAMA

"President Johnson"	Arr. Apr. 15	Sails Apr. 16
"President Fillmore"	Arr. Apr. 13	Sails May 14

ROUND THE WORLD

VIA MANILA, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, COCHIN, BOMBAY, KARACHI, SUEZ, PORT SAID, ALEXANDRIA, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, GENOA, NEW YORK and BOSTON

"Mount Mansfield"	Arr. Mar. 20	Sails Mar. 21
"President Monroe"	Arr. Apr. 5	Sails Apr. 7

TO JAVA & STRAITS

"President Fillmore"	Arr. Apr. 8	Sails Apr. 9
----------------------	-------------	--------------

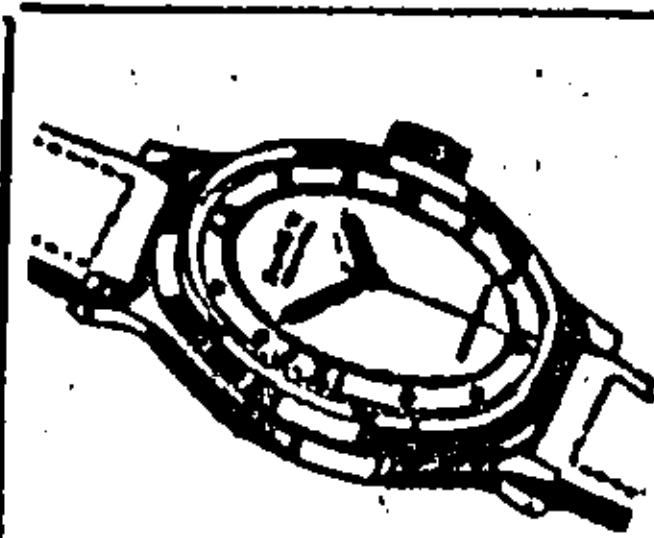
St. George's Bldg. Tel. 28172/5.

BEN LINE

SHIP FROM THE BEN LINE

ARRIVALS

||
||
||



BUREN

THE PERFECT
SWISS WATCH

CHINA MAIL

HONG-KONG, TUESDAY, MARCH 21, 1950.

Sports Pause

TAY BEATS CHEOW IN
BADMINTON SEMI-FINALHKDF hockey
team draw
with REME

The Hong Kong Defence hockey team, which represented the Hong Kong Forces in the Triangular Hockey Tournament in Singapore drew their second game with REME (Singapore).

The game was played at the Royal Naval Base Hockey Field, Singapore. It was a goalless draw. Despite the fact that more than half of the REME players represent Singapore in the Inter-State games, the match was hard-fought and the HKDF more than held its own.

The HKDF attacked for most of the game although handicapped by having two injured men in the team.

G. Silva, outside left suffered cramps soon after the starting of the game while A. L. Nery, the left back, played with an injured knee suffered before the game.

On Monday March 13, Hong Kong Army met Singapore Army in a game, the former losing by two goals to one.

The Hong Kong Army's defence was very weak and the attacking line did not appear to co-operate very well. It was these two factors which decided the game.

Goalkeeper, Hong Kong's centre-forward made many of his characteristic dashes down the centre of the field and Hong Kong's goal came from his stick.

The Singapore goalie was in the form and brought off the saves from shots by Gardner after his usual dashes down the field. Had the other forwards backed him up a little more, the game might have turned out different.

CLUB TEAMS

The following will represent the Club 11 Eleven in a match against South China on Wednesday at the Club ground (kick-off at 5.15 p.m.): Brown, Roberts, J. H. Barclay, Barber, Mullen, J. H. Henson, Hardwick, Harrell, McLaughlin, Bickford.

In the 2nd Division game, the following have been selected to represent the Club against New Vendors on Thursday, at the Club ground (kick-off at 5.15 p.m.): Clifton, Duncan, Urquhart, Gledhill, Locks, O'Sanger, McDonald, Wigger, Lock, Baker, Johnson.

BILLIARDS

Last night's billiard results: Chung Sing Sing (4) beat East-ern (1). South China Athletic Association (4) beat Kowloon Cricket Club (1).

Cambridge favoured
to win boat race

London, March 19.

Combining immense power with superb rhythm Cambridge have established themselves as firm favourites to beat Oxford in the annual inter-University boat race.

The race, over the traditional four and a quarter miles course on the tidal waters of the river Thames, will be rowed at midday on April 1.

Both crews are now at Putney on the Thames, putting the finishing touches to their training which began in home waters at the end of last year.

The strength behind the Cambridge blades was clearly shown in their splendid first full course trial. Though over the first mile they struck a lower rate than that maintained by Oxford in their trial last week, Cambridge were faster, sending their craft along at a great pace.

Oxford, who man for man are pounds lighter than Cambridge, have possibilities, but lack the solid strength of their rivals. They failed to impress when first they came to the lifeline, but have settled down into a workmanlike crew and their work since has prompted few-path observers to view their prospects more favourably.

Suffered setback

The crew suffered a setback when the brilliant young stroke, Christopher Davidge, was stricken with jaundice last month, but A. J. M. Cavenagh, No. 2 in last year's Oxford boat, has proved a worthy substitute leader.

Printed and published for the Proprietors, THE CHINA MAIL, LIMITED, by FRANK LINDLEY BUSH, Windsor House, Hong Kong.

In the main feature of last night's Colony Badminton Championships semi-finals at Recreo, Robert Tay of Chinese YMCA beat University's M. T. Yeow after three gruelling sets to enter the Men's Senior Singles finals.

Yeow was a gallant loser, and although he was at the losing end, proved once more that he is still one of the best defensive players in the Colony.

His excellent retrieving of anything that was in the air gave him his first set. It was only when Tay began to put into use his smashes and drives in the second and third set, that Yeow had to give way.

The Senior Mixed Doubles was another good game. After losing the first set, the R. Young and Margaret Xavier combination staged a brilliant rally from 13-12 to take five points in a row for set. The third set saw veteran P. H. Wong putting everything he knew into the game.

Ably supported by his partner, Helen Kwong at the net, the winners ran into a commanding lead of 9-1 from which they never looked back until match was reached at 15-4.

Recreo pair lose

After a good start, Recreo's C. M. Quinn and Y. Franco failed to maintain their form, and had to bow before the more consistent pair of W. C. Chung and his wife. The Recreo pair were leading 5-2 and 8-8 in the opening set, when the Mr. and Mrs. combination got into their stride and after 11-11 was called, streaked home with the required four points.

W. C. Chung was in an unstoppable mood in the second set, and with the Mrs. now recovering from her shaky start, excellent badminton was served by them. After an evenly fought initial stage, until the score had reached 6-4, a brilliant spell gave the Chungs six points in succession. With a lead of 12-4, they had no difficulty in annexing the set with a loss of one further point.

Miss Marie Ribeiro, last year's runner-up, was too good for the newcomers Gloria Silva in the Ladies' Singles event, winning her game in two sets, 11-4, 11-1.

Full results

Junior Men's Singles: J. A. Soares (St. Theresa) beat M. H. Liang (Homeboks), w.o.

Junior Mixed Doubles: W. C. Chung and Mrs. W. C. Chung (Chinese YMCA) beat C. M. Quinn and Y. Franco (Recreo) 15-11, 15-5.

Ladies' Singles: Miss M. Ribeiro (Recreo) beat Miss G. Silva (St. Theresa), 11-4, 11-1.

Senior Mixed Doubles: P. H. Wong and Helen Kwong (Chinese YMCA) beat R. Young and Margaret Xavier (Recreo), 15-6, 15-18, 15-4.

Senior Men's Singles: Robert Tay (Chinese YMCA) beat M. T. Yeow (University), 8-15, 15-8, 15-6.

Tonight's games

FINAL
Men's Senior Division League
At Club de Recreo
7.30 p.m. Chinese YMCA v Hong Kong University.

HOME
RUGGER
RESULTS

London, March 18.

The following were the results of rugby games played today:

Rugby Union: Blackheath 3 London Scottish 28, Guy's Hospital 17 Gloucester 3, Rosslyn Park 6 Middlesex Hospital 3, Richmond 3 London Welsh 9, St. Bart's Hospital 9 Old Merchant Taylors 11, Wasps 0 Birkenhead Park 19, Abernethy 3 Pontypool 6, Barnet 12 Plymouth Albion 9, Bedford 3 Northampton 3, Birmingham 9 London Hospital 6, Bradford 3 Headingley 0, Cardiff 6 Coventry 11, Clifton 4 Bridgewater and Albion 24, Cross Keys 0 Ebbw Vale 12, Devonport Services 15 Newbridge 3, Exeter 0 London Irish 3, Moseley 14 Aldershot Services 5, Newcastle 10 Bath 3, North 8, Cheltenham 11, Newport 16 Harlequins 3, Notts 8 Old Blues 0, Nuncaton 3 Leicester 3, Old Edwardians 0 Saracens 9, Redruth 0 Teignmouth 3, Riscia 3 Abertillery 6, Swansea 8 Llanelly 0, Torquay Athletic 3 Weston Super Mare 3, United Services 3, Portsmouth 3 Bristol 6, Waterloo 3, St. Mary's Hospital 2, Edinburgh Academicals 0, Melrose 1, Glasgow University 11, Kelso 4, Watlington 11, Gale 3, Old Alleynians 9 Old Millhills 6, Bridgend 0 Penarth 3, Manchester 35 Old Leysians 3.

Rugby League: Barrow 9 Huddersfield 16, Batley 15 Hull Kingston Rovers 2, Belle Vue Rangers 7, St. Helen's 7, Bradford Northern 5, Leeds 15, Bramley 8 Dewsbury 6, Castleford 8, Halifax 15, Hull 12 Wakefield 17, Rochdale Hornets 3, Liverpool Stanley 5, Salford 12, Oldham 9, Widnes 4, Warrington 12, Wigan 9, Whitehaven 4, Leigh 3, York 9, Swinton 18.—Reuter.

KCC TENNIS
TOURNAMENT

Entries for the All-Day American Tennis Tournament at the Kowloon Cricket Club this Sunday should be submitted immediately.

Beginning from April the Club is running five Handicap Tournaments, the entries for which close on March 29 and play will begin as soon as the draw has been made which will be early in April.

The five events are: Ladies' Singles, Ladies' Doubles, Mixed Doubles, Men's Singles, and Men's Doubles.

It is planned to finish the event before the various Leagues commence, so players must agree to play on the days fixed by the Committee.

Entry lists are now posted on the Club's notice board.

WAYFOONG CLUB
RUGGER MATCH

The annual rugger match between the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation and the Hong Kong Football Club will be played at 2.30 p.m. today at the Club ground in Happy Valley.

The Club will be represented by Mr. Robert J. Mackie, Mr. Franklin G. Turfitt, A. Stewart, D. Nolan, R. Henderson, H. Lee, T. Moffat, H.M.C. Forsgate, G. Minto, R. Winyard, T. Thorpe, P. Farquharson, and M. Douglas.

Spurs lose to
Leicester C.

Godwin, Leicester City goalkeeper (left), clears from a Spurs attack during the match at Tottenham. Centre is Leicester City full-back Jelly (No. 2) and at right is Spurs inside-right Bennett (No. 8). Leicester City beat Spurs 2-0. (Associated Press photo.)

Tsui beats Spence to
enter tennis final

After the unfinished marathon last week, the W. P. Tsui-J. W. Spence Grasscourt Tennis Singles Semi-final at the Cricket Club yesterday produced the greatest anti-climax to this year's semi-final series.

Tsui played almost flawless tennis to qualify for his eighth final in the Grasscourt tournament, with a three-set win of 6-3, 6-3, 6-0. He meets the holder, K. H. Ip, on Wednesday.

The biggest tennis semi-final crowd so far, who were present at the match, were shaking their heads at the conclusion of the third set, more with surprise than with disappointment at the unbelievable ease with which Tsui ran away with the three sets.

To Tsui the victory was perhaps his greatest achievement this season, and his mastery of courtcraft and his anticipation was almost uncanny at times. He was there already waiting like a panther for Spence's follow-up volleys, to pounce on them with sizzling baseline drives that left Spence standing on the wrong side of the court.

Spence did not look his usual self, he was conspicuously much slower in his approach to the net. It was evident that he was exhausted by the end of the second set. His backhand volleys gave Tsui a constant flow of points. Most surprising feature, however, was Spence's complete change of tactics in yesterday's play. Instead of his fiery game, he played right into Tsui's hands when he began by staying at the base, and tried to be cautious with his drives, going up to the net sparingly.

Cautious tennis

The first two games saw both players cautiously content to drive carefully to each other from the base. Tsui lost his opening service game after two deuces, but made the score 1-1 when he broke through Spence's service. Three more games went to Tsui, who was now dominating the game with accurate drops and passing lobs or sideline and backhand cross cuts. Trailing behind 1-4, Spence survived two deuce games to reduce the deficit to 3-4, but failed to hold his service in the next game. With Tsui taking his service game the first set came to an end in exactly 14 minutes.

Spence again failed to hold his opening service in the second set when after deuce was called he netted two successive backhand volleys. Tsui was complete master of the situation from here on, keeping the ball low and either forcing his opponent into error or passing him with a variety of passing shots. Spence took only the second and fifth games. The second set lasted 10 minutes. Tsui was at his best in the third set. Playing with confidence against a tired Spence he simply swept everything before him to a 6-0 set completed in 11 minutes.

Saints win
again in P-I.

Manila, March 20.
The St. Joseph's Football Club of Hong Kong won its third straight victory last night by defeating Turba Balvajo eleven, 4-1, at Rizal Stadium.

The invading team previously has beaten Terminal Athletics by 4-2, and La Salle Varsity eleven by 5-1.

SPORTS IN
BRIEF

Seaview, Isle of Wight, March 19.

The Malayan cousins, E. L. and E. J. Choong, dominated the Isle of Wight Badminton Championships here. E. J. Choong won the men's singles when he beat H. Wingfield in the final by 15-15 and 15-14, but together in the final of the men's doubles they pair lost to E. L. Choong and S.H. Lim by 15-3, 15-15 and 5-15.

E. L. Choong and Miss N. Hastings beat Wingfield and Mrs. K. Henderson by 15-12 and 15-11 and 15-11 in the final of the mixed doubles.—Reuter.

Paris, March 19.
The Racing Club de Paris, the holders, Rheims and Nimes today qualified for the semi-finals of the French Football Cup. Troyes and Besancon drew and will meet again to fill the fourth place in the semi-finals.

London, March 19.
Alma Yezhovska, a Czechoslovakian world's woman figure skater champion, decided today to remain in England as an exile.

Interesting play seen in
Colony Billiards Tourney

(By "Pyramid")

Although no spectacular breaks were made, some interesting play was seen at all of the six matches in the Colony open Billiards Tourney, which commenced last week.

On Monday, KCC entertained Chung Sing Sing, while South China visited the RAF at Kai Tak. Of these four teams, South China was undoubtedly on the top, each of their players making at least one break between 30 and 45, and showing great consistency throughout.

On Wednesday, Eastern played their first match at the Police Reserve Club, and just managed to come out on top with an aggregate majority of 10 points, and the odd game in five.

Chung Sing Sing (Champions of the Chinese Tournament inaugurated last August) again proved their superiority by acquiring a 5-0 win over the KCC who had hardly time to recover from a similar defeat by the Champion's Club mates—Chung Sing Sing. The absence of the official yet undisputed Colony Champion, S. F. Pong, was a great disappointment to the spectators, who have always witnessed a first class all-round game when he has played.

Pong was in his prime just before World War II when he visited India with a secondary view to meeting some of the best cueists in that sphere of the world. He returned to the Colony undefeated and with his record break of 356.

Century break

Living in the interior during the Pacific War, he gave the game a rest for a number of years, and when he next picked up a cue, not long ago, he made a century break, proving that the rest had done him no harm.

On Friday, South China entertained the Police Reserve, and the RAF visited Chung Sing Sing. South China's fourth player, Lau Hung Chu (who played a brilliant game against the RAF) ran out in seven visits to the table, his highest break being 46 (this week's record). His team ended up with a 300 majority in aggregate, and a 4-1 win.

Davenport, RAF's number one player showed great consistency in his match against Lee Man Kit, but he could not adapt himself to the extra small pockets of the Chung Sing Sing Table. However, he went on to win by 50, this being the only game the RAF has won up to the present.

Storey, the visiting team's number five, was up against Wong Wal, an experienced Chung Sing Sing cueist, who differed from the rest of his team in his scoring plan; he was unmistakably a three ball player, and in this he showed extreme accuracy, especially in the application of side on indirect cannons.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

At 81, Wong was leading by 60 and then, as his attack of cannons weakened, he got over confident, and left the balls, after failing to score, in the middle of the table.

Italian wins
Marseilles
Grand Prix

Marseilles, March 19.
Luigi Villorosi, of Italy, driving a Ferrari, today won the Marseilles Grand Prix in 1 hr. 46 mins. 15.2 secs. at an average speed of 108.186 kilometres per hour (about 67 m.p.h.).

The first four all drove Ferraris. Villorosi, of Italy, was second in 1 hr. 48 mins. 15.8 secs. Juan Manuel Fangio, of Argentina, was third in 1 hr. 48 mins. 16.2 secs. and Jean Sommer, of France, was fourth in 1 hr. 48 mins. 28.8 secs.

Trintì Ghant, of France, driving a Simca, was fifth, four laps behind.

Villorosi and Ascarì went to the front at the start of the race. Their leadership was not seriously threatened until the middle of the race, when Fangio spurred into the second position for two laps, ahead of Ascarì.

Ascarì wrested second place from Fangio again, and the three cars shot across the finishing line with only a few yards between them.—Reuter.

Ceylon cricket
team lose

Karachi, March 19.
The Ceylonese cricketers today lost their first match to Pakistan by an innings and 6 runs to the combined Sind Karachi side. Forced to follow on with a deficit of 211 runs they were all out for 148 in their second innings before tea.

Going in to bat with the second innings score at 31 runs for the loss of five wickets, Bert Wilson hit a sparkling 57 in 10 minutes with the aid of eight boundaries and never seemed to be troubled by Munawar Khan, who was in deadly form today and had claimed three of the earlier wickets.

With the tailenders, Gunesen (22) and Dharmalingham (24) Wisden was responsible for partially retrieving the batting failure of his colleagues, who never settled down.

The home skipper, Munawar Khan and the left arm spinner, Chappa, for an hour before lunch. All was the most successful bowler today, claiming four second innings wickets for 3 runs. The tourists were leaving this evening for Lahore, where they play the first unofficial Test starting on Thursday.—Reuter.

Interest focussed on
the Grand National

London, March 19.

Some 50 horses will go to the post next Saturday at Aintree race course near Liverpool for the 104th running of the Grand National steeplechase, toughest jumping test in the world. Nobody knows how many will finish the treacherous four and a half miles filled with 30 dangerous jumps. But one year the winner had only a single opponent left at the finish out of a starting field of more than 40.

Almost 250,000 people are expected to pack the runway into the course many of them without a chance of getting anything but the most fleeting glimpse of the race.

This year's race will be a Royal occasion. The King and Queen will attend for the first time since 1947 and with them, Princess Elizabeth and Princess Margaret and the Princess Royal, the King's sister.

The Royal Family will have a vital interest in the running. Princess Elizabeth and the Queen own Monaveen, a nine year old bay gelding currently regarded as third favourite in the eligible field of 54.

It has been exactly 50 years since the last Royal victory in the National and no English Queen has never seen one of her horses win the race.

Being one of the favourites is not an enviable position for the Grand National. The last time the favourite won was in 1927 and since the event was resumed after the second world war, the lowest priced winner has been 25-1—Lovely Goggles in 1949.

Russian Hero won the race last year at 66-1 and is the only former winner of this year's Grand National to be re-running. He is the only horse to have won the race twice. He is the only horse to have won the race twice. He is the only horse to have won the race twice.

EXHIBITION
BASEBALL

New York, March 19.
Exhibition baseball games were staged here today. The American 7: Philadelphia National 2: Detroit American 3: Washington American 4: Los Angeles American 5: Cincinnati American 6: Cleveland American 7: St. Louis American 8: Pittsburgh American 9: New York American 10: Philadelphia American 11: Detroit American 12: Washington American 13: Los Angeles American 14: Cincinnati American 15: Cleveland American 16: St. Louis American 17: Pittsburgh American 18: New York American 19: Philadelphia American 20: Detroit American 21: Washington American 22: Los Angeles American 23: Cincinnati American 24: Cleveland American 25: St. Louis American 26: Pittsburgh American 27: New York American 28: Philadelphia American 29: Detroit American 30: Washington American 31: Los Angeles American 32: Cincinnati American 33: Cleveland American 34: St. Louis American 35: Pittsburgh American 36: New York American 37: Philadelphia American 38: Detroit American 39: Washington American 40: Los Angeles American 41: Cincinnati American 42: Cleveland American 43: St. Louis American 44: Pittsburgh American 45: New York American 46: Philadelphia American 47: Detroit American 48: Washington American 49: Los Angeles American 50: Cincinnati American 51: Cleveland American 52: St. Louis American 53: Pittsburgh American 54: New York American 55: Philadelphia American 56: Detroit American 57: Washington American 58: Los Angeles American 59: Cincinnati American 60: Cleveland American 61: St. Louis American 62: Pittsburgh American 63: New York American 64: Philadelphia American 65: Detroit American 66: Washington American 67: Los Angeles American 68: Cincinnati American 69: Cleveland American 70: St. Louis American 71: Pittsburgh American 72: New York American 73: Philadelphia American 74: Detroit American 75: Washington American 76: Los Angeles American 77: Cincinnati American 78: Cleveland American 79: St. Louis American 80: Pittsburgh American 81: New York American 82: Philadelphia American 83: Detroit American 84: Washington American 85: Los Angeles American 86: Cincinnati American 87: Cleveland American 88: St. Louis American 89: Pittsburgh American 90: New York American 91: Philadelphia American 92: Detroit American 93: Washington American 94: Los Angeles American 95: Cincinnati American 96: Cleveland American 97: St. Louis American 98: Pittsburgh American 99: New York American 100: Philadelphia American 101: Detroit American 102: Washington American 103: Los Angeles American 104: Cincinnati American 105: Cleveland American 106: St. Louis American 107: Pittsburgh American 108: New York American 109: Philadelphia American 110: Detroit American 111: Washington American 112: Los Angeles American 113: Cincinnati American 114: Cleveland American 115: St. Louis American 116: Pittsburgh American 117: New York American 118: Philadelphia American 119: Detroit American 120: Washington American 121: Los Angeles American 122: Cincinnati American 123: Cleveland American 124: St. Louis American 125: Pittsburgh American 126: New York American 127: Philadelphia American 128: Detroit American 129: Washington American 130: Los Angeles American 131: Cincinnati American 132: Cleveland American 133: St. Louis American 134: Pittsburgh American 135: New York American 136: Philadelphia American 137: Detroit American 138: Washington American 139: Los Angeles American 140: Cincinnati American 141: Cleveland American 142: St. Louis American 143: Pittsburgh American 144: New York American 145: Philadelphia American 146: Detroit American 147: Washington American 148: Los Angeles American 149: Cincinnati American 150: Cleveland American 151: St. Louis American 152: Pittsburgh American 153: New York American 154: Philadelphia American 155: Detroit American 156: Washington American 157: Los Angeles American 158: Cincinnati American 159: Cleveland American 160: St. Louis American 161: Pittsburgh American 162: New York American 163: Philadelphia American 164: Detroit American 165: Washington American 166: Los Angeles American 167: Cincinnati American 168: Cleveland American 169: St. Louis American 170: Pittsburgh American 171: New York American 172: Philadelphia American 173: Detroit American 174: Washington American 175: Los Angeles American 176: Cincinnati American 177: Cleveland American 178: St. Louis American 179: Pittsburgh American 180: New York American 181: Philadelphia American 182: Detroit American 183: Washington American 184: Los Angeles American 185: Cincinnati American 186: Cleveland American 187: St. Louis American 188: Pittsburgh American 189: New York American 190: Philadelphia American 191: Detroit American 192: Washington American 193: Los Angeles American 194: Cincinnati American 195: Cleveland American 196: St. Louis American 197: Pittsburgh American 198: New York American 199: Philadelphia American 200: Detroit American 201: Washington American 202: Los Angeles American 203: Cincinnati American 204: Cleveland American 205: St. Louis American 206: Pittsburgh American 207: New York American 208: Philadelphia American 209: Detroit American 210: Washington American 211: Los Angeles American 212: Cincinnati American 213: Cleveland American 214: St. Louis American 215: Pittsburgh American 216: New York American 217: Philadelphia American 218: Detroit American 219: Washington American 220: Los Angeles American 221: Cincinnati American 222: Cleveland American 223: St. Louis American 224: Pittsburgh American 225: New York American 226: Philadelphia American 227: Detroit American 228: Washington American 229: Los Angeles American 230: Cincinnati American 231: Cleveland American 232: St. Louis American 233: Pittsburgh American 234: New York American 235: Philadelphia American 236: Detroit American 237: Washington American 238: Los Angeles American 239: Cincinnati American 240: Cleveland American 241: St. Louis American 242: Pittsburgh American 243: New York American 244: Philadelphia American 245: Detroit American 246: Washington American 247: Los Angeles American 248: Cincinnati American 249: Cleveland American 250: St. Louis American 251: Pittsburgh American 252: New York American 253: Philadelphia American 254: Detroit American 255: Washington American 256: Los Angeles American 257: Cincinnati American 258: Cleveland American 259: St. Louis American 260: Pittsburgh American 261: New York American 262: Philadelphia American 263: Detroit American 264: Washington American 265: Los Angeles American 266: Cincinnati American 267: Cleveland American 268: St. Louis American 269: Pittsburgh American 270: New York American 271: Philadelphia American 272: Detroit American 273: Washington American 274: Los Angeles American 275: Cincinnati American 276: Cleveland American 277: St. Louis American 278: Pittsburgh American 279: New York American 280: Philadelphia American 281: Detroit American 282: Washington American 283: Los Angeles American 284: Cincinnati American 285: Cleveland American 286: St. Louis American 287: Pittsburgh American 288: New York American 289: Philadelphia American 290: Detroit American 291: Washington American 292: Los Angeles American 293: Cincinnati American 294: Cleveland American 295: St. Louis American 296: Pittsburgh American 297: New York American 298: Philadelphia American 299: Detroit American 300: Washington American 301: Los Angeles American 302: Cincinnati American 303: Cleveland American 304: St. Louis American 305: Pittsburgh American 306: New York American 307: Philadelphia American 308: Detroit American 309: Washington American 310